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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:12:56 ON 11 AUG 2003
=> file biosis,caba,caplus,embase,japio,lifesci,medline,scisearch,uspatfull
=> e class reiner/au
       1 CLASS RAINER/AU
E1
           CLASS RANDY/AU
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E3
       32 --> CLASS REINER/AU
E4
       1 CLASS REINER J W/AU
E5
           CLASS REINER JOSEPH/AU
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E9
       1 CLASS S M/AU
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           CLASS STEVEN/AU
        1 CLASS STEVEN J/AU
E11
           CLASS STUDY GROUP/AU
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       34 ("CLASS REINER"/AU OR "CLASS REINER J W"/AU OR "CLASS REINER
       JOSEPH"/AU)
=> dup rem 11
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L1
        25 DUP REM L1 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> d bib ab 1-
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 25 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y
L2 ANSWER 1 OF 25 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:24144 USPATFULL
TI Therapeutic, prophylactic, and diagnostic agent for cancer, useful for
   characterizing cancer cells with individual properties
   Zeppezauer, Michael, Scheidt, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF
   Leinenbach, Hans-Peter, Tholey, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF
      ***Class, Reiner***, Drexel Hill, PA, UNITED STATES
   Fassbender, Cordula, Koln, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF
PI US 2003017987
                    A1 20030123
AI US 2002-238726 A1 20020911 (10)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-402468, filed on 12 Oct 1999, PENDING A
   371 of International Ser. No. WO 1998-EP2112, filed on 9 Apr 1998,
   UNKNOWN
PRAI DE 1997-19715149 19970411
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP BACON & THOMAS, PLLC, 625 SLATERS LANE, FOURTH FLOOR, ALEXANDRIA, VA,
   22314
CLMN Number of Claims: 44
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 579
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
    A therapeutic or prophylactic agent for cancer is disclosed which
   damages the membrane and kills cancer cells, in particular of the
   blood-forming system, having membrane protein aggregates which contain
   several core histones or largely core-like histones and/or their parts.
   The therapeutic or prophylactic agent contains at least one pure histone
   or its active sequence section selected from the group composed of
   histone H1, H1 subtypes, H2A, H2B, H2A:H2B dimer, H3 and H4, covalent
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modified histones of the above-mentioned type and/or their active sections and functionally and structurally similar proteins (protamines, histone-like proteins of prokaryotic and archae bacteria).

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 1

AN 2003:151458 BIOSIS

DN PREV200300151458

TI Radiation enhancement by gemcitabine-mediated cell cycle modulations.

AU Mose, Stephan (1); ***Class, Reiner***; Weber, Hans-Walter; Rahn, Angelika; Brady, Luther W.; Boettcher, Heinz D.

CS (1) Department of Radiation Oncology, Johann Wolfgang Goethe-University, Theodor-Stern-Kai 7, D-60590, Frankfurt/Main, Germany Germany

SO American Journal of Clinical Oncology, (February 2003, 2003) Vol. 26, No. 1, pp. 60-69. print.

ISSN: 0277-3732.

DT Article

LA English

AB The purpose of this study was to investigate the exact dose dependency and time dependency of the radiation-enhancing effect of gemcitabine (2',2'difluoro desoxycytidine (dFdC)) in in vitro experiments (HeLa cells: cancer of the uterine cervix, 4197 cells: oropharyngeal squamous cell carcinoma), and to correlate this effect with the underlying changes in cell cycle distribution. Cell viability was determined fluorometrically after exposure to dFdC (0-20.0 mumol/l), irradiation (0-37.5 Gy), and both modalities. Combining both therapies, cells were exposed to dFdC (0-10.0 mumol/l) for 24 hours before further treatment and irradiated (0-30 Gy) immediately afterwards with or without removal of dFdC. For cell cycle analysis by flow cytometry, cells were irradiated (0-40 Gy) or treated with dFdC (0.012-1.0 mumol/l, 24-48 hours). Additionally, cells were exposed to dFdC (2.0 mumol/l, 0-4 hours). Cell cycle kinetics were evaluated using bromodeoxyuridine (BrdU) (10 mumol/l) S-phase labeling, given either 30 minutes before or in the last hour of dFdC treatment (2.0 mumol/1, 0-6 hours). The fluorometric assay revealed that dFdC enhances radiation-induced cytotoxicity at marginally toxic or nontoxic concentrations (<37 nmol/l). Radiation resulted in the anticipated G2/M arrest already at 2 Gy. DFdC induced concentration and exposure time-dependent cell cycle changes that were better resolved using BrdU, demonstrating a pronounced S-phase arrest already at 12 nmol/l. BrdU-pulse labeling revealed that the cell cycle block occurred at the G1/S boundary. Our data reconfirm the already known radiation enhancement, the S-phase specific activities of dFdC, and the relevance of the synchronized progression of cells through the S-phase with regard to the radiosensitizing properties of low-dose dFdC. However, we could demonstrate that before progressing in the S-phase, cells were blocked and partially synchronized at the more radiosensitive G1/S boundary. Furthermore, cells progressing past the block might accumulate proapoptotic signals caused by both radiation and dFdC, which will also results in cell death.

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 2002:675811 CAPLUS

DN 137:195614

TI Compositions and methods for preventing platelet aggregation comprising histones

IN ***Class, Reiner***; Soslau, Gerald; Zeppezauer, Michael

PA Philadelphia, Health and Education Corporation, USA; Symbiotec G.m.b.H.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 2002067907 A1 20020906 WO 2002-US5157 20020222

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRAI US 2001-270759P P 20010222

AB Compns. and methods for preventing platelet aggregation and treating cardiovascular disease via histone compds. are provided. An assay for platelet aggregation using angonist and antagonist is described.

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L2 ANSWER 4 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 2

AN 2003:73618 BIOSIS

DN PREV200300073618

TI Radioiodinated (I-125) monoclonal antibody 425 in the treatment of high grade glioma patients: Ten-year synopsis of a novel treatment.

AU Emrich, Jacqueline G. (1); Brady, Luther W.; Quang, Tony S.; ***Class,***

*** Reiner***; Miyamoto, Curtis; Black, Perry; Rodeck, Ulrich

CS (1) Department of Radiation Oncology, College of Medicine, Drexel University, 245 North 15th Street, Mail Stop 200, Philadelphia, PA,

19102-1192, USA USA SO American Journal of Clinical Oncology, (December 2002, 2002) Vol. 25, No. 6, pp. 541-546. print.

DT Article

ISSN: 0277-3732.

LA English

AB The present report is the follow-up of patients enrolled in a phase II clinical trial using 125I-MAb 425 as an adjuvant treatment for high grade gliomas. Patient median survivals support published data from an earlier preliminary report. From January 29, 1987 to January 25, 1997, 180 patients diagnosed with astrocytoma with anaplastic foci (AAF) and glioblastoma multiforme (GBM) were treated as outpatients with an average of three weekly intravenous or intraarterial injections of radiolabeled MAb 425. The mean dose was 140 mCi (5.2 GBq). Only one patient who received a single dose of more than 60 mCi (2.2 GBq) experienced acute toxicity. Patients received prior surgery and radiation therapy, with and without chemotherapy. Overall median survival for patients with GBM and AAF was 13.4 and 50.9 months, respectively, with Karnofsky Performance

Status (KPS) ranging from 40 to 100 and age ranging from 11 to 75 years. Prognostic factors (KPS and age) correlated positively with increased survival, with KPS the most important determinant of median survival. Data analysis was performed on patients followed 5 years or longer. We conclude that the administration of 125I-MAb 425 with intensive medical management demonstrates a significant increase in median survival and should be considered a therapeutic regimen for the management of patients with high grade gliomas.

L2 ANSWER 5 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 3

AN 2002:230496 BIOSIS

DN PREV200200230496

TI [Combination of radiotherapy and Gemcitabine: Evaluation of clinical data based on experimental results.

Original Title: Kombination von Radiotherapie und Gemcitabine: Bewertung der klinischen Daten auf der Basis experimenteller Erkenntnisse..

- AU Mose, Stephan (1); ***Class, Reiner***; Weber, Hans-Walter; Oszvald, Agi; Rahn, Angelika; Brady, Luther W.; Boettcher, Heinz-D.
- CS (1) Klinik fuer Strahlentherapie, Johann-Wolfgang-Goethe-Universitaet, Theodor-Stern-Kai 7, 60590, Frankfurt/Main: S.Mose@vff.uni-frankfurt.de Germany
- SO Strahlentherapie und Onkologie, (Februar, 2002) Vol. 178, No. 2, pp. 59-70. print. ISSN: 0179-7158.

DT Article

LA German

AB Background: In experimental studies that nucleoside analog Gemcitabine (2',2' difluorodesoxycytidine) clearly demonstrates radiation enhancing properties. After describing the pharmacological Gemcitabine-related data and the clinical studies regarding combined radiochemotherapy and taking under consideration the in-vitro data and the results provided by animal models, this overview is aimed to draw clinically relevant conclusions, resulting in the improvement of treatment approaches. Materials and Methods: The available literature data regarding the metabolism and the mechanism of action, the evaluation of possible schedules of administration, and combined radiochemotherapy including Gemcitabine has been reviewed. Publications reporting experimental data in vitro and in vivo as well as our own experimental results have been incorporated. Results: In clinical phase I and II studies, the favorable tumor response is accompanied by a high incidence of grade III-IV toxicities whereby the maximum-tolerated dose (MTD) of the various schedules of administration used is always lower compared to the MTD of single-agent treatment. In in-vitro and in-vivo data addressing the description and the evaluation of the radiation enhancing mechanism (especially influence on cell cycle, depletion of the dATP pool, induction of apoptosis, inhibition of DNA synthesis, reduction of DNA repair) this effect is already observed with non and moderately toxic Gemcitabine concentrations and depends on drug concentration and exposure time. Independent of the fractionation effect of radiotherapy, the radiation enhancement is persistent for at most 72 hours after the end of drug exposure. Taking under consideration the single dose per day and the target volume, a prolonged infusion and/or a twice-weekly administration of Gemcitabine at low concentration each and simultaneous radiotherapy are presumably considered to resemble the experimental data. Conclusion: It is without doubt that data provided by

clinical studies are of highest relevance for the evaluation of an optimized radiochemotherapy with Gemcitabine. However, although it is often difficult to transfer experimental data into the clinical situation, these data offer the possibility to develop an improved schedule of administration in patient treatment based on rational evidence in tumor biology.

L2 ANSWER 6 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 2003:335570 BIOSIS

DN PREV200300335570

Tl Differential Activation and Inhibition of Human Platelet Thrombin Receptors by Structurally Distinct Alpha-, Beta- and Gamma-Thrombins.

AU Soslau, Gerald (1); Goldenberg, Seth J. (1); ***Class, Reiner (1)***; Jameson, Bradford (1)

CS (1) Biochemistry, Drexel Univ Coll of Medicine, Phila, PA, USA USA

SO Blood, (November 16 2002) Vol. 100, No. 11, pp. Abstract No. 970. print. Meeting Info.: 44th Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology Philadelphia, PA, USA December 06-10, 2002 American Society of Hematology . ISSN: 0006-4971.

DT Conference

LA English

AB The development of drugs to neutralize the action of thrombin has to date focused on the alpha form of the protease. It is generally agreed that inactive prothrombin is proteolytically converted to active alpha-thrombin which may be further hydrolyzed to beta- and gamma-thrombin. While all three forms of the enzyme retain catalytic activities only alpha-thrombin is presumed to be physiologically important. The beta- and gamma-thrombin are presumed to be degradation products of no physiological significance. Our demonstration that beta- and gamma-thrombin selectively activate PAR-4 in this and a previous report (J. Biol. Chem. 276, 21173-21183, 2001) necessitates a reevaluation of how we view their physiological role and how we approach the pharmacological regulation of their actions. beta-Thombin, like gamma-thrombin, at nM levels selectively activates PAR-4. This was demonstrated by full retention of aggregatory activity with platelets whose PAR-1 and GP Ib receptors were inactivated. Furthermore, the beta-thombin response was abrogated by desensitizing platelets with suboptimal levels of the thrombin receptor activating peptide for PAR-4 (TRAP-4). alpha-Thrombin is rapidly converted to betaand gamma-thrombin by activated factor X at physiological pH, in vitro. This implies that the same may hold true in vivo in the proper microenvironment. The differential activation of the three platelet thrombin receptors by alpha-, beta- and gamma-thrombin implies selective structural variations between these thrombin species. This would also account for the marked differential response to the antithrombotics, heparin and hirudin, which are found to be poor inhibitors of beta- and gamma-thrombin-induced platelet aggregation. Histone-1 selectively inhibits beta- and gamma-thrombin with no effect on alpha-thrombin. However, histone-1 appears to function primarily at the receptor level of PAR-4 rather than on the thrombin molecule. Since trypsin, like beta- and gamma-thrombin, activates PAR-4 and is also inactive with TRAP-4 desensitized platelets it was hypothesized that the crystalline structure of gamma-thrombin would be more like that of trypsin than alpha-thrombin. The analysis of the crystalline structures of alpha-, gamma-thrombin and trypsin confirm that this is the case. It is further postulated that the physiologic activator of PAR-2 may be beta- and gamma-thrombin since it,

like PAR-4, can be activated by trypsin. These findings should help to elucidate structure-function relationships of the different thrombins and may aid in the development of new antithrombotic drugs.

L2 ANSWER 7 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

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AN 2001:115183 CAPLUS
DN 134:168376
TI Antimicrobial histone H1 compositions, kits, and methods of use thereof
   ***Class, Reiner***; Zeppezauer, Michael
PA Symbiotec Gm.b.H., Germany; Philadelphia Health and Education Corp.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.
  CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
                                    APPLICATION NO. DATE
  PATENT NO.
                  KIND DATE
PI WO 2001010901 A2 20010215
                                     WO 2000-US21747 20000809
  WO 2001010901
                   A3 20010809
  WO 2001010901 C2 20020912
     W: CA, JP, US
    RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
       PT, SE
                                   US 1999-372500 19990811
  US 2001046976 A1 20011129
  US 6565854
                 B2 20030520
                 A2 20020502
                                  EP 2000-957347 20000809
  EP 1200463
    R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
       IE, FI, CY
PRAI US 1999-372500 A 19990811
  US 1998-96382P P 19980813
  WO 2000-US21747 W 20000809
AB The invention includes antibiotic pharmaceutical compns. comprising
  eukaryotic histone H1 protein and methods of using eukaryotic histone H1
  protein to kill or to inhibit the growth of microorganisms, including, but
  not limited to, human pathogenic bacteria. The invention further includes
  a eukaryotic histone H1-contg. animal feed and methods of improving growth
  of an animal by supplying the feed to the animal. The invention still
  further includes a kit comprising a eukaryotic histone H1-contg.
  antibiotic pharmaceutical compn. and an instructional material which
  describes the use of the compn. In addn., the invention includes a
  vaccine comprising a eukaryotic histone H1 protein and a method of
  vaccinating an animal using the vaccine.
L2 ANSWER 8 OF 25 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2001:218486 USPATFULL
TI ANTIMICROBIAL HISTONE H1 COMPOSITIONS, KITS, AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF
      ***CLASS, REINER J. W.***, DREXEL HILL, PA, United States
   HAND, CHRISTOPHER M., WAYNE, PA, United States
   US 2001046976
                     A1 20011129
                   B2 20030520
   US 6565854
AI US 1999-372500 A1 19990811 (9)
PRAI US 1998-96382P
                        19980813 (60)
DT
     Utility
    APPLICATION
LREP AKIN, GUMP, STRAUSS, HAUER & FELD, L.L.P., ONE COMMERCE SQUARE, 2005
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MARKET STREET, SUITE 2200, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103

CLMN Number of Claims: 20 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 9 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1443

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention includes antibiotic pharmaceutical compositions comprising eukaryotic histone H1 protein and methods of using eukaryotic histone H1 protein to kill or to inhibit the growth of microorganisms, including, but not limited to, human pathogenic bacteria. The invention further includes a eukaryotic histone H1-containing animal feed and methods of improving growth of an animal by supplying the feed to the animal. The invention still further includes a kit comprising a eukaryotic histone H1-containing antibiotic pharmaceutical composition and an instructional material which describes the use of the composition. In addition, the invention includes a vaccine comprising a eukaryotic histone H1 protein and a method of vaccinating an animal using the vaccine.

L2 ANSWER 9 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN **DUPLICATE 4**

AN 2001:406252 BIOSIS

DN PREV200100406252

TI Unique pathway of thrombin-induced platelet aggregation mediated by glycoprotein Ib.

AU Soslau, Gerald (1); ***Class, Reiner***; Morgan, Doris A.; Foster, Carolyn; Lord, Susan T.; Marchese, Patrizia; Ruggeri, Zaverio M.

CS (1) Biochemistry, IMS, MCP Hahnemann University, 245 N. 15th St., Philadelphia, PA, 19102 USA

SO Journal of Biological Chemistry, (June 15, 2001) Vol. 276, No. 24, pp. 21173-21183. print.

ISSN: 0021-9258.

DT Article

LA English

SL English

AB Thrombin plays a central role in normal and abnormal hemostatic processes. It is assumed that alpha-thrombin activates platelets by hydrolyzing the protease-activated receptor (PAR)-1, thereby exposing a new N-terminal sequence, a tethered ligand, which initiates a cascade of molecular reactions leading to thrombus formation. This process involves cross-linking of adjacent platelets mediated by the interaction of activated glycoprotein (GP) IIb/IIIa with distinct amino acid sequences, LGGAKQAGDV and/or RGD, at each end of dimeric fibringen molecules. We demonstrate here the existence of a second alpha-thrombin-induced platelet-activating pathway, dependent on GP Ib, which does not require hydrolysis of a substrate receptor, utilizes polymerizing fibrin instead of fibrinogen, and can be inhibited by the Fab fragment of the monoclonal antibody LJIb-10 bound to the GP Ib thrombin-binding site or by the cobra venom metalloproteinase, mocarhagin, that hydrolyzes the extracellular portion of GP Ib. This alternative alpha-thrombin pathway is observed when PAR-1 or GP IIb/IIIa is inhibited. The recognition sites involved in the cross-linking of polymerizing fibrin and surface integrins via the GP Ib pathway are different from those associated with fibrinogen. This pathway is insensitive to RGDS and anti-GP IIb/IIIa antibodies but reactive with a mutant fibrinogen, gamma407, with a deletion of the gamma-chain sequence, AGDV. The reaction is not due to simple trapping of platelets by the

fibrin clot, since ligand binding, signal transduction, and second messenger formation are required. The GP Ib pathway is accompanied by mobilization of internal calcium and the platelet release reaction. This latter aspect is not observed with ristocetin-induced GP Ib-von Willebrand factor agglutination nor with GP lb-von Willebrand factor-polymerizing fibrin trapping of platelets. Human platelets also respond to gamma-thrombin, an autoproteolytic product of alpha-thrombin, through PAR-4. Co-activation of the GP lb, PAR-1, and PAR-4 pathways elicit synergistic responses. The presence of the GP Ib pathway may explain why anti-alpha-thrombin/anti-platelet regimens fail to completely abrogate thrombosis/restenosis in the cardiac patient.

L2 ANSWER 10 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 2001:255186 BIOSIS

DN PREV200100255186

TI The three thrombin receptors on human platelets respond differentially to alpha-, beta-, and gamma-thrombin.

AU Soslau, Gerald (1); Goldenberg, Seth J. (1); ***Class, Reiner (1)***

CS (1) MCPHahnemann Univ, 245 N 15th Street, Philadelphia, PA, 19102-1192 USA

SO FASEB Journal, (March 8, 2001) Vol. 15, No. 5, pp. A896. print. Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology on Experimental Biology 2001 Orlando, Florida, USA March 31-April 04, 2001 ISSN: 0892-6638.

DT Conference

LA English

SL English

AB Cardiovascular diseases remain the leading cause of death in the USA despite the availability of clinically employed anti-thrombotic and anti-platelet drugs. The presumption that alpha-thrombin and the platelet fibrinogen receptor, GP IIb/IIIa, are the two targets in coagulation and platelet aggregation pathways that need to be inhibited to fully regulate hemostasis and thrombosis needs to be revisited. We have found that the controversially defined thrombin receptor, GP Ib, is activated by alpha-thrombin via a pathway that is insensitive to GP IIb/IIIa inhibitors. The GP Ib pathway is readily detected when PAR-1 is blocked. Aggregation under these conditions is inhibited by the anti-GP Ib antibody, LJ Ib-10, or by the cobra venom metalloproteinase, mocarhagin, that hydrolyzes off the extracellular portion of GP Ib. Furthermore, three active forms of thrombin exist with alpha-thrombin being the major player, however, the two actoproteolytic products, beta- and gamma-thrombin are potentially significant contributors to hemostasis as well. These three thrombins function differentially at the three platelet thrombin receptors, GP Ib, PAR-1 and PAR-4, and also respond differently to thrombin inhibitors. At 0.1-10nM levels of thrombins, PAR-4 can only be activated by gamma-thrombin while GP Ib and PAR-1 are insensitive to gamma-thrombin, but both respond to alpha-thrombin. Beta-thrombin appears to be more selective for PAR-1. Gamma-thrombin/PAR-4 is inhibited stoichiometrically by histone-1 while alpha- and beta-thrombins and their receptors are insensitive. The three thrombin species display different sensitivities to heparin. Gamma-thrombin is totally insensitive to hirudin while alpha- and beta-thrombins are completely inhibited. These thrombin species can function synergistically and some individuals also appear to possess varying levels of the three thrombin receptors. It is likely that these disparate properties along with differential responses to drugs

could account for continued coronary disease processes even in the light of aggressive therapy regimens.

L2 ANSWER 11 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 5

AN 2000:200404 BIOSIS

DN PREV200000200404

TI Rapid expansion of recycling stem cells in cultures of plastic-adherent cells from human bone marrow.

AU Colter, David C.; ***Class, Reiner***; DiGirolamo, Carla M.; Prockop, Darwin J. (1)

CS (1) Center for Gene Therapy, MCP Hahnemann University, 245 North 15 Street, 10118 New College Building, Philadelphia, PA, 19102-1192 USA

SO Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, (March 28, 2000) Vol. 97, No. 7, pp. 3213-3218. ISSN: 0027-8424.

DT Article

LA English

SL English

AB Cultures of plastic-adherent cells from bone marrow have attracted interest because of their ability to support growth of hematopoietic stem cells, their multipotentiality for differentiation, and their possible use for cell and gene therapy. Here we found that the cells grew most rapidly when they were initially plated at low densities (1.5 or 3.0 cells/cm2) to generate single-cell derived colonies. The cultures displayed a lag phase of about 5 days, a log phase of rapid growth of about 5 days, and then a stationary phase. FACS analysis demonstrated that stationary cultures contained a major population of large and moderately granular cells and a minor population of small and agranular cells here referred to as recycling stem cells or RS-1 cells. During the lag phase, the RS-1 cells gave rise to a new population of small and densely granular cells (RS-2) cells). During the late log phase, the RS-2 cells decreased in number and regenerated the pool of RS-1 cells found in stationary cultures, In repeated passages in which the cells were plated at low density, they were amplified about 109-fold in 6 wk. The cells retained their ability to generate single-cell derived colonies and therefore apparently retained their multipotentiality for differentiation.

L2 ANSWER 12 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 2000:275520 BIOSIS

DN PREV200000275520

TI Formation of a lethal membrane complex caused by selective binding of histone H1 to leukemia cells membranes.

AU ***Class, Reiner Joseph (1)***; Zeppezauer, Michael; Weber, Hans-Walter Albert; Brady, Luther W.

CS (1) MCP Hahnemann Univ, Philadelphia, PA USA

SO Proceedings of the American Association for Cancer Research Annual Meeting, (March, 2000) No. 41, pp. 755-756. print..

Meeting Info.: 91st Annual Meeting of the American Association for Cancer Research. San Francisco, California, USA April 01-05, 2000 ISSN: 0197-016X.

DT Conference

LA English

SL English

L2 ANSWER 13 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 2000:128305 BIOSIS

DN PREV200000128305

TI Influence of vortex speed on fresh versus stored platelet aggregation in the absence and presence of extracellular ATP.

AU Soslau, Gerald (1); Schechner, Adam J.; Alcasid, Patrick J.; ***Class, ***

*** Reiner***

CS (1) MCP Hahnemann School of Medicine, 245 North 15th Street, Philadelphia, PA, 19102-1192 USA

SO Thrombosis Research, (Jan. 15, 2000) Vol. 97, No. 2, pp. 15-27. ISSN: 0049-3848.

DT Article

LA English

SL English

AB Platelets are subjected to vastly differing shear forces under laminar and nonlaminar flow patterns throughout the tortuous cardiovascular system. Different activation pathways appear to be associated with platelet adhesion and aggregation under high shear rates vs. low shear rates. We found that platelets continue to aggregate at very low stirring rates (100 RPM) and low shear forces although significantly less than at high stirring rates (1000 RPM). These conditions may model vortices encountered in vivo, such as downstream of partially occluded blood vessels. The extent of agonist-induced platelet aggregation, at varying stir rates, remained essentially unchanged between 1200 and 600 RPM. This was true for both freshly prepared and stored platelets even though the extent of aggregation was significantly reduced with stored platelets. Agonists used were thrombin, thrombin receptor activating peptide (TRAP), SFLLRNP, the thromboxane A2 mimetic, U46619, plus epinephrine and ADP+epinephrine. At lower stir rates (100-400 RPM), little or no difference in aggregation levels was observed between fresh and stored platelets, depending upon agonist used. This may indicate that old and young platelets, in vivo, would be equally active at vessel walls exposed to blood flowing through a slow vortex at low shear rates. ATP, released from activated platelets, may act as a potent regulator of platelet aggregation within a vortex where the resident time of platelets and bioactive molecules is greater than in laminar flow regions. High levels of extracellular ATP (100 muM) inhibited agonist-induced aggregation of fresh platelets to a greater extent than stored platelets, except with ADP+epinephrine where the converse was observed. Inhibition, in general, appeared to be inversely related to stir rates. Low levels of extracellular ATP (10 nM, 1 muM) generally stimulated agonist-induced aggregations independent of stir rates and to a greater extent with stored platelets than fresh platelets. Unraveling how hemostasis functions within microenvironments may facilitate ways to further regulate this process.

L2 ANSWER 14 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 6

AN 1999:228049 BIOSIS

DN PREV199900228049

TI A central role of Bcl-xL in the regulation of keratinocyte survival by autocrine EGFR ligands.

AU Jost, Monika; ***Class, Reiner***; Kari, Csaba; Jensen, Pamela J.; Rodeck, Ulrich (1)

CS (1) Department of Dermatology and Cutaneous Biology, Thomas Jefferson University, 233 S 10th Street, BLSB Room 319, Philadelphia, PA, 19107 USA

SO Journal of Investigative Dermatology, (April, 1999) Vol. 112, No. 4, pp. 443-449.

ISSN: 0022-202X.

DT Article

LA English

SL English

AB The epidermal growth factor receptor has multiple roles in epidermal biology relating to growth, migration, and, as shown recently, survival of keratinocytes. In cultured keratinocytes activation of the epidermal growth factor receptor upregulates expression of Bcl-xL, an anti-apoptotic Bcl-2 homolog. The functional contribution of epidermal growth factor receptor-dependent Bcl-xL expression to keratinocyte survival is poorly understood. Here we demonstrate that inhibition of the epidermal growth factor receptor tyrosine kinase activity with either an epidermal growth factor receptor antagonistic monoclonal antibody (MoAb 425) or an epidermal growth factor receptor-selective tyrosine kinase inhibitor (AG 1478) downregulated Bcl-xL expression in normal human keratinocytes but had no effect on expression of the pro-apoptotic Bcl-2 homologs Bad, Bak, and Bax. Bovine pituitary extract and insulin partially alleviated both, downregulation of Bcl-xL expression and cell death upon epidermal growth factor receptor inhibition. Forced expression of Bcl-xL attenuated cell death of immortalized keratinocytes (HaCaT) induced by either forced suspension (anoikis) or by epidermal growth factor receptor blockade. These results demonstrate that epidermal growth factor receptor-dependent signaling pathways control the balance of pro-apoptotic and anti-apoptotic Bcl-2 family members expressed in normal keratinocytes. Inappropriate survival supported by aberrant signaling through the epidermal growth factor receptor may contribute to the pathogenesis of psoriasis and of squamous cell carcinomas.

L2 ANSWER 15 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 2000:41540 BIOSIS

DN PREV200000041540

TI Propagation and senescence of human marrow stromal cells in culture: A simple colony-forming assay identifies samples with the greatest potential to propagate and differentiate.

AU DiGirolamo, Carla M.; Stokes, David; Colter, David; Phinney, Donald G.; ***Class, Reiner***; Prockop, Darwin J. (1)

CS (1) Center for Gene Therapy, MCP Hahnemann University, 245 North 15 Street, 10118 NCB, Philadelphia, PA, 19102-1192 USA

SO British Journal of Haematology, (Nov., 1999) Vol. 107, No. 2, pp. 275-281. ISSN: 0007-1048.

DT Article

LA English

SL English

AB Marrow stromal cells (MSCs) were isolated from bone marrow obtained by aspirates of the iliac crest of normal volunteers. The cells were isolated by their adherence to plastic and then passed in culture. Some of the samples expanded through over 15 cell doublings from the time frozen stocks were prepared. Others ceased replicating after about four cell doublings. The replicative potential of the cells in culture was best predicted by a simple colony-forming assay in which samples from early passages were plated at low densities of about 10 cells per cm2. Samples with high colony-forming efficiency exhibited the greatest replicative potential. The colonies obtained by plating early passage cells at low

density varied in size and morphology. The large colonies readily differentiated into osteoblasts and adipocytes when incubated in the appropriate medium. As samples were expanded in culture and approached senescence, they retained their ability to differentiate into osteoblasts. However, the cells failed to differentiate into adipocytes. The loss of multipotentiality following serial passage in culture may have important implications for the use of expanded MSCs for cell and gene therapy.

L2 ANSWER 16 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 7

AN 1998:487847 CAPLUS

DN 129:90476

TI Therapeutic method using synergistic combination of cytostatic agent and histone for treatment of carcinoma or autoimmune diseases

IN Zeppezauer, Michael; ***Class, Reiner***

PA Allegheny University of the Health Sciences, USA

SO U.S., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,578,571.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI US 5780432 A 19980714 US 1996-755147 19961122

US 5578571 A 19961126

PRAI US 1990-635709 19901228

US 1994-310378

19940922

DE 1990-4000154

19900104

AB A therapeutic method for treatment of carcinoma or autoimmune diseases of a patient is provided which includes administering a biol. active compn. comprising a therapeutically acceptable carrier and, in a quantity having a therapeutic effect, two active substances comprising a pure cytostatic drug as the first active substance and a biol. active pure histone selected from the group consisting of H1, H2A, H2B, H2A:H2B, and H3 as the second active substance, providing a synergistic action of both of said active substances at a site of pathogenic process.

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

US 1994-310378 19940922

L2 ANSWER 17 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1998:701017 CAPLUS

DN 129:298380

TI Histones for use as targeted antitumor agents in leukemia

IN Zeppezauer, Michael; Leinenbach, Hans-Peter; ***Class, Reiner***; Fassbender, Cordula

PA Symbiotec Gesellschaft zur Forschung und Entwicklung auf dem Gebiet der Biot, Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 10 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

W: AU, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, JP, KR, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RU, SK, TR, UA, US, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT. SE AU 1998-83110 19980409 AU 9883110 A1 19981111 EP 973541 A1 20000126 EP 1998-919254 19980409 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO JP 2000512311 T2 20000919 JP 1998-542074 19980409 US 2003017987 A1 20030123 US 2002-238726 20020911 PRAI DE 1997-19715149 A 19970411 WO 1998-EP2112 W 19980409 US 1999-402468 A1 19991012

AB An antitumor agent is disclosed for damaging cell membranes and killing cancer cells, esp. leukemia cells, by targeting of membrane-fixed receptors consisting of protein aggregates contg. several core histones or core-like histones and/or their parts. The agent comprises at least a pure histone or its active segment sequence, i.e., histone H1, the pure H1 subtypes, histones H2A, H2B, and H2A:H2B dimer, and histones H3 and H4, which can cross-link the protein aggregates into larger superstructures.

L2 ANSWER 18 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 8

AN 1998:132318 BIOSIS

DN PREV199800132318

- TI Marrow stromal cells as a source of progenitor cells for nonhematopoietic tissues in transgenic mice with a phenotype of osteogenesis imperfecta.
- AU Pereira, Ruth F.; O'Hara, Michael D.; Laptev, Alexey V.; Halford, Kenneth W.; Pollard, Marea D.; ***Class, Reiner***; Simon, Daniela; Livezey, Kristin; Prockop, Darwin J. (1)
- CS (1) Cent. Gene Therapy, Allegheny Univ. Health Sci., 245 N. 15 St., 10118 NCB, Mail Stop 421, Philadelphia, PA 19102-1192 USA
- SO Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, (Feb. 3, 1998) Vol. 95, No. 3, pp. 1142-1147. ISSN: 0027-8424.

DT Article

LA English

AB Marrow stromal cells from wild-type mice were infused into transgenic mice that had a phenotype of fragile bones resembling osteogenesis imperfecta because they expressed a human minigene for type I collagen. In mice that were irradiated with potentially lethal levels (700 cGy) or sublethal levels (350 cGy), DNA from the donor marrow stromal cells was detected consistently in marrow, bone, cartilage, and lung either 1 or 2.5 mo after the infusions. The DNA also was detected but less frequently in the spleen, brain, and skin. There was a small but statistically significant increase in both collagen content and mineral content of bone 1 mo after the infusion. Similar results were obtained with infusion of relatively large amounts of wild-type whole marrow cells into the transgenic mice. In experiments in which male marrow stromal cells were infused into a female osteogenesis imperfecta-transgenic mouse, fluorescense in situ hybridization assays for the Y chromosome indicated that, after 2.5 mo, donor male cells accounted for 4-19% of the fibroblasts or fibroblast-like cells obtained in primary cultures of the lung, calvaria, cartilage, long bone, tail, and skin. In a parallel experiment in which whole marrow cells from a male mouse were infused into a female immunodeficient rag-2 mouse,

donor male cells accounted for 4-6% of the fibroblasts or fibroblast-like cells in primary cultures. The results support previous suggestions that marrow stromal cells or related cells in marrow serve as a source for continula renewal of cells or related cells in marrow serve as a source for continual renewal of cells in a number of nonhematopoietic tissues.

L2 ANSWER 19 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 1998:61209 BIOSIS

DN PREV199800061209

TI Thrombopoietin (Tpo) recruits a subpopulation of cord blood progenitors into megakaryocytopoiesis.

AU Morgan, Doris Anne (1); ***Class, Reiner***; Ross, Douglas

CS (1) Dep. Med., Allegheny Univ. Health Sci., Philadelphia, PA USA

SO Blood, (Nov. 15, 1997) Vol. 90, No. 10 SUPPL. 1 PART 2, pp. 149B. Meeting Info.: Thirty-ninth Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology San Diego, California, USA December 5-9, 1997 The American Society of Hematology

. ISSN: 0006-4971.

DT Conference

LA English

L2 ANSWER 20 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 9

AN 1997:208806 BIOSIS

DN PREV199799508009

TI Biodistribution of 125I-MAb 425 in a human glioma xenograft model: Effect of chloroquine.

AU Emrich, Jacqueline G. (1); Hand, Christopher M.; Dilling, Thomas J.; ***Class, Reiner***; Bender, Hans; Brady, Luther W.

CS (1) Allegheny Univ. Health Sci., Mail Stop 102, Broad and Vine Sts., Philadelphia, PA 19102-1192 USA

SO Hybridoma, (1997) Vol. 16, No. 1, pp. 93-100. ISSN: 0272-457X.

DT Article

LA English

AB Chloroquine has been shown to increase the cellular retention and nuclear incorporation of 125I-labeled monoclonal antibody (MAb) 425, a murine anti-epidermal growth factor receptor monoclonal antibody, in human high-grade glioma cells in vitro. The objective of this study was to examine the effect of chloroquine on the biodistribution of 125I-MAb 425 in an intracerebral xenogeneic transplant of glioma cells. Nude rats were stereotaxically implanted in the right hemisphere with A1207 human high-grade glioma cells. After 14 days, animals were injected i.v. with chloroquine (40 mg/kg) followed 2 h later by an 125I-MAb 425 (9 MEBq) infusion. Tissue distributions were performed up to 168 h post 125I-MAb 425 injection. From 24 to 168 h, tumor-to-contralateral left brain ratios increased from 9 to 15 for 125I-MAb 425 alone, and 7 to 13 for the 125I-MAb 425/chloroquine combination, respectively. A single administration of chloroquine did not result in any significant difference in radiolabeled MAb accumulation in either the tumor site or other tissues. We conclude that chloroquine did not increase the amount of 125I-MAb 425 into the tumor; however, it is safe to administer i.v. at the 40 mg/kg dose. Under these experimental conditions, the increased radioactive accumulation observed for in vitro data did not translate into similar in vivo results.

concentrations. Furthermore, 250 mu-g H1 injected into a Burkitt's lymphoma (Daudi), xenotransplanted into nude mice, arrested tumor growth. As shown by electron microscopy and flow cytometry, incubation of leukemia cells with H1 resulted in severe plasma membrane damage and ultimately cytolysis. This report characterizes a 33-kd protein that binds H1 and is responsible for the cell death via destruction of the cell membrane integrity. New extranuclear functions of histones are presented.

L2 ANSWER 23 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 1997:47009 BIOSIS

DN PREV199799346212

TI Leukemia-derived cell lines display surface protein ligand for histone H1: Histone H1 suppresses tumor growth of leukemia cells in vitro, ex vivo and in an animal model suggesting extracellular functions of histones.

AU ***Class, Reiner (1)***; Lindman, Sissel; Fassbender, Cordula (1); Leinenbach, Hans-Peter (1); Rawer, Stefan (1); Emrich, Jacqueline G.; Brady, Luther W.; Zeppezauer, Michael (1)

CS (1) Dep. Biochem., Univ. Saarland, D-66041 Saarbruecken Germany

SO Cellular and Molecular Biology (Noisy-Le-Grand), (1996) Vol. 42, No. CONGRESS SUPPL., pp. S25-S26.

Meeting Info.: 2nd World Congress of Cellular and Molecular Biology Ottawa, Ontario, Canada September 3-7, 1996

DT Conference; Abstract

LA English

L2 ANSWER 24 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 1996:3628 BIOSIS

DN PREV199698575763

TI Chloroquine improves targeted delivery of 125I-MAb 425 in a human glioma animal model.

AU Emrich, Jacqueline G. (1); Hand, Christopher M.; ***Class, Reiner***; Dilling, Thomas; Brady, Luther W.

CS (1) Dep. Radiation Oncology Nuclear Med., Med. Coll. Pa., Hahnemann Univ., Center City Campus, Philadelphia, PA 19102 USA

SO Pharmaceutical Research (New York), (1995) Vol. 12, No. 9 SUPPL., pp. S267.

Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the American Association of Pharmaceutical Scientists Miami Beach, Florida, USA November 5-9, 1995 ISSN: 0724-8741.

DT Conference

LA English

L2 ANSWER 25 OF 25 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 1995:348516 BIOSIS

DN PREV199598362816

TI Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor 425 Monoclonal Antibodies Radiolabeled with Iodine-125 in the Adjuvant Treatment of High-Grade Astrocytomas.

AU Snelling, Lesley; Miyamoto, Curtis T.; Bender, Hans; Brady, Luther W. (1); Steplewski, Zenon; ***Class, Reiner***; Emrich, Jacqueline; Rackover, Michael A.

CS (1) Dep. Radiation Oncol., Hahnemann Univ., Philadelphia, PA 19102 USA

SO Hybridoma, (1995) Vol. 14, No. 2, pp. 111-114. ISSN: 0272-457X.

DT Article

LA English

AB Fifty-nine patients with primary presentation of high-grade gliomas of the brain, 13 with astrocytomas with anaplastic foci and 46 with glioblastoma multiforme, were treated with surgical intervention and definitive postoperative radiation therapy followed by multiple intravenous administration of iodine-125-labeled monoclonal antibody-425, which binds specifically to human epidermal growth factor receptor. The total cumulative labeled antibody doses ranged from 40 to 296 mCi. The administration of the radiolabeled antibody was performed in most instances within 3 months following completion of the primary surgery and radiation therapy. No significant life-threatening toxicities were observed during the trial. At one year, 34 (58 %) of the 59 patients in the trial were alive. The median overall survival for both groups was 13.5 months.

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=> e zeppezauer michael/au
       387 ZEPPEZAUER M/AU
E1
E2
       7 ZEPPEZAUER M M/AU
E3
       138 --> ZEPPEZAUER MICHAEL/AU
E4
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E5
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E6
        3 ZEPPI C/AU
E7
        4 ZEPPI CLAUDIO/AU
E8
        2 ZEPPI R/AU
E9
           ZEPPIE C R/AU
        1
E10
        7
          ZEPPIERI A/AU
E11
           ZEPPIERI ANNA/AU
E12
           ZEPPIERI D J/AU
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=> s e1-e5 and (histone? or h1)
       69 ("ZEPPEZAUER M"/AU OR "ZEPPEZAUER M M"/AU OR "ZEPPEZAUER MICHAEL
L3
       "/AU OR "ZEPPEZAUER MICHAEL M"/AU OR "ZEPPEZUER M"/AU) AND (HIST
       ONE? OR H1)
=> dup rem 13
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3
       38 DUP REM L3 (31 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> d bib ab 1-
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 38 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y
L4 ANSWER 1 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1
AN 2003:590868 CAPLUS
TI Peptides for the production of preparations for the diagnosis and
  therapyof autoimmun diseases
IN ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Schonberger, Arno; Cebecauer, Ladislav
PA Germany
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 7 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 946,180.
  CODEN: USXXCO
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 3
  PATENT NO.
                 KIND DATE
                                  APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI US 2003144473 A1 20030731
                                  US 2001-988165 20011119
  US 6369203
              B1 20020409
                                US 1992-946180 19920916
  WO 2003044054 A2 20030530
                                  WO 2002-EP12955 20021119
    W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
      CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
      GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
      LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
      PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
      UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
      TJ, TM
    RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,
      CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
      PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
      NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 1992-946180 A2 19920916
  US 2001-988165 A 20011119
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AB Peptides are proposed with antigenic or immunogenic determinants, which result from autoantibodies in the body fluids of patients, who are suffering from autoimmun diseases, in particular diseases of the rheumatic group as systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), rheumatoid arthritis or systemic sclerosis. In the case of the peptides it is preferably a question of the C terminus of bovine ***histone*** ***H1*** with the sequence section 187-211 or corresponding human histon- ***H1*** -peptides of the sub-types ***H1*** .1, ***H1*** .2, ***H1*** .3, ***H1*** .4, ***H1*** .5 and ***H1*** .a and the N termini of ***histone*** H2B with the sequence sections 1-35 and 36-76, which are capable of cross reactions with the autoantibodies (anti- ***histone*** -antibodies). The invention furthermore provides ways of forming monoclonal antibodies and antiidiotypical antibodies, which are directed against autoantibodies. The diagnosis of autoimmun diseases is possible in accordance with the invention with a high degree of certainty and the monoclonal antibodies directed against the autoantibodies are suitable for the production of medicaments for the therapy of said diseases.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 2003:417777 CAPLUS

DN 139:5653

Tl ***Histone*** -derived peptides for diagnosis and therapy of autoimmune disease

 IN ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Schoenberger, Arno; Cebecauer, Ladislav
 PA Symbiotec Gesellschaft zur Erforschung und Entwicklung auf dem Gebiete der Biotechnology M.b.h., Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 3

PATENT NO. KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 2003044054 A2 20030530 WO 2002-EP12955 20021119 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2003144473 A1 20030731 US 2001-988165 20011119 PRAI US 2001-988165 A 20011119 US 1992-946180 A2 19920916

AB The authors disclose peptides which react with autoantibodies in the body fluids of patients, who are suffering from autoimmune diseases, in particular diseases of the rheumatic group as systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), rheumatoid arthritis or systemic sclerosis. The antigenic peptides are derived from the C-terminus of ***histone*** ***H1*** (bovine or human sub-types ***H1*** .1, ***H1*** .2, ***H1*** .3, ***H1*** .4, ***H1*** .5 and ***H1*** .a) and the N-termini of

histone H2B with the sequence section 1-35 and 36-76 and are capable of cross-reactions with the autoantibodies (anti- ***histone*** -antibodies). The invention furthermore provides ways of forming monoclonal antibodies and anti-idiotypic antibodies, which are directed against autoantibodies. The diagnosis of autoimmune peptides and diseases is possible in accordance with the invention with a high degree of certainty and the monoclonal antibodies directed against the autoantibodies are suitable for the prodn. of medicaments for the therapy of said diseases.

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 38 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:24144 USPATFULL

TI Therapeutic, prophylactic, and diagnostic agent for cancer, useful for characterizing cancer cells with individual properties

IN ***Zeppezauer, Michael***, Scheidt, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Leinenbach, Hans-Peter, Tholey, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Class, Reiner, Drexel Hill, PA, UNITED STATES Fassbender, Cordula, Koln, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF

PI US 2003017987 A1 20030123

AI US 2002-238726 A1 20020911 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-402468, filed on 12 Oct 1999, PENDING A 371 of International Ser. No. WO 1998-EP2112, filed on 9 Apr 1998, UNKNOWN

PRAI DE 1997-19715149 19970411

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP BACON & THOMAS, PLLC, 625 SLATERS LANE, FOURTH FLOOR, ALEXANDRIA, VA, 22314

CLMN Number of Claims: 44

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 579

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A therapeutic or prophylactic agent for cancer is disclosed which damages the membrane and kills cancer cells, in particular of the blood-forming system, having membrane protein aggregates which contain several core ***histones*** or largely core-like ***histones*** and/or their parts. The therapeutic or prophylactic agent contains at least one pure ***histone*** or its active sequence section selected from the group composed of ***histone*** ***H1***, ***H1*** subtypes, H2A, H2B, H2A:H2B dimer, H3 and H4, covalent modified ***histones*** of the above-mentioned type and/or their active sections and functionally and structurally similar proteins (protamines, ***histone*** -like proteins of prokaryotic and archae bacteria).

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 2

AN 2002:282968 BIOSIS

DN PREV200200282968

TI Peptides for the production of preparations for the diagnosis and therapy of systemic lupus.

AU ***Zeppezauer, Michael (1)***; Schonberger, Arno; Cebecauer, Ladislav

CS (1) Scheidt Germany

ASSIGNEE: Symbiotec Gesellschaft zur Erforschung und Entwicklung auf dem Gebiet der Biotechnologic mbH, Herborn, Germany

PI US 6369203 April 09, 2002

SO Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Patents, (Apr. 9, 2002) Vol. 1257, No. 2, pp. No Pagination. http://www.uspto.gov/web/menu/patdata.html. e-file. ISSN: 0098-1133.

DT Patent

LA English

AB Peptides are proposed with antigenic or immunogenic determinants, which result from autoantibodies in the body fluids of patients, who are suffering from systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE). In the case of the peptides it is preferably a question of the C terminus of ***H1*** with the sequence section 187-211 and the N termini of H2B with the sequence sections 1-35 and 36-76, which are capable of cross reactions with the autoantibodies (anti- ***histone*** -antibodies). The invention furthermore provides ways of forming monoclonal antibodies and antiidiotypical antibodies, which are directed against autoantibodies. The diagnosis of SLE is possible in accordance with the invention with a high degree of certainty and the monoclonal antibodies directed against the autoantibodies are suitable for the production of medicaments for the therapy of SLE.

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 2002:675811 CAPLUS

DN 137:195614

TI Compositions and methods for preventing platelet aggregation comprising ***histones***

IN Class, Reiner; Soslau, Gerald; ***Zeppezauer, Michael***

PA Philadelphia, Health and Education Corporation, USA; Symbiotec G.m.b.H.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 2002067907 A1 20020906 WO 2002-US5157 20020222
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG PRAI US 2001-270759P P 20010222

AB Compns. and methods for preventing platelet aggregation and treating cardiovascular disease via ***histone*** compds. are provided. An assay for platelet aggregation using angonist and antagonist is described.

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 2002:944200 CAPLUS

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DN 138:219211
TI Quo vadis protein? ***histone***
                                     ***H1*** as an example of a
  multifunctional protein
AU Class, R.; Jost, M.; Weber, H. W.; Brady, L. W.; ***Zeppezauer, M.***
CS SymbioTec GmbH, Saarbruecken, Germany
SO Progress in Radio-Oncology VII, Proceedings of the International Meeting
  on Progress in Radio-Oncology, 7th, Salzburg, Austria, May 15-19, 2002
  (2002), 587-595. Editor(s): Kogelnik, H. D.; Lukas, P.; Sedlmayer, F.
  Publisher: Monduzzi Editore, Bologna, Italy.
  CODEN: 69DIQO; ISBN: 88-323-2515-2
DT Conference
LA English
AB ***Histone*** ***H1*** ( ***H1*** ) belongs to a family of small
  cationic and well-conserved nuclear proteins. In recent years, sufficient
  evidence was accumulated strongly suggesting that ***histones*** might
  have pivotal biol. activities in compartments other than the nucleus.
  Here, the authors show that ***H1*** is capable of recognizing
  leukemia cells and subsequently lysing them. PHA-stimulated normal
  peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) and hematopoietic stem cells
  remained largely unaffected by ***H1*** . These data strongly suggest,
  that ***H1*** binds to leukemia cells with high affinity. The binding
  seems to be followed by the assembly of larger protein complexes within
  the membrane, resulting in formation of a channel-like structure that
  causes severe disturbances in the membrane integrity, eventually resulting
  in cell death.
RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
        ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L4 ANSWER 7 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 2001:115183 CAPLUS
DN 134:168376
TI Antimicrobial ***histone***
                                 ***H1*** compositions, kits, and
  methods of use thereof
IN Class, Reiner; ***Zeppezauer, Michael***
PA Symbiotec Gm.b.H., Germany; Philadelphia Health and Education Corp.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.
  CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
  PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
                                      APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 2001010901 A2 20010215
                                       WO 2000-US21747 20000809
   WO 2001010901 A3 20010809
  WO 2001010901 C2 20020912
     W: CA, JP, US
     RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
       PT, SE
  US 2001046976 A1 20011129
                                     US 1999-372500 19990811
  US 6565854
                  B2 20030520
  EP 1200463
                  A2 20020502
                                   EP 2000-957347 20000809
     R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
       IE, FI, CY
PRAI US 1999-372500 A 19990811
  US 1998-96382P P 19980813
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WO 2000-US21747 W 20000809

AB The invention includes antibiotic pharmaceutical compns. comprising eukaryotic ***histone*** ***H1*** protein and methods of using eukaryotic ***histone*** ***H1*** protein to kill or to inhibit the growth of microorganisms, including, but not limited to, human pathogenic bacteria. The invention further includes a eukaryotic ***histone*** ****H1*** -contg. animal feed and methods of improving growth of an animal by supplying the feed to the animal. The invention still further includes a kit comprising a eukaryotic ***histone*** ***H1*** -contg. antibiotic pharmaceutical compn. and an instructional material which describes the use of the compn. In addn., the invention includes a vaccine comprising a eukaryotic ***histone*** ***H1*** protein and a method of vaccinating an animal using the vaccine.

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 2000:275520 BIOSIS

DN PREV200000275520

TI Formation of a lethal membrane complex caused by selective binding of ***histone*** ***H1*** to leukemia cells membranes.

AU Class, Reiner Joseph (1); ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Weber, Hans-Walter Albert; Brady, Luther W.

CS (1) MCP Hahnemann Univ, Philadelphia, PA USA

SO Proceedings of the American Association for Cancer Research Annual Meeting, (March, 2000) No. 41, pp. 755-756. print..

Meeting Info.: 91st Annual Meeting of the American Association for Cancer Research. San Francisco, California, USA April 01-05, 2000 ISSN: 0197-016X.

DT Conference

LA English

SL English

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

AN 1998:487847 CAPLUS

DN 129:90476

TI Therapeutic method using synergistic combination of cytostatic agent and ***histone*** for treatment of carcinoma or autoimmune diseases

IN ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Class, Reiner

PA Allegheny University of the Health Sciences, USA

SO U.S., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,578,571.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI US 5780432 A 19980714 US 1996-755147 19961122 US 5578571 A 19961126 US 1994-310378 19940922

PRAI US 1990-635709 19901228 US 1994-310378 19940922 DE 1990-4000154 19900104

AB A therapeutic method for treatment of carcinoma or autoimmune diseases of a patient is provided which includes administering a biol. active compn. comprising a therapeutically acceptable carrier and, in a quantity having a therapeutic effect, two active substances comprising a pure cytostatic drug as the first active substance and a biol. active pure ***histone***

selected from the group consisting of ***H1***, H2A, H2B, H2A:H2B, and
H3 as the second active substance, providing a synergistic action of both
of said active substances at a site of pathogenic process.

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 1998:701017 CAPLUS
DN 129:298380

TI ***Histones*** for use as targeted antitumor agents in leukemia
IN ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Leinenbach, Hans-Peter; Class, Reiner;
Fassbender, Cordula

RA Symbiotes Gesellschoft zur Forschung und Entwicklung auf dem Gebiet der

PA Symbiotec Gesellschaft zur Forschung und Entwicklung auf dem Gebiet der Biot, Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 10 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI DE 19715149 A1 19981015 DE 1997-19715149 19970411 WO 9846252 A1 19981022 WO 1998-EP2112 19980409

W: AU, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, JP, KR, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RU, SK, TR, UA, US, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

AU 9883110 A1 19981111 AU 1998-83110 19980409 EP 973541 A1 20000126 EP 1998-919254 19980409

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

JP 2000512311 T2 20000919 JP 1998-542074 19980409

US 2003017987 A1 20030123 US 2002-238726 20020911

PRAI DE 1997-19715149 A 19970411

WO 1998-EP2112 W 19980409

US 1999-402468 A1 19991012

AB An antitumor agent is disclosed for damaging cell membranes and killing cancer cells, esp. leukemia cells, by targeting of membrane-fixed receptors consisting of protein aggregates contg. several core

histones or core-like ***histones*** and/or their parts. The agent comprises at least a pure ***histone*** or its active segment sequence, i.e., ***histone*** ***H1***, the pure ***H1*** subtypes, ***histones*** H2A, H2B, and H2A:H2B dimer, and

histones H3 and H4, which can cross-link the protein aggregates into larger superstructures.

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 1997:231756 BIOSIS

DN PREV199799530959

TI Characterization of a novel membrane-protein found in leukemia cells that causes rapid cell death upon binding to ***histone*** ***H1***.

AU Class, R. (1); ***Zeppezauer, M.***; Strupat, K.

CS (1) Allegheny Univ. Health Sci., Dep. Radiation Oncol., Philadelphia, PA 19102 USA

SO Proceedings of the American Association for Cancer Research Annual

Meeting, (1997) Vol. 38, No. 0, pp. 231.

Meeting Info.: Eighty-eighth Annual Meeting of the American Association for Cancer Research San Diego, California, USA April 12-16, 1997

ISSN: 0197-016X.
DT Conference; Abstract

LA English

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 4

AN 2002:52460 BIOSIS

DN PREV200200052460

TI Cytostatic or cytotoxic combination of active substances for use in therapeutic procedures.

AU ***Zeppezauer, M.***; Leinenbach, H. P.

CS Scheidt Germany

ASSIGNEE: SYMBIOTEC GESELLSCHAFT ZUR FORSCHUNG UND ENTWICKLUNG AUF DEM GEBIET DER BIOTECHNOLOGIE MBH

PI US 5578571 Nov. 26, 1996

SO Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Patents, (Nov. 26, 1996) Vol. 1192, No. 4, pp. 2875-2876. ISSN: 0098-1133.

DT Patent

LA English

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 5

AN 1996:511269 BIOSIS

DN PREV199699233625

TI ***Histone*** ***H1*** suppress tumor growth of leukemia cells in vitro, ex vivo and in an animal model suggesting extracellular functions of ***histones***.

AU Class, Reiner (1); Lindman, Sissel; Fassbender, Cordula; Leinenbach, Hans-Peter; Rawer, Stefan; Emrich, Jacqueline G.; Brady, Luther W.;

Zeppezauer, Michael

CS (1) Allegheny Univ. Health Sci., Cent. City, Broad and Vine Streets, MS 102, Philadelphia, PA 19102 USA

SO American Journal of Clinical Oncology, (1996) Vol. 19, No. 5, pp. 522-531. ISSN: 0277-3732.

DT Article

LA English

AB Purified ***histone*** ****H1*** exerts growth inhibition of leukemia cells independent of lineage, stage, and maturation. At 200 mu-g/ml, ****H1*** proved cytotoxic in 19 of 21 of the tested leukemia-derived cell lines and for 11 of 16 of the fresh tumor samples from leukemia patients. In all cases, normal peripheral blood mononuclear cells and bone marrow cells remained unaffected. Multicellular spheroids from the Burkitt's lymphoma cell line IM-9 were growth arrested at 500 mu-g ***H1*** /ml. The clonogenic growth of the Burkitt's lymphoma cell line Daudi was arrested at 160 mu-g ***H1*** /ml. Synthetic ***H1*** -peptides as well as peptides and proteins with biochemical properties similar to ***H1*** had no inhibitory growth effect at equimolar concentrations. Furthermore, 250 mu-g ***H1*** injected into a Burkitt's lymphoma (Daudi), xenotransplanted into nude mice, arrested tumor growth. As shown by electron microscopy and flow cytometry, incubation of leukemia cells with ***H1*** resulted in severe plasma

membrane damage and ultimately cytolysis. This report characterizes a 33-kd protein that binds ***H1*** and is responsible for the cell death via destruction of the cell membrane integrity. New extranuclear functions of ***histones*** are presented.

L4 ANSWER 14 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 1997:47009 BIOSIS

DN PREV199799346212

TI Leukemia-derived cell lines display surface protein ligand for

histone ***H1*** : ***Histone*** ***H1*** suppresses

tumor growth of leukemia cells in vitro, ex vivo and in an animal model

suggesting extracellular functions of ***histones***.

AU Class, Reiner (1); Lindman, Sissel; Fassbender, Cordula (1); Leinenbach, Hans-Peter (1); Rawer, Stefan (1); Emrich, Jacqueline G.; Brady, Luther W.; ***Zeppezauer, Michael (1)***

CS (1) Dep. Biochem., Univ. Saarland, D-66041 Saarbruecken Germany

SO Cellular and Molecular Biology (Noisy-Le-Grand), (1996) Vol. 42, No. CONGRESS SUPPL., pp. S25-S26.

Meeting Info.: 2nd World Congress of Cellular and Molecular Biology Ottawa, Ontario, Canada September 3-7, 1996

DT Conference; Abstract

LA English

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1996:639444 CAPLUS

DN 125:301582

TI C-terminal peptides of human ***histone*** ***H1*** subtypes: A synthetic problem

AU Hoffmann, R.; Rawer, S.; Berger, R. G.; ***Zeppezauer, M.***

CS Biochemie, Universitat des Saarlandes, Saarbruecken, D-66041, Germany

SO Peptides 1994, Proceedings of the European Peptide Symposium, 23rd, Braga, Port., Sept. 4-10, 1994 (1995), Meeting Date 1994, 389-390. Editor(s): Maia, Hernani L. S. Publisher: ESCOM, Leiden, Neth. CODEN: 63MBAO

DT Conference

LA English

AB A report from a symposium on the observation of secondary structure formation by UV and conductometric monitoring in the solid-phase prepn. of C-terminal ***histone*** ****H1*** fragments. The repeating Lys-Pro-Lys-Xaa-Xaa sequences induce structure formation.

L4 ANSWER 16 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 6

AN 1995:504452 BIOSIS

DN PREV199598509502

TI Separation and characterisation of bovine ***histone*** ***H1*** subtypes by combined ion-exchange and reversed-phase chromatography and mass spectrometry.

AU Berger, Renate G.; Hoffmann, Ralf; ***Zeppezauer, Michael (1)***; Wagner-Redeker, Winfried; Maljers, Louis; Ingendoh, Arndt; Hillenkamp, Franz

CS (1) FR 12.4 Biochemie, Univ. Saarlandes, Postfach 151150, D-66041 Saarbruecken Germany

SO Journal of Chromatography A, (1995) Vol. 711, No. 1, pp. 159-165. ISSN: 0021-9673.

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DT Article
LA English
L4 ANSWE
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L4 ANSWER 17 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 7

AN 1996:55789 BIOSIS

DN PREV199698627924

TI Effect of ***histones*** on hematopoietic stem cell-precursors in normal and irradiated organisms.

AU Semina, O. V.; Semenets, T. N.; ***Zeppezauer, M.***; Cebecauer, L.; Poverennyi, A. M.

CS Med. Radiol. Res. Cent., Russ. Acad. Med. Sci., Obninsk Russia

SO Radiatsionnaya Biologiya Radioekologiya, (1994) Vol. 34, No. 4-5, pp. 544-549.

DT Article

LA Russian

SL Russian; English

AB Radiotherapeutic activity of ***histone*** fractions H-1 and H-2A/H-2B were studied. It was demonstrated that both fractions are able to reduce the damaging effect of ionizing radiation on spleen colony forming unit (CFU-S) population. ***Histone*** preparations stimulated colony-forming activity of bone marrow cells exposed to dose of 0.5-3.0 Gy both in the case of incubation with preparations and intravenous or intraperitoneal administration into recipients of irradiated cells. The effect of ***histones*** and accessory thymocytes on CFU-S population is compared.

L4 ANSWER 18 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1994:675684 CAPLUS

DN 121:275684

TI Separation and determination of molecular masses of ***histone***

H1 subtypes from calf thymus

AU Berger, R. G.; Hoffmann, R.; Waidelich, D.; Bayer, E.; Ingendoh, A.; Hillenkamp, F.; ***Zeppezauer, M.***

CS Univ. Saarlandes, Saarbruecken, D-66041, Germany

SO Pept.: Chem., Struct. Biol., Proc. Am. Pept. Symp., 13th (1994), Meeting Date 1993, 228-9. Editor(s): Hodges, Robert S.; Smith, John A. Publisher: ESCOM, Leiden, Neth.

CODEN: 60LXAW

DT Conference

LA English

AB A combination of reversed-phase liq. chromatog. and hydrophilic interaction chromatog. is introduced to sep. the subtypes of ***histone*** ****H1*** of calf thymus. Purified subtypes were characterized by SDS-PAGE and mass spectrometry. Four fractions were obtained from ***histone*** ****H1***, including 1 pure subtype.

L4 ANSWER 19 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1995:67096 CAPLUS

DN 122:31948

TI Synthesis of acetylated and phosphorylated peptide fragments of ***histone*** H2A

AU Wachs, W. O.; Hoffmann, R.; ***Zeppezauer, M.***; Schmeer, K.; Bayer, E.

CS Dep. Biochem., Univ. Saarland, Saarbruecken, D-66041, Germany

SO Pept.: Chem., Struct. Biol., Proc. Am. Pept. Symp., 13th (1994), Meeting Date 1993, 202-3. Editor(s): Hodges, Robert S.; Smith, John A. Publisher: ESCOM, Leiden, Neth. CODEN: 60LXAW
DT Conference
LA English
AB A symposium report on the synthesis of acetylated and phosphorylated derivs. of peptide SGRGKQGGKARAKA, which is the 1-14 fragment of ***histone*** H2A.
L4 ANSWER 20 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 1993:447344 CAPLUS
DN 119:47344

TI Peptides for diagnosis and therapy of systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

IN ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Schoenberger, Arno; Cebecauer, Ladislav

PA Symbiotec Gesellschaft zur Forschung und Entwicklung auf dem Gebiet der Biotechnologie mbH, Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 7 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE DE 1991-4130786 19910916 PI DE 4130786 A1 19930318 EP 532979 A2 19930324 EP 1992-114992 19920902 EP 532979 A3 19940824 EP 532979 B1 19970716 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE AT 155487 E 19970815 AT 1992-114992 19920902 CZ 284114 B6 19980812 CZ 1992-2816 19920914 B6 19990910 SK 280176 SK 1992-2816 19920914 JP 05271281 A2 19931019 JP 1992-272266 19920916 CA 2078373 C 19990105 CA 1992-2078373 19920916 PRAI DE 1991-4130786 19910916

AB Peptides for use in immunoassays to detect autoantibodies in body fluids of patients with SLE contain antigenic determinants of ***histones***

H1 and H2B which cross-react with these autoantibodies. The peptides may contain modified peptide bonds, e.g. C(:O)NMe, CH2CH2, or C(:O)CH2, or may contain amino acid insertions, deletions, or substitutions. Monoclonal antibodies to the peptides, and anti-idiotypic antibodies against the monoclonal antibodies or the autoantibodies, may also be useful in diagnosis and/or therapy. Thus, 80% of sera from SLE patients contained autoantibodies reacting with both the C-terminus of

histone ***H1*** and the N-terminus of ***histone*** H2B.

L4 ANSWER 21 OF 38 USPATFULL on STN

AN 93:7089 USPATFULL

TI Use of pure ***histones*** ***H1*** and H2A:H2B dimers in therapeutic methods

IN ***Zeppezauer, Michael*** , Saarbrucken-Scheidt, Germany, Federal Republic of

Reichhart, Robert, Homburg/Saar, Germany, Federal Republic of

PA Rusch, Volker, Germany, Federal Republic of (non-U.S. individual)

PI US 5182257 19930126

AI US 1989-332658 19890403 (7)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1985-777783, filed on 12 Sep 1985, now patented, Pat. No. US 4818763, issued on 4 Apr 1989

PRAI DE 1984-3405620 19840216

DE 1984-3400928 19841201

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Cashion, Jr., Merrell C.; Assistant Examiner:

Davenport, A. M.

LREP Rosenman & Colin

CLMN Number of Claims: 9

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 17 Drawing Figure(s); 13 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 500

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to the use of pure ***histones*** ***H1***
, H2A, H2B, H2A:H2B, H3 as hormonal or hormon-like active substance for the preparation of pharmaceuticals for the immuno-therapy, for the therapy of endocrine disturbance and for cancer therapy. Instead of the ***histones*** also their evolutionary variable sections or at least one partial section of at least five aminoacid residues of at least one evolutionary variable histon section can be used.

L4 ANSWER 22 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 1994:190414 BIOSIS

DN PREV199497203414

- TI Detection of proteins associated with the Epstein-Barr virus nuclear antigen 2: EBNA-2A binds to ***histone*** ****H1*** and unknown cellular proteins of 130, 110, 105 and 95 kDa.
- AU Graesser, Friedrich A. (1); Sauder, Christian (1); Haiss, Peter (1); Hille, Annette (1); Koenig, Sigrid (1); Goette, Suzanne (1); Kremmer, Elisabeth; Leinenbach, Hans Peter; ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Mueller-Lantzsch, Nikolaus (1)
- CS (1) Abt. Virol., Universitaetsklin. des Saarlandes, Gebaude 47, 6650 Homburg Germany
- SO Tursz, T. [Editor]; Pagano, J. S. [Editor]; Ablashi, D. V. [Editor]; de The, G. [Editor]; Lenoir, G. [Editor]; Pearson, G. R. [Editor]. Colloque INSERM, (1993) Vol. 225, pp. 69-75. INSERM Colloquium; The Epstein-Barr virus and associated diseases. Colloque INSERM; Le virus d'Epstein-Barr et les maladies associees.

Publisher: INSERM (Institut National de la Sante et de la Recherche Medicale) 101, rue de Tolbiac, 75654 Paris Cedex 13, France.

Meeting Info.: Vth International Symposium Annecy, France September 13-19, 1992

ISSN: 0768-3154. ISBN: 2-85598-513-7, 2-7420-0008-9.

DT Book; Conference

LA English

L4 ANSWER 23 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 8

AN 1994:131550 CAPLUS

DN 120:131550

TI Hydrophilic polystyrene-polyoxyethylene graft polymer beads as carrier of antigenic peptides for in vivo and in vitro immunization techniques: applications to the non-catalytic zinc loop of HLADH isoenzymes and to ***histone*** fragments

AU ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Hoffmann, Ralf; Schoenberger, Arno; Rawer, Stephan; Rapp, Wolfgang; Bayer, Ernst CS Dep. Biochem., Univ. Saarland, Saarbruecken, D-66123, Germany SO Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung, B: Chemical Sciences (1993), 48(12), 1801-6 CODEN: ZNBSEN; ISSN: 0932-0776 DT Journal LA English AB Immunogenic materials were obtained by synthesizing on tentacle polymer-bound amino derivs. as a solid support the following haptens: the C-terminal sequence 187-211 KPKAA KPKAA KPKAA KPKAA KPKKA APKKK and the N-terminal sequence 3-31 APAAP AAAPP AEKTP VKKKA AKKPA GA of 93-116 of the horse liver alc. dehydrogenase EE (FTPQC GKCRV CKHPE GNFCL KNDL) and SS (FIPQC GKCSV CKHPE GNLCL KNSL) isoenzymes (Joernvall, H., 1970), resp. These materials proved to be efficient immunogens both in vivo and in vitro, showing excellent biocompatibility compared to other solid hapten carriers. Tentacle-based immunogens are generally available by std. synthetic procedures either by in situ synthesis of hapten mols. on or by covalent attachment of available antigens or haptens to the beads. Advantageous is the possibility to synthesize the peptide on the tentacle polymer, and to use the solid phase bound peptide directly as hapten. The beads serve as carriers, and no sep. splitting off the peptide and binding to another carrier is necessary.

- L4 ANSWER 24 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
- AN 1994:2598 BIOSIS
- DN PREV199497015598
- TI Separation of ***histone*** ***H1*** subtypes from calf thymus by reversed phase chromatography.
- AU Hoffmann, Ralf; Berger, Renate G.; ***Zeppezauer, Michael***
- CS Univ. Saarlandes, Biochemie, Postfach 1150, 66041 Saarbruecken Germany
- SO Biological Chemistry Hoppe-Seyler, (1993) Vol. 374, No. 9, pp. 768-769. Meeting Info.: Annual Autumn Meeting of the Gesellschaft fuer Biologische Chemie (Society for Biological Chemistry) Duesseldorf, Germany September 12-15, 1993 ISSN: 0177-3593.

DT Conformer

- DT Conference
- LA English
- L4 ANSWER 25 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
- AN 1994:2451 BIOSIS
- DN PREV199497015451
- TI Predicted and experimentally screened epitopes in anti- ***histone*** autoantibodies from systemic lupus erythematosus.
- AU Hoffman, Ralf (1); Schoenberg, Arno; Cebecauer, Ladislav; ***Zeppezauer,***

 *** Michael (1)***
- CS (1) Univ. Saarlandes, Biochemie, Postfach 1150, 66041 Saarbruecken Germany
- SO Biological Chemistry Hoppe-Seyler, (1993) Vol. 374, No. 9, pp. 715-716. Meeting Info.: Annual Autumn Meeting of the Gesellschaft fuer Biologische Chemie (Society for Biological Chemistry) Duesseldorf, Germany September 12-15, 1993

ISSN: 0177-3593.

- DT Conference
- LA English

L4 ANSWER 26 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 9

AN 1993:411569 BIOSIS

DN PREV199396077294

TI Immunological detection of proteins associated with the Epstein-Barr virus nuclear antigen 2A.

AU Grasser, Friedrich A. (1); Sauder, Christian; Haiss, Peter; Hille,
Annette; Koenig, Sigrid; Goettel, Susanne; Kremmer, Elisabeth; Leinenbach,
Hans Peter; ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Mueller-Lantzsch, Nikolaus

CS (1) Abt. Virologie, Institut Med. Mikrobiologie Hyg., Universitaetskliniken Saarlandes, Gebaeude 47, 6650 Homburg Germany

SO Virology, (1993) Vol. 195, No. 2, pp. 550-560. ISSN: 0042-6822.

DT Article

LA English

AB The Epstein-Barr virus nuclear antigen 2A (EBNA-2A) has been strongly implicated in the EBV-mediated B-cell transformation process. Since EBNA-2A might exert this function through interaction with proteins of the infected cell, we studied the association of EBNA-2A with cellular proteins. Immunoprecipitation of EBNA-2A from 32P-labeled cell extracts separated by sucrose gradient centrifugation revealed the presence of phosphoproteins complexed with the two forms of the EBNA-2A sedimenting at 13 S and 34 S. Prominent bands were observed at 250, 170, 120, 110, 105, and 95 kDa with minor species at 78, 52, 45, 31, 26, 22 and 18 kDa. By "West-Western" or "Far-Western" blotting using EBNA-2A protein from insect cells as a probe we detected binding to proteins migrating with apparent molecular masses of about 200, 130, 110, 105, 95, and 31 kDa with minor species detectable at 90, 68, 50-55, 40, and 17 kDa. The protein with an apparent molecular mass of 31 kDa was identified by competition experiments as ***histone*** ***H1*** . Some of the EBNA-2A-complexed phosphoproteins, notably the proteins of 110 and 95 kDa, comigrated with the proteins detectable by "West-Western" analysis. The binding of EBNA-2A to the 130-kDa protein was stable against up to 1.5 M NaCl and could not be competed with ***histone*** ***H1*** . In a similar experiment, the less transforming EBNA-2B which is encoded by the subtype 2 virus bound to most of the proteins detected with EBNA-2A but with strongly reduced efficiency to the protein of 130 kDa indicating that this protein might be a target for EBNA-2 during EBV-mediated transformation.

L4 ANSWER 27 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

AN 1994:319283 CAPLUS

DN 120:319283

TI Detection of proteins associated with the Epstein-Barr virus nuclear antigen 2: EBNA-2A binds to ***histone*** ****H1*** and unknown cellular proteins of 130, 110, 105 and 95 kDa

AU Graesser, Friedrich A.; Sauder, Christian; Haiss, Peter; Hille, Annette; Konig, Sigrid; Goette, Suzanne; Kremmer, Elisabeth; Leinenbach, Hans Peter; ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Mueller-Lantzsch, Nikolaus

CS Abte. Virol., Universitaetsklin. Saarlandes, Homburg, 6650, Germany

SO Colloque INSERM (1993), 225(Epstein-Barr Virus and Associated Diseases), 69-75

CODEN: CINMDE; ISSN: 0768-3154

DT Journal

LA English

AB The assocn, of EBNA-2A with cellular proteins was studied. Immunopptn, of EBNA-2A from 32P-labeled cell exts. sepd. by sucrose gradient centrifugation revealed the presence of phosphoproteins complexed with the two forms of the EBNA-2A sedimenting at 13S and 34S. Prominent bands were obsd. at 250, 170, 120, 110, 105 and 95 kDa with minor species at 78, 52, 45, 31, 26, 22 and 18 kDa. By "West-Western"- or "Far-Western"- blotting using EBNA-2A protein from insect cells as a probe, the authors detected binding to proteins migrating with apparent mol. masses of about 200, 130, 110, 105, 95 and 31 kDa with minor species detectable at 90, 68, 50-55, 40 and 17 kDa. The protein with an apparent mol. mass of 31 kDa was identified by competition expts. as ***histone*** ***H1*** . The 110 kDa and 95 kDa phosphoproteins comigrated with the proteins detectable by "West-Western"-anal. The binding of EBNA-2A to the 130 kDa protein was stable against up to 1.5 M NaCl and could not be competed with encoded by the less transforming subtype 2 virus bound to most of the proteins detected with EBNA-2A but failed to bind to the 130 kDa protein, indicating that this protein might be a target for EBNA-2A during EBV-mediated transformation.

L4 ANSWER 28 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

AN 1992:539651 BIOSIS

DN BR43:125351

TI PURIFICATION AND DETERMINATION OF MOLECULAR WEIGHTS OF ***HISTONE***

H1 SUBTYPES FROM CALF THYMUS.

AU BERGER R G; HOFFMANN R; ***ZEPPEZAUER M***; WAIDELICH D; BAYER E

CS UNIVERSITAET DES SAARLANDES, FR 12.4 BIOCHEMIE, IM STADTWALD, W-6600 SAARBRUECKEN, GER.

SO 100TH CONFERENCE OF THE GESELLSCHAFT FUER BIOLOGISCHE CHEMIE (SOCIETY FOR BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY) ON STRUCTURAL AND FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS OF PROTEINS, ROSTOCK, GERMANY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1992. BIOL CHEM HOPPE-SEYLER. (1992) 373 (9), 885-886.

CODEN: BCHSEI. ISSN: 0177-3593.

DT Conference

FS BR; OLD

LA English

- L4 ANSWER 29 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
- AN 1993:44644 BIOSIS
- DN PREV199344021494
- TI Synthesis of branched peptides with sequences taken from ubiquitinated ***histones*** H2A and H2B from calf thymus.
- AU Wachs, W. O. (1); Hoffmann, R. (1); Berger, R. G. (1); Kuhn, S. (1); ***Zeppezauer, M. (1)***; Waidelich, D.; Bayer, E.
- CS (1) Univ. Saarlandes, FB 12.4. Biochem., W-6600 Saarbruecken 11 Germany
- SO Biological Chemistry Hoppe-Seyler, (1992) Vol. 373, No. 9, pp. 834-835. Meeting Info.: Autumn Meeting of the Gesellschaft fuer Biologische Chemie (German Society for Biological Chemistry), Rostock, Germany, September 24-26, 1992. BIOL CHEM HOPPE-SEYLER ISSN: 0177-3593.

DT Conference

LA English

L4 ANSWER 30 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

```
AN 1991:485413 CAPLUS
DN 115:85413
TI Synergistic neoplasm inhibitors comprising cytostatics and
    ***histones***
IN ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Leinenbach, Hans Peter
PA SYMBIOTEC Gesellschaft fuer Forschung und Entwicklung auf dem Gebiet der
  Biotechnologie G.m.b.H., Germany
SO Ger. Offen., 8 pp.
  CODEN: GWXXBX
DT Patent
LA German
FAN.CNT 2
  PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
                                     APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI DE 4000154
                   A1 19910711
                                    DE 1990-4000154 19900104
  EP 438756
                                  EP 1990-125093 19901221
                 A1 19910731
  EP 438756
                 B1 19940420
     R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
  AT 104553
                 E 19940515
                                 AT 1990-125093 19901221
  CA 2033249
                  AA 19910705
                                   CA 1990-2033249 19901227
  CA 2033249
                  C 19970127
  JP 04305535
                  A2 19921028
                                   JP 1990-417523 19901228
  JP 08013756
                 B4 19960214
  CZ 283924
                 B6 19980715
                                  CZ 1990-6849
                                                 19901228
  SK 279960
                 B6 19990611
                                  SK 1990-6849
                                                 19901228
  US 5578571
                 A 19961126
                                  US 1994-310378 19940922
PRAI DE 1990-4000154
                          19900104
  EP 1990-125093
                      19901221
  US 1990-635709
                      19901228
AB Compns. comprising known cytostatic agents (vincristine, methotrexate,
  cisplatin) and ***histone*** (s) are synergistic neoplasm inhibitors.
   ***Histones*** ***H1***, H2A, H2B, H3, and their fragments may be
  used. Vincristine + ***histones*** H2A:H2B (5 + 100 .mu.g/mL)
  synergistically inhibited the growth of OH 77 lymphoma cells3in vitro.
L4 ANSWER 31 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 1992:67017 CAPLUS
DN 116:67017
TI Hydrophilic polystyrene-polyoxyethylene graft polymer beads as carriers of
  antigenic structures for in vivo and in vitro immunization techniques:
  application to the noncatalytic zinc loop of LADH isozymes and to
   ***histone*** fragments
AU ***Zeppezauer, M.***; Rawer, S.; Hoffmann, R.; Schoenberger, A.; Rapp,
  W.; Bayer, E.
CS Fr. 14.4 Biochem., Univ. Saarbruecken, Saarbruecken, D-6600, Germany
SO Pept. 1990, Proc. Eur. Pept. Symp., 21st (1991), Meeting Date 1990, 847-8.
  Editor(s): Giralt, Ernest; Andreu, David. Publisher: ESCOM Sci. Publ.,
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DT Conference

Leiden, Neth. CODEN: 57HNAI

LA English

AB A novel type of spherical particles, i.e. polystyrene-polyoxyethylene graft polymer beads Tentagel were used as carriers for antigenic peptides. The use of Tentagel showed several advantages for immunization techniques.

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L4 ANSWER 32 OF 38 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V. on STN
AN 91050518 EMBASE
DN 1991050518
TI Growth inhibition of human lymphatic cancer cells by the homeostatic
  thymic hormone in vitro.
AU Lindman S.; Leinenbach H.P.; Korsgaard R.; Class R.; Hollemeyer K.;
  Reichhart R.; ***Zeppezauer M.***
CS Fachrichtung 12.4 Biochemie, Universitat des Saarlandes, D-6600
  Saarbrucken, Germany
SO Medical Science Research, (1991) 19/1 (27-28).
  ISSN: 0269-8951 CODEN: MSCREJ
CY United Kingdom
DT Journal; Article
FS 003 Endocrinology
  005 General Pathology and Pathological Anatomy
  016 Cancer
  025
        Hematology
LA English
L4 ANSWER 33 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 1991:199669 CAPLUS
DN 114:199669
TI Thymus ***histones*** as drugs for the treatment of cancer, endocrine
  malfunctions, and immune disturbances
    ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Reichhart, Robert
PA SYMBIOTEC Gesellschaft fuer Forschung und Entwicklung auf dem Gebiet der
  Biotechnologie G.m.b.H., Germany
SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 21 pp.
  CODEN: EPXXDW
DT Patent
LA German
FAN.CNT 2
  PATENT NO. KIND DATE
                                   APPLICATION NO. DATE
                A1 19901017
PI EP 392315
                                 EP 1990-106311 19900402
  EP 392315 B1 19940921
    R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
  US 5182257 A 19930126
                                US 1989-332658 19890403
PRAI US 1989-332658
                        19890413
  DE 1984-3405620
                     19840216
  DE 1984-3400928
                     19841201
  US 1985-777783
                     19850912
AB ***Histone*** ***H1***, its active segments, and the
   ***histone*** dimer H2A:H2B or its segments, with hormonelike activity,
  esp. thymic hormonelike activity, are drugs for the treatment of immune
  and endocrine disturbances, and neoplasm inhibitors. ***Histone***
   ***H1*** was obtained from calf thymus. ***Histone*** ***H1***
  (250 .mu.g/mL) caused 96% decay of DAUDI Burkitt lymphoma cells in vitro
  after 2 days of exposure.
L4 ANSWER 34 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
  DUPLICATE 10
AN 1989:232345 BIOSIS
DN BR36:110829
TI BIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE SUBSTANCE WITH HORMONAL PROPERTIES PRODUCTION PROCESS
```

THEREOF AND UTILIZATION OF ***HISTONES*** FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES. AU RUSCH V; REICHHART R; ***ZEPPEZAUER M***; JORNVALL H CS SCHWALBENWEG 6, 6348 HERBORN, WEST GERMANY. ASSIGNEE: RUSCH, VOLKER PI US 4818763 04 Apr 1989 SO Off. Gaz. U. S. Pat. Trademark Off., Pat., (1989) 1101 (1), 532-533. CODEN: OGUPE7. ISSN: 0098-1133. DT Patent FS BR; OLD LA English L4 ANSWER 35 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 1990:151860 CAPLUS DN 112:151860 TI ***Histones*** H2A and H2B as immunomodulators and drugs for the treatment of cancer and endocrine disorders IN ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Reichhart, Robert PA Rusch, Volker, Fed. Rep. Ger. SO Ger. Offen., 8 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX DT Patent LA German FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PI DE 3737274 A1 19890601 DE 1987-3737274 19871103 PRAI DE 1987-3737274 19871103 AB ***Histones*** H2A and/or H2B are drugs for immunotherapy, treatment of hormonal disturbances, cancer, AIDS, and irradn.-induced leukemia. Other therapeutic indications include hypophyseal stimulation and alleviation of the neg. effect of thymectomy. A mixt. of ***histones*** H2A and H2B (200 .mu.g/mL) decreased the vitality of the myeloma cell line P3Ag8.653 in vitro. L4 ANSWER 36 OF 38 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN AN 1985:573011 CAPLUS DN 103:173011 TI Biologically active substance with hormonal properties, and utilization of ***histones*** for medical purposes IN Rusch, Volker; Reichhart, Robert; ***Zeppezauer, Michael***; Joernvall, Hans PA Fed. Rep. Ger. SO PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent LA German FAN.CNT 2 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PI WO 8503003 A1 19850718 WO 1985-DE4 19850110 W: JP, US DE 3400928 A1 19850919 DE 1984-3400928 19840112 DE 3405620 A1 19850905 DE 1984-3405620 19840216 A2 19850724 EP 1985-100179 19850110 EP 149468 EP 149468 A3 19850814

EP 149468 B1 19901031 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE JP 61500913 T2 19860508 JP 1985-500453 19850110 AT 57835 E 19901115 AT 1985-100179 19850110 CA 1251134 A1 19890314 CA 1985-471963 19850111 US 4818763 A 19890404 US 1985-777783 19850912 PRAI DE 1984-3400928 19840112 DE 1984-3405620 19840216 EP 1985-100179 19850110 WO 1985-DE4 19850110

AB ***Histones*** H2A and H2B have the immunol. and endocrinol. properties of the thymus hormone. The ***histones*** can be extd. from the calf thymus. Active prepns. may also contain only the variable evolution segments or part of .gtoreq.1 H2 ***histone***. The findings are based on the identity of the active HTH.alpha. (HTH = homogeneous thymic hormone) and HTH.beta. prepns. with the 2 ***histones***.

L4 ANSWER 37 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 11

AN 1985:415420 BIOSIS

DN BA80:85412

TI PREPARATIONS OF HOMEOSTATIC THYMUS HORMONE CONSIST PREDOMINANTLY OF ***HISTONES*** H-2A AND H-2B AND SUGGEST ADDITIONAL ***HISTONE*** FUNCTIONS.

AU REICHHART R; ***ZEPPEZAUER M***; JORNVALL H

CS DEPARTMENT CHEMISTRY I, KAROLINSKA INSTITUTE, S-104 01 STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN.

SO PROC NATL ACAD SCI U S A, (1985) 82 (15), 4871-4875. CODEN: PNASA6. ISSN: 0027-8424.

FS BA; OLD

LA English

AB The 2 major constituents in preparations of the homeostatic [calf] thymus hormone (HTH) were purified. Amino acid sequence analysis showed that the components (HTH.alpha. and HTH.beta.) are identical to ***histones*** H2A and H2B, suggesting the possibility that ***histones*** might have hitherto unrecognized occurrence and functions. If the HTH activities are not ascribed to the 2 ***histones*** in the preparation, they could only be derived from minor constituents present in minimal amounts. The ***histone*** structures were scrutinized for properties or relevance in relation to hormone activities and for similarities with thymic hormones. Similarities between COOH-terminal regions of ***histones*** H2A, H2B and H3 were noticed, as well as some similarities between NH2-terminal regions of ***histones*** and parts of recognized thymus hormones and related proteins. Potential signals, resembling cleavage sites in prohormones, are present in the ***histone*** structures, and further correlations with recently discovered ubiquitin functions may explain molecular mechanisms for actions of the HTH preparations. None of the observations is significant by itself, but the combined results suggest the hypothesis of different relationships and functions, including hormone-like activities, for some ***histones***.

L4 ANSWER 38 OF 38 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN DUPLICATE 12

AN 1985:212384 BIOSIS

DN BR29:102380

- TI THE PRIMARY STRUCTURE OF 2 POLYPEPTIDE CHAINS FROM PREPARATIONS OF HOMEOSTATIC THYMUS HORMONES ALPHA AND BETA ENTIRE-CHAIN IDENTITIES TO 2 ***HISTONES*** .
- AU REICHHART R; JORNVALL H; CARLQUIST M; ***ZEPPEZAUER M***
- CS FACHBEREICH 15.2, ANALYTISCHE BIOL. CHEM., UNIV. SAARLANDES, D-6600 SAARBRUEKEN, FRG.
- SO FEBS Lett., (1985) 188 (1), 63-67. CODEN: FEBLAL. ISSN: 0014-5793.
- FS BR; OLD
- LA English

```
=> s histone? and h1
      22069 HISTONE? AND H1
=> s 15 and (eukaryot? or eucaryot?)
      2033 L5 AND (EUKARYOT? OR EUCARYOT?)
=> dup rem 16
PROCESSING IS APPROXIMATELY 45% COMPLETE FOR L6
PROCESSING IS APPROXIMATELY 69% COMPLETE FOR L6
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L6
L7
       1104 DUP REM L6 (929 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> s 17 and (antimicrobi? or antibacter?)
       132 L7 AND (ANTIMICROBI? OR ANTIBACTER?)
=> d bib ab 1-
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 132 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y
L8 ANSWER 1 OF 132 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 2001:115183 CAPLUS
DN 134:168376
TI ***Antimicrobial*** ***histone*** ***H1*** compositions, kits,
  and methods of use thereof
IN Class, Reiner; Zeppezauer, Michael
PA Symbiotec Gm.b.H., Germany; Philadelphia Health and Education Corp.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.
  CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
  PATENT NO.
                                    APPLICATION NO. DATE
                  KIND DATE
  -----
PI WO 2001010901 A2 20010215
                                     WO 2000-US21747 20000809
  WO 2001010901 A3 20010809
  WO 2001010901 C2 20020912
    W: CA, JP, US
    RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
      PT, SE
  US 2001046976 A1 20011129
                                   US 1999-372500 19990811
  US 6565854
                 B2 20030520
  EP 1200463
                 A2 20020502
                                 EP 2000-957347 20000809
    R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
      IE, FI, CY
PRAI US 1999-372500 A 19990811
  US 1998-96382P P 19980813
  WO 2000-US21747 W 20000809
AB The invention includes antibiotic pharmaceutical compns. comprising
   ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein and methods of
  using ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein to kill
  or to inhibit the growth of microorganisms, including, but not limited to,
  human pathogenic bacteria. The invention further includes a
   ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** -contg. animal feed and
  methods of improving growth of an animal by supplying the feed to the
  animal. The invention still further includes a kit comprising a
   ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** -contg. antibiotic
  pharmaceutical compn. and an instructional material which describes the
  use of the compn. In addn., the invention includes a vaccine comprising a
   ***eukaryotic***
                    ***histone***
                                   ***H1*** protein and a method of
  vaccinating an animal using the vaccine.
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L8 ANSWER 2 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:215360 USPATFULL
TI Transgenic animals expressing light-emitting fusion proteins and
    diagnostic and therapeutic methods therefor
IN Kaelin, William G., JR., Boston, MA, UNITED STATES
   Livingston, David M., Brookline, MA, UNITED STATES
    Kim, Tae-You, Seoul, KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
PI US 2003150005
                     A1 20030807
AI US 2002-287670 A1 20021104 (10)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-101662, filed on 19 Mar 2002,
   PENDING
PRAI US 2001-277425P
                         20010320 (60)
   US 2001-277431P
                      20010320 (60)
    US 2001-277440P
                      20010320 (60)
                      20011109 (60)
   US 2001-332493P
    US 2001-332334P
                      20011109 (60)
    US 2001-345200P
                      20011109 (60)
                      20011220 (60)
    US 2001-345131P
   US 2001-342598P
                      20011220 (60)
   US 2001-345132P
                      20011220 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP MINTZ, LEVIN, COHN, FERRIS, GLOVSKY, AND POPEO, P.C., ONE FINANCIAL
   CENTER, BOSTON, MA, 02111
CLMN Number of Claims: 18
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 30 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3741
AB Light-generating fusion proteins having a ligand binding site and a
   light-generating polypeptide moiety and their use as diagnostics, in
   drug screening and discovery, and as therapeutics, are disclosed. The
   light-generating fusion protein has a feature where the bioluminescence
   of the polypeptide moiety changes upon binding of a ligand at the ligand
   binding site. The ligand may be, for example, an enzyme present in an
   environment only under certain conditions, e.g., ubiquitin ligase in a
   hypoxic state, such that the light-generating fusion protein is "turned
   on" only under such conditions.
L8 ANSWER 3 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:213734 USPATFULL
TI Method to screen phage display libraries with different ligands
IN Tomlinson, Ian, Cambridge, UNITED KINGDOM
    Winter, Greg, London, UNITED KINGDOM
                     A1 20030807
PI US 2003148372
AI US 2001-968744 A1 20011001 (9)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2000-511939, filed on 24 Feb 2000, PENDING
PRAI GB 1997-22131
                        19971020
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP PALMER & DODGE, LLP, KATHLEEN M. WILLIAMS / STR, 111 HUNTINGTON AVENUE,
   BOSTON, MA, 02199
CLMN Number of Claims: 14
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2176
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AB The present invention relates to methods for selecting repertoires of polypeptides using generic and target ligands. In particular, the invention relates to a library wherein the folded members have binding sites for both generic and target ligands.

L8 ANSWER 4 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:207869 USPATFULL

TI Peptide-enhanced transfections

IN Hawley-Nelson, Pamela, Silver Spring, MD, UNITED STATES Lan, Jianqing, Germantown, MD, UNITED STATES Shih, PoJen, Columbia, MD, UNITED STATES Jessee, Joel A., Mt. Airy, MD, UNITED STATES Schifferli, Kevin P., Germantown, MD, UNITED STATES Gebeyehu, Gulilat, Silver Spring, MD, UNITED STATES Ciccarone, Valentina C., Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES Evans, Krista L., Germantown, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003144230 A1 20030731

AI US 2002-200879 A1 20020723 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-911569, filed on 23 Jul 2001, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-39780, filed on 16 Mar 1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6376248 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-818200, filed on 14 Mar 1997, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6051429 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-658130, filed on 4 Jun 1996, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5736392 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-477354, filed on 7 Jun 1995, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP GREENLEE WINNER AND SULLIVAN P C, 5370 MANHATTAN CIRCLE, SUITE 201, BOULDER, CO, 80303

CLMN Number of Claims: 77

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 12 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4805

eukaryotic cells comprising nucleic acid complexes with peptides, wherein the peptide is optionally covalently coupled to a nucleic acid-binding group, and cationic lipids or dendrimers as transfection agents. The invention also provides transfection compositions in which a peptide is covalently linked to the transfection agent (lipid, cationic lipid or dendrimer). Inclusion of peptides or modified-peptides in transfection compositions or covalent attachment of peptides to transfection agents results in enhanced transfection efficiency. Methods for the preparation of transfection compositions and methods of using these transfection compositions as intracellular delivery agents and extracellular targeting agents are also disclosed.

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:207194 USPATFULL

TI Novel compositions and methods for the identification, assessment, prevention and therapy of human cancers

IN Clark, Edwin, Ashland, MA, UNITED STATES
 Grenfell-Lee, Tallessyn, Cambridge, MA, UNITED STATES
 Lu, Karen, Houston, TX, UNITED STATES
 Hartmann, Lynn, Rochester, MN, UNITED STATES
 Brown, Jeffrey L., Arlington, MA, UNITED STATES

PA Millennium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Cambridge, MA, UNITED STATES, 02139 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003143552 A1 20030731

AI US 2002-71510 A1 20020208 (10)

PRAI US 2001-267276P 20010208 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP LAHIVE & COCKFIELD, 28 STATE STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02109

CLMN Number of Claims: 69 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 4574

AB The present invention is directed to the identification of markers that can be used to determine whether tumors are sensitive or resistant to a therapeutic agent. The present invention is also directed to the identification of therapeutic targets. The invention features a number of sensitivity and resistance markers. These are markers that are expressed in most or all cell lines that are sensitive to treatment with an agent and which are not expressed (or are expressed at a rather low level) in cells that are resistant to treatment with that agent. The invention also features a number of "resistance markers." These are markers that are expressed in most or all cell lines that are resistant to treatment with an agent and which are not expressed (or are expressed at a rather low level) in cells that are sensitive to treatment with that agent. The invention also features marker sets that can predict patients that are likely to respond or not to respond to an agent.

L8 ANSWER 6 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:206860 USPATFULL

TI Compositions containing nucleic acids and ligands for therapeutic treatment

IN Baird, J. Andrew, London, UNITED KINGDOM Chandler, Lois Ann, Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES Sosnowski, Barbara A., Coronado, CA, UNITED STATES

PA Selective Genetics, Inc., San Diego, CA (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003143217 A1 20030731

AI US 2002-189360 A1 20020702 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-449249, filed on 24 Nov 1999, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6503886 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-718904, filed on 24 Sep 1996, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6037329 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-441979, filed on 16 May 1995, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-213446, filed on 15 Mar 1994, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-213447, filed on 15 Mar 1994, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-305771, filed on 13 Sep 1994, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-297961, filed on 29 Aug 1994, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 33

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 25 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7685

AB Preparations of conjugates of a receptor-binding internalized ligand and

a cytocide-encoding agent and compositions containing such preparations are provided. The conjugates contain a polypeptide that is reactive with an FGF receptor, such as bFGF, or another heparin-binding growth factor, cytokine, or growth factor coupled to a nucleic acid binding domain. One or more linkers may be used in the conjugation. The linker is selected to increase the specificity, toxicity, solubility, serum stability, or intracellular availability, and promote nucleic acid condensation of the targeted moiety. The conjugates are complexed with a cytocide-encoding agent, such as DNA encoding saporin. Conjugates of a receptor-binding internalized ligand to a nucleic acid molecule are also provided.

L8 ANSWER 7 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:206847 USPATFULL

TI Inhibition of RNA function by delivery of inhibitors to animal cells

IN Lewis, David L., Madison, WI, UNITED STATES
Hagstrom, James E., Madison, WI, UNITED STATES
Herweijer, Hans, Madison, WI, UNITED STATES
Loomis, Aaron G., Prairie du Sac, WI, UNITED STATES
Monahan, Sean D., Madison, WI, UNITED STATES
Trubetskoy, Vladimir S., Madison, WI, UNITED STATES
Wolff, Jon A., Madison, WI, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003143204 A1 20030731

AI US 2002-186757 A1 20020701 (10)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-917154, filed on 27 Jul 2001, PENDING

PRAI US 2001-315394P 20010827 (60)

US 2001-324155P 20010920 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Mark K. Johnson, Mirus, 505 South Rosa Road, Madison, WI, 53719

CLMN Number of Claims: 10

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 6 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2010

AB Described is a process for delivering an inhibitor directed against an expressible nucleic acid sequence in a mammal to inhibit RNA function. An RNA function inhibiting sequence that is specific to the expressible nucleic acid sequence in the mammal is made and inserted into a blood vessel in the mammal. The inhibitor is delivered to a cell wherein expression of the nucleic acid sequence is inhibited.

L8 ANSWER 8 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:201388 USPATFULL

TI Combined methods for tumor vasculature coagulation and treatment

IN Thorpe, Philip E., Dallas, TX, UNITED STATES
King, Steven W., Rancho Santa Margarita, CA, UNITED STATES
Gottstein, Claudia, Dallas, TX, UNITED STATES

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System and Peregrine Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003139374 A1 20030724

AI US 2002-259236 A1 20020927 (10)

PRAI US 2001-325532P 20010927 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Shelley P.M. Fussey, Williams, Morgan & Amerson, P.C., Suite 250, 7676

Hillmont, Houston, TX, 77040 CLMN Number of Claims: 43 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10003

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are various defined combinations of agents for use in improved anti-vascular therapies and coagulative tumor treatment. Particularly provided are combined treatment methods, and associated compositions, pharmaceuticals, medicaments, kits and uses, which together function surprisingly effectively in the treatment of vascularized tumors. The invention preferably involves a component or treatment step that enhances the effectiveness of therapy using targeted or non-targeted coagulants to cause tumor vasculature thrombosis.

L8 ANSWER 9 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:200457 USPATFULL

Multimeric proteins and methods of making and using same

IN Fang, Fang, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Luo, Guang-Xiang, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Kohlstaedt, Lori Allison, La Jolla, CA, UNITED STATES Charles, Catherine Helen, Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003138440 A1 20030724

AI US 2002-199957 A1 20020719 (10)

PRAI US 2001-306746P 20010719 (60)

US 2001-335425P 20011130 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Pillsbury Winthrop LLP, Intellectual Property Group, P.O. Box 10500, McLean, VA, 22102

CLMN Number of Claims: 112

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 9 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3098

The invention provides multimerization polypeptides capable of conferring formation of multimers when the multimerization polypeptide is linked to a molecule, such as a heterologous polypeptide sequence.

L8 ANSWER 10 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:194161 USPATFULL

TI Senescent cell-derived inhibitors of DNA synthesis

IN Smith, James R., Houston, TX, UNITED STATES Noda, Asao, Kita-ku, JAPAN Adami, Guy, Chicago, IL, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003133971 A1 20030717

AI US 2001-8960 A1 20011207 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1994-327874, filed on 24 Oct 1994, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6372249 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1994-US9700, filed on 26 Aug 1994, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-274535, filed on 13 Jul 1994, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-229420, filed on 15 Apr 1994, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-203535, filed on 25 Feb 1994, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-153564, filed on 17 Nov 1993, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-113372, filed on 30 Aug 1993, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

1992-970462, filed on 2 Nov 1992, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5302706 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-160814, filed on 3 Jan 1994, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5424400 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-268439, filed on 30 Jun 1994, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-808523, filed on 16 Dec 1991, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP CLIFFORD CHANCE US LLP, 200 PARK AVENUE, NEW YORK, NY, 10166

CLMN Number of Claims: 20

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 9 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5449

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The use of liposomal formulations, particularly formulations of positively charged and neutral lipids facilitates cellular uptake of SDI molecules. The transcription and/or expression of SDI-1-encoding nucleic acid molecules is facilitated by constructs that contain intervening untranslated regions.

L8 ANSWER 11 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:187407 USPATFULL

TI Combined methods for tumor vasculature coaguligand treatment

IN Thorpe, Philip E., Dallas, TX, UNITED STATES King, Steven W., Rancho Santa Margarita, CA, UNITED STATES Gottstein, Claudia, Dallas, TX, UNITED STATES

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System and Peregrine Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003129193 A1 20030710

AI US 2002-259227 A1 20020927 (10)

PRAI US 2001-325532P 20010927 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Shelley P.M. Fussey, Williams, Morgan & Amerson, P.C., Suite 250, 7676 Hillmont, Houston, TX, 77040

CLMN Number of Claims: 45

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10012

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are various defined combinations of agents for use in improved anti-vascular therapies and coagulative tumor treatment. Particularly provided are combined treatment methods, and associated compositions, pharmaceuticals, medicaments, kits and uses, which together function surprisingly effectively in the treatment of vascularized tumors. The invention preferably involves a component or treatment step that enhances the effectiveness of therapy using targeted or non-targeted coagulants to cause tumor vasculature thrombosis.

L8 ANSWER 12 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:180797 USPATFULL

TI Diagnostic and therapeutic compositions and methods related to chemokine (C motif) XC receptor 1 (CCXCR1), a G protein-coupled receptor (GPCR)

IN Burmer, Glenna C., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATESWoodward, Madeline L., Mercer Island, WA, UNITED STATESRoush, Christine L., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Brown, Joseph P., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003124627 A1 20030703

AI US 2002-206401 A1 20020726 (10)

PRAI WO 2001-US45218 20011129

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Joshua King, GRAYBEAL JACKSON HALEY LLP, Suite 350, 155-108th Avenue N.E., Bellevue, WA, 98004-5901

CLMN Number of Claims: 22

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 1 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4499

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Systems, methods, compositions, and the like, such as diagnostics, medicaments, and therapeutics relating to CCXCR1 and allergic rhinitis, rheumatoid arthritis, cancers including ovarian, colonic, pancreatic, and prostatic carcinoma, and wound healing. Such diagnostics and therapeutics include peptide, protein, antibody, and nucleic acid based compositions, including agonists, antagonists, probes, antisense, and gene therapy compositions.

L8 ANSWER 13 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:180711 USPATFULL

TI Interventions to mimic the effects of calorie restriction

IN Spindler, Stephen R., Riverside, CA, UNITED STATES

PA The Regents of the University of California (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003124540 A1 20030703

AI US 2002-56749 A1 20020122 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-648642, filed on 25 Aug 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6406853

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

CLMN Number of Claims: 28

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 13 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2446

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Long term calorie restriction has the benefit of increasing life span. Methods to screen interventions that mimic the effects of calorie restriction are disclosed. Extensive analysis of genes for which expression is statistically different between control and calorie restricted animals has demonstrated that specific genes are preferentially expressed during calorie restriction. Screening for interventions which produce the same expression profile will provide interventions that increase life span. In a further aspect, it has been discovered that test animals on a calorie restricted diet for a relatively short time have a similar gene expression profile to test animals which have been on a long term calorie restricted diet.

L8 ANSWER 14 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:180701 USPATFULL

TI Sequence-directed DNA-binding molecules compositons and methods

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, UNITED STATES

Cantor, Charles R., Del Mar, CA, UNITED STATES Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, UNITED STATES Turin, Lisa M., Redwood City, CA, UNITED STATES Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003124530 A1 20030703

AI US 2001-993346 A1 20011113 (9)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1999-354947, filed on 15 Jul 1999, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6384208 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-482080, filed on 7 Jun 1995, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6010849 Division of Ser. No. US 1993-171389, filed on 20 Dec 1993, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5578444 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-123936, filed on 17 Sep 1993, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5726014 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5693463 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP PERKINS COIE LLP, P.O. BOX 2168, MENLO PARK, CA, 94026

CLMN Number of Claims: 33

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 47 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10851

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines a DNA: protein-binding assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind DNA test sequences. The assay is versatile in that any number of test sequences can be tested by placing the test sequence adjacent to a defined protein binding screening sequence. Binding of molecules to these test sequence changes the binding characteristics of the protein molecule to its cognate binding sequence. When such a molecule binds the test sequence the equilibrium of the DNA:protein complexes is disturbed, generating changes in the concentration of free DNA probe. Numerous exemplary target test sequences (SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:600) are set forth. The assay of the present invention is also useful to characterize the preferred binding sequences of any selected DNA-binding molecule.

L8 ANSWER 15 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:180305 USPATFULL

TI Combined compositions for tumor vasculature coaguligand treatment

IN Thorpe, Philip E., Dallas, TX, UNITED STATESKing, Steven W., Rancho Santa Margarita, CA, UNITED STATESGottstein, Claudia, Dallas, TX, UNITED STATES

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003124132 A1 20030703

AI US 2002-259223 A1 20020927 (10)

PRAI US 2001-325532P 20010927 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Shelley P.M. Fussey, Ph.D., WILLIAMS, MORGAN & AMERSON, P.C., Suite 1100, 10333 Richmond Avenue, Houston, TX, 77042

CLMN Number of Claims: 45

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10025

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are various defined combinations of agents for use in improved anti-vascular therapies and coagulative tumor treatment. Particularly provided are combined treatment methods, and associated compositions, pharmaceuticals, medicaments, kits and uses, which together function surprisingly effectively in the treatment of vascularized tumors. The invention preferably involves a component or treatment step that enhances the effectiveness of therapy using targeted or non-targeted coagulants to cause tumor vasculature thrombosis.

L8 ANSWER 16 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:180284 USPATFULL

TI ***Antimicrobial*** agent

IN Rothman, Ulf, St. Peter Port, UNITED KINGDOM

PI US 2003124111 A1 20030703

AI US 2002-231400 A1 20020829 (10)

PRAI SE 2001-2864 20010829

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP JAMES RAY & ASSOCIATES, 2640 Pitcairn Road, Monroeville, PA, 15146

CLMN Number of Claims: 32

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 692

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to the use of a proteineous component isolated from plant chromatin, after dissociation of the same, as an ***antimicrobial*** agent, the proteineous component having an apparent molecular weight between 10 and 20 kD. The proteineous plant component is produced by means of a method comprising the steps of homogenizing a plant material in order to expose its plant chromatin, dissociating the plant chromatin with a dissociating agent under hydrophobic conditions, and separating the dissociated plant chromatin into individual fractions, one comprising the proteineous plant component, by means of a hydrophobic interaction separation procedure.

L8 ANSWER 17 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:172748 USPATFULL

TI Binding domain-immunoglobulin fusion proteins

IN Ledbetter, Jeffrey A., Shoreline, WA, UNITED STATES Hayden-Ledbetter, Martha S., Shoreline, WA, UNITED STATES Thompson, Peter A., Danville, CA, UNITED STATES

PA Genecraft, Inc., Shoreline, WA (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003118592 A1 20030626

AI US 2002-207655 A1 20020725 (10)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-53530, filed on 17 Jan 2002, PENDING

PRAI US 2001-367358P 20010117 (60)

US 2002-385691P 20020603 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 61

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 53 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7939

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to novel binding domain-immunoglobulin fusion proteins that feature a binding domain for a cognate structure such as an antigen, a counterreceptor or the like, a wild-type IgG1, IGA or IgE hinge region polypeptide or a mutant IgG1 hinge region polypeptide having either zero, one or two cysteine residues, and immunoglobulin CH2 and CH3 domains, and that are capable of ADCC and/or CDC while occurring predominantly as polypeptides that are compromised in their ability to form disulfide-linked multimers. The fusion proteins can be recombinantly produced at high expression levels. Also provided are related compositions and methods, including cell surface forms of the fusion proteins and immunotherapeutic applications of the fusion proteins and of polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

L8 ANSWER 18 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:169096 USPATFULL

- TI Nucleic acid sequences and expression system relating to Enterococcus faecium for diagnostics and therapeutics
- IN Doucette-Stamm, Lynn A., Framingham, MA, United States Bush, David, Somerville, MA, United States
- PA Genome Therapeutics Corporation, Waltham, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6583275 B1 20030624

AI US 1998-107532 19980630 (9)

PRAI US 1998-85598P 19980514 (60)

US 1997-51571P 19970702 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Marschel, Ardin H.

LREP Genome Therapeutics Corporation

CLMN Number of Claims: 34

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 15265

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides isolated polypeptide and nucleic acid sequences derived Enterococcus faecium that are useful in diagnosis and therapy of pathological conditions; antibodies against the polypeptides; and methods for the production of the polypeptides. The invention also provides methods for the detection, prevention and treatment of pathological conditions resulting from bacterial infection.

L8 ANSWER 19 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:159828 USPATFULL

TI Diagnosing, treating, and preventing cancer using cables

IN Rueda, Bo R., Windham, NH, UNITED STATES
Zukerberg, Lawrence R., Newton, MA, UNITED STATES
Wu, Chin-Lee, Newton, MA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003109443 A1 20030612

AI US 2002-262480 A1 20021001 (10)

PRAI US 2001-326465P 20011001 (60)

US 2002-356685P 20020214 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP CLARK & ELBING LLP, 101 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02110

CLMN Number of Claims: 54 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 32 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2685

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed herein is are methods of diagnosing, methods for determining the prognosis for treatment of, and methods for identifying candidate compounds for treating, stabilizing, or preventing cancer, for example, endometrial cancer. These methods utilize the novel tumor suppressor protein, Cables.

L8 ANSWER 20 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:159819 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of kidney cancer

IN Algate, Paul A., Issaquah, WA, UNITED STATES
Mannion, Jane, Edmonds, WA, UNITED STATES
Gaiger, Alexander, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
Gordon, Brian, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
Harlocker, Susan L., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003109434 A1 20030612

AI US 2002-102524 A1 20020319 (10)

PRAI US 2001-343340P 20011221 (60)

US 2001-277245P 20010319 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 8067

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly kidney cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more kidney tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly kidney cancer.

L8 ANSWER 21 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:152954 USPATFULL

TI NON-NATIVE POLYMERASE ENCODING NUCLEIC ACID CONSTRUCT

IN RABBBANI, ELAZAR, NEW YORK, NY, UNITED STATES STAVRIANOPOULOS, JANNIS G., BAY SHORE, NY, UNITED STATES DONEGAN, JAMES J., LONG BEACH, NY, UNITED STATES LIU, DAKAI, BETHPAGE, NY, UNITED STATES KELKER, NORMAN E., NEW YORK, NY, UNITED STATES ENGELHARDT, DEAN L., NEW YORK, NY, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003104620 A1 20030605

AI US 1997-978636 A1 19971125 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1995-574443, filed on 15 Dec 1995, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP ENZO DIAGNOSTICS, INC., C/O ENZO BIOCHEM INC., 527 MADISON AVENUE 9TH FLOOR, NEW YORK, NY, 10022

CLMN Number of Claims: 244

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 51 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5162

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides an array of compositions useful for effecting and/or exhibiting changes in biological functioning and processing within cells and in biological systems containing such cells. In effect, these compositions combine chemical modifications and/or ligand additions with biological functions. The chemical modifications and/or ligand additions provide additional characteristics to the compositions without interfering substantially with their biological function. Such additional characteristics include nuclease resistance, targeting specific cells or specific cell receptors localizing to specific sites within cells and augmenting interactions between the compositions and target cells of interest as well as decreasing such interactions when desired. Also provided by the present invention are processes and kits.

L8 ANSWER 22 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:152696 USPATFULL

TI CELL-CYCLE REGULATORY PROTEINS FROM HUMAN PATHOGENS, AND USES RELATED THERETO

IN COTTAREL, GUILLAUME, ARLINGTON, MA, UNITED STATES DAMAGNEZ, VERONIQUE, CAMBRIDGE, MA, UNITED STATES DRAETTA, GIULIO, OPERA, ITALY

PI US 2003104362 A1 20030605

AI US 1998-72994 A1 19980505 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-463090, filed on 5 Jun 1995, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5801015

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP ROPES & GRAY, ONE INTERNATIONAL PLACE, BOSTON, MA, 02110-2624

CLMN Number of Claims: 36

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 2 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2903

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to the discovery of novel cell cycle regulatory proteins from the human pathogen Candida.

L8 ANSWER 23 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:146199 USPATFULL

TI Combination therapy involving drugs which target cellular proteins and drugs which target pathogen-encoded proteins

IN Schaffer, Priscilla A., Boston, MA, UNITED STATES Schang, Luis M., Edmonton, CANADA

PI US 2003099944 A1 20030529

AI US 2000-905687 A1 20001206 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-951058, filed on 12 Sep 2000,

PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-656592, filed on 7 Sep 2000, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1999-US16252, filed on 16 Jul 1999, PENDING

PRAI US 1998-94805P 19980731 (60)

US 1999-131264P 19990427 (60)

US 1999-140926P 19990624 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

CLMN Number of Claims: 20

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 38 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4046

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to the identification of cdk inhibitors as inhibitors of pathogen gene expression, replication and reactivation. The invention also relates to the identification of a combination therapy to inhibit pathogen replication in which a drug that inhibits pathogen replication by targeting a specific pathogen-encoded protein is administered in combination with a drug that inhibits pathogen replication by targeting host-encoded cdk proteins. Compositions and assays for the identification and use of such inhibitors are provided as are methods of use of the inhibitors

L8 ANSWER 24 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:140406 USPATFULL

TI Human cDNAs and proteins and uses thereof

IN Bejanin, Stephane, Paris, FRANCE Tanaka, Hiroaki, Antony, FRANCE

PA GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003096247 A1 20030522

AI US 2001-986 A1 20011114 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2001-924340, filed on 6 Aug 2001, PENDING

PRAI WO 2001-IB1715 20010806

US 2001-305456P 20010713 (60)

US 2001-302277P 20010629 (60)

US 2001-298698P 20010615 (60)

US 2001-293574P 20010525 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., GENSET CORP., 10665 Sorrento Valley Road, San Diego, CA, 92121-1609

CLMN Number of Claims: 13

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 25656

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention concerns GENSET polynucleotides and polypeptides. Such GENSET products may be used as reagents in forensic analyses, as chromosome markers, as tissue/cell/organelle-specific markers, in the production of expression vectors. In addition, they may be used in screening and diagnosis assays for abnormal GENSET expression and/or biological activity and for screening compounds that may be used in the treatment of GENSET-related disorders.

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L8 ANSWER 25 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN AN 2003:133926 USPATFULL
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TI Human cDNAs and proteins and uses thereof

IN Bejanin, Stephane, Paris, FRANCE Tanaka, Hiroaki, Antony, FRANCE

PA GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003092011 A1 20030515

Al US 2001-489 A1 20011114 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2001-924340, filed on 6 Aug 2001, PENDING

PRAI WO 2001-IB1715 20010806

US 2001-305456P 20010713 (60)

US 2001-302277P 20010629 (60)

US 2001-298698P 20010615 (60)

US 2001-293574P 20010525 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., GENSET CORP., 10665 Sorrento Valley Road, San Diego, CA, 92121-1609

CLMN Number of Claims: 13

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 25607

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention concerns GENSET polynucleotides and polypeptides. Such GENSET products may be used as reagents in forensic analyses, as chromosome markers, as tissue/cell/organelle-specific markers, in the production of expression vectors. In addition, they may be used in screening and diagnosis assays for abnormal GENSET expression and/or biological activity and for screening compounds that may be used in the treatment of GENSET-related disorders.

L8 ANSWER 26 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:130010 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to Acinetobacter baumannii for diagnostics and therapeutics

IN Breton, Gary, Marlborough, MA, United States Bush, David, Somerville, MA, United States

PA Genome Therapeutics Corporation, Waltham, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6562958 B1 20030513

AI US 1999-328352 19990604 (9)

PRAI US 1998-88701P 19980609 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Borin, Michael LREP Genome Therapeutics Corporation

CLMN Number of Claims: 15

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 16618

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides isolated polypeptide and nucleic acid sequences derived from Acinetobacter mirabilis that are useful in diagnosis and therapy of pathological conditions; antibodies against the polypeptides;

and methods for the production of the polypeptides. The invention also provides methods for the detection, prevention and treatment of pathological conditions resulting from bacterial infection.

L8 ANSWER 27 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:127221 USPATFULL

TI PROCESS FOR SELECTIVE EXPRESSION OF NUCLEIC ACID PRODUCTS

IN RABBANI, ELAZAR, NEW YORK, NY, UNITED STATES STAVRIANOPOULOS, JANNIS G., BAY SHORE, NY, UNITED STATES DONEGAN, JAMES J., LONG BEACH, NY, UNITED STATES LIU, DAKAI, BETHPAGE, NY, UNITED STATES KELKER, NORMAM E., NEW YORK, NY, UNITED STATES ENGELHARDT, DEAN L., NEW YORK, NY, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003087434 A1 20030508

AI US 1997-978635 A1 19971125 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1995-574443, filed on 15 Dec 1995, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP ENZO THERAPETICS, C/O ENZO BIOCHEM INC, 527 MADISON AVENUE 9TH FLOOR, NEW YORK, NY, 10022

CLMN Number of Claims: 244

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 50 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4844

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides an array of compositions useful for effecting and/or exhibiting changes in biological functioning and processing within cells and in biological systems containing such cells. In effect, these compositions combine chemical modifications and/or ligand additions with biological functions. The chemical modifications and/or ligand additions provide additional characteristics to the compositions without interfering substantially with their biological function. Such additional characteristics include nuclease resistance, targeting specific cells or specific cell receptors localizing to specific sites within cells and augmenting interactions between the compositions and target cells of interest as well as decreasing such interactions when desired. Also provided by the present invention are processes and kits.

L8 ANSWER 28 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:113463 USPATFULL

TI Recombinant production of human ***histone*** 1 subtypes and their use for therapeutic purposes

IN Pohlmeyer, Kai, Fitzbek, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Behnke, Bert, Ahrensburg, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Wick, Ralf Zabiensky geb., Hamburg, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Mayer, Gerd, Hamburg, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF

PI US 2003078204 A1 20030424

AI US 2002-194405 A1 20020712 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. WO 2001-EP290, filed on 11 Jan 2001, UNKNOWN

PRAI DE 2000-10001113 20000113

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SCHWEGMAN, LUNDBERG, WOESSNER & KLUTH, P.A., P.O. BOX 2938, MINNEAPOLIS, MN, 55402

CLMN Number of Claims: 18 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 3 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 475

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to recombinantly produced human ***histone***
-1 subtypes and to their use for therapeutic purposes.

L8 ANSWER 29 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:113075 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins, and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES Barash, Steven C., Rockville, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003077808 A1 20030424

AI US 2001-764891 A1 20010117 (9)

PRAI US 2000-179065P 20000131 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 24 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 59131

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel reproductive system related polynucleotides and the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides herein collectively known as "reproductive system related antigens," and the use of such reproductive system related antigens for detecting disorders of the reproductive system, particularly the presence of cancers and cancer metastases. More specifically, isolated reproductive system associated nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel reproductive system associated polypeptides. Novel reproductive system related polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human reproductive system associated polynucleotides and/or polypeptides. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to the reproductive system, including reproductive system cancers, and therapeutic methods for treating such disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The present invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting the production and function of the polypeptides of the present invention.

L8 ANSWER 30 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:108972 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to pseudomonas aeruginosa for diagnostics and therapeutics

Rubenfield, Marc J., Framingham, MA, United States
 Nolling, Jork, Ouincy, MA, United States
 Deloughery, Craig, Medford, MA, United States
 Bush, David, Somerville, MA, United States

PA Genome Therapeutics Corporation, Waltham, MA, United States (U.S.

corporation)

PI US 6551795 B1 20030422 AI US 1999-252991 19990218 (9) PRAI US 1998-74788P 19980218 (60)

US 1998-94190P 19980727 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Allen, Marianne P. LREP Burns, Doane, Swecker & Mathis, L.L.P.

CLMN Number of Claims: 26 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 21431

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides isolated polypeptide and nucleic acid sequences derived from Pseudomonas aeruginosa that are useful in diagnosis and therapy of pathological conditions; antibodies against the polypeptides; and methods for the production of the polypeptides. The invention also provides methods for the detection, prevention and treatment of pathological conditions resulting from bacterial infection.

L8 ANSWER 31 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:106233 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of pancreatic cancer

IN Benson, Darin R., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Kalos, Michael D., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Lodes, Michael J., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Persing, David H., Redmond, WA, UNITED STATES

Hepler, William T., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003073144 A1 20030417

AI US 2002-60036 A1 20020130 (10)

PRAI US 2001-333626P 20011127 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 14253

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly pancreatic cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more pancreatic tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly pancreatic cancer.

L8 ANSWER 32 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:105883 USPATFULL

TI Encapsulation of plasmid DNA (lipogenes.TM.) and therapeutic agents with nuclear localization signal/fusogenic peptide conjugates into targeted liposome complexes

IN Boulikas, Teni, Mountain View, CA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003072794 A1 20030417

AI US 2001-876904 A1 20010608 (9)

PRAI US 2000-210925P 20000609 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Antoinette F. Konski, Baker & McKenzie, 660 Hansen Way, Palo Alto, CA, 94304

CLMN Number of Claims: 42

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4201

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A method is disclosed for encapsulating plasmids, oligonucleotides or negatively-charged drugs into liposomes having a different lipid composition between their inner and outer membrane bilayers and able to reach primary tumors and their metastases after intravenous injection to animals and humans. The formulation method includes complex formation between DNA with cationic lipid molecules and fusogenic/NLS peptide conjugates composed of a hydrophobic chain of about 10-20 amino acids and also containing four or more histidine residues or NLS at their one end. The encapsulated molecules display therapeutic efficacy in eradicating a variety of solid human tumors including but not limited to breast carcinoma and prostate carcinoma. Combination of the plasmids, oligonucleotides or negatively-charged drugs with other anti-neoplastic drugs (the positively-charged cis-platin, doxorubicin) encapsulated into liposomes are of therapeutic value. Also of therapeutic value in cancer eradication are combinations of encapsulated the plasmids, oligonucleotides or negatively-charged drugs with HSV-tk plus encapsulated ganciclovir.

L8 ANSWER 33 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:100063 USPATFULL

TI Peptide-enhanced transfections

IN Hawley-Nelson, Pamela, Silver Spring, MD, UNITED STATES
Lan, Jianqing, Germantown, MD, UNITED STATES
Shih, PoJen, Columbia, MD, UNITED STATES
Jessee, Joel A., Mt. Airy, MD, UNITED STATES
Schifferli, Kevin P., Germantown, MD, UNITED STATES
Gebeyehu, Gulilat, Silver Spring, MD, UNITED STATES
Ciccarone, Valentina C., Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES
Evans, Krista L., Germantown, MD, UNITED STATES

PA Life Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003069173 A1 20030410

AI US 2001-911569 A1 20010723 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-39780, filed on 16 Mar 1998, PENDING

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP GREENLEE WINNER and SULLIVAN, P.C., Suite 201, 5370 Manhattan Circle, Boulder, CO, 80303

CLMN Number of Claims: 77

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 12 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4787

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides compositions useful for transfecting

eukaryotic cells comprising nucleic acid complexes with
peptides, wherein the peptide is optionally covalently coupled to a
nucleic acid-binding group, and cationic lipids or dendrimers as
transfection agents. The invention also provides transfection
compositions in which a peptide is covalently linked to the transfection
agent (lipid, cationic lipid or dendrimer). Inclusion of peptides or
modified-peptides in transfection compositions or covalent attachment of
peptides to transfection agents results in enhanced transfection
efficiency. Methods for the preparation of transfection compositions and
methods of using these transfection compositions as intracellular
delivery agents and extracellular targeting agents are also disclosed.

L8 ANSWER 34 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:86849 USPATFULL

TI Cellular proteins as targets for the treatment of pathogens resistant to drugs that target pathogen-encoded proteins

IN Schaffer, Priscilla A., Boston, MA, UNITED STATES Schang, Luis M., Edmonton, CANADA

PI US 2003060457 A1 20030327

AI US 2000-905695 A1 20001206 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-951058, filed on 12 Sep 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-656592, filed on 7 Sep 2000, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1999-US16252, filed on 16 Jul 1999, PENDING

PRAI US 1998-94805P 19980731 (60)

US 1999-131264P 19990427 (60)

US 1999-140926P 19990624 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

CLMN Number of Claims: 16

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 38 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3979

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to the identification of cdk inhibitors as inhibitors of gene expression, replication and reactivation in pathogenic agents. Compositions and assays for the identification and use of such inhibitors are provided, as are methods of use of the inhibitors

L8 ANSWER 35 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:81623 USPATFULL

TI BCR-ABL directed compositions and uses for inhibiting Philadelphia chromesome stimulated cell growth

IN Arlinghaus, Ralph B., Bellaire, TX, United States Liu, Jiaxin, Bellaire, TX, United States Lopez-Berestein, Gabriel, Bellaire, TX, United States Lu, Dai, Pearland, TX, United States Wu, Yun, Houston, TX, United States PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas Systems, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

B1 20030325 PI US 6537804

WO 9625520 19960822

AI US 1999-101059 19990621 (9) WO 1996-US2091 19960216

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-390353, filed on 16 Feb 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 6107457

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: McGarry, Sean

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski CLMN Number of Claims: 22 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 33 Drawing Figure(s); 29 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3281

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides methods for detecting and quantitating BCR-ABL gene products and other abnormal ABL gene products of Ph.sup.1-positive leukemic cells. The invention further provides methods for determining the relative number of leukemic cells compared with normal ABL cells to assess the tumor burden of a patient. In another aspect, the methods of the present invention can be used to determine a specific phase of leukemia, particularly chronic-phase CML.

L8 ANSWER 36 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:78469 USPATFULL

TI Methods for identifying agents that induce a cellular phenotype, and compositions thereof

IN Kamb, Carl Alexander, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003054389 A1 20030320

AI US 2002-196408 A1 20020716 (10)

PRAI US 2001-309088P 20010731 (60)

US 2001-305711P 20010716 (60)

US 2001-305712P 20010716 (60)

DT Utility

APPLICATION

LREP MARSHALL, GERSTEIN & BORUN, 6300 SEARS TOWER, 233 SOUTH WACKER, CHICAGO, IL, 60606-6357

CLMN Number of Claims: 15

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 28 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4473

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention is directed to methods for performing negative selection assays leading to the identification of cytostatic or cytotoxic agents that cause a lethal phenotype. The invention is useful also for evaluation of conditional cytotoxicity and cell-specific cytotoxicity.

L8 ANSWER 37 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:78457 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins, and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES

Barash, Steven C., Rockville, MD, UNITED STATES

PA Human Genome Sciences, Inc., Rockville, MD (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003054377 A1 20030320

AI US 2002-102627 A1 20020322 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-764856, filed on 17 Jan 2001, PENDING

PRAI US 2000-179065P 20000131 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 24 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 18653

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel proteins. More specifically, isolated nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel polypeptides. Novel polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human polynucleotides and/or polypeptides, and antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to these novel polypeptides. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The present invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or enhancing the production and function of the polypeptides of the present invention.

L8 ANSWER 38 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:71365 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins, and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES Barash, Steven C., Rockville, MD, UNITED STATES

PA Human Genome Sciences, Inc., Rockville, MD (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003049650 A1 20030313

AI US 2002-91483 A1 20020307 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-764846, filed on 17 Jan 2001, ABANDONED

PRAI US 2000-179065P 20000131 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 24 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 22593

AB The present invention relates to novel proteins. More specifically, isolated nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel polypeptides. Novel polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human polynucleotides and/or polypeptides, and antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to these novel polypeptides. The invention further relates to screening methods for

identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The present invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or enhancing the production and function of the polypeptides of the present invention.

L8 ANSWER 39 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:71317 USPATFULL

TI Inhibitors of microbial gene expression replication and pathogenesis

IN Schaffer, Priscilla A., Boston, MA, UNITED STATES Schang, Luis M., Edmonton, CANADA Jordan, Robert, Erdenheim, PA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003049602 A1 20030313

AI US 2000-905689 A1 20001206 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-951058, filed on 12 Sep 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-656592, filed on 7 Sep 2000, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1999-US16252, filed on 16 Jul 1999, PENDING

PRAI US 1998-94805P 19980731 (60)

US 1999-131264P 19990427 (60) US 1999-140926P 19990624 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

CLMN Number of Claims: 73

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 37 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4213

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to the identification of cdk inhibitors as inhibitors of microbial gene expression, replication and reactivation. Compositions and assays for the identification and use of such inhibitors are provided as are methods of use of the inhibitors

L8 ANSWER 40 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:57930 USPATFULL

TI Methods for halting unwanted cell growth, such as using ligand-directed nucleic acid delivery vehicles

IN Chandler, Lois Ann, Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES
 Sosnowski, Barbara A., Coronado, CA, UNITED STATES
 Baird, Andrew, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
 Pierce, Glenn, Rancho Sante Fe, CA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003040496 A1 20030227

AI US 2001-861257 A1 20010517 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1997-805383, filed on 24 Feb 1997, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-718904, filed on 24 Sep 1996, PATENTED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-441979, filed on 16 May 1995, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-213446, filed on 15 Mar 1994, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-213447, filed on 15 Mar 1994, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-297961, filed on 29 Aug 1994, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-305771, filed on 13 Sep 1994, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,

SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 28

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 24 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 6321

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Methods of treating tumors with preparations of conjugates of a receptor-binding internalized ligand and a cytocide-encoding agent are provided. The conjugates contain a polypeptide that is reactive with an FGF receptor, such as FGF2, or other ligand coupled to a nucleic acid binding domain. One or more linkers may be used in the conjugation. The linker is selected to increase the specificity, toxicity, solubility, serum stability, or intracellular availability, and promote nucleic acid condensation of the targeted moiety. The conjugates are complexed with a cytocide-encoding agent, such as DNA encoding saporin or a prodrug-encoding agent. Conjugates of a receptor-binding internalized ligand to a nucleic acid molecule are also provided.

L8 ANSWER 41 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:53521 USPATFULL

TI Antibody methods for selectively inhibiting VEGF

IN Thorpe, Philip E., Dallas, TX, United States Brekken, Rolf A., Seattle, WA, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6524583 B1 20030225

AI US 2000-561499 20000428 (9)

PRAI US 1999-131432P 19990428 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Chan, Christina; Assistant Examiner: Huynh, Phuong N

LREP Williams, Morgan and Amerson

CLMN Number of Claims: 40

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,4

DRWN 7 Drawing Figure(s); 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10431

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are antibodies that specifically inhibit VEGF binding to only one (VEGFR2) of the two VEGF receptors. The antibodies effectively inhibit angiogenesis and induce tumor regression, and yet have improved safety due to their specificity. The present invention thus provides new antibody-based compositions, methods and combined protocols for treating cancer and other angiogenic diseases. Advantageous immunoconjugate and prodrug compositions and methods using the new VEGF-specific antibodies are also provided.

L8 ANSWER 42 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:47760 USPATFULL

TI Anti-neoplastic compositions and uses thereof

IN Patel, Salil, Cupertino, CA, United States
McArthur, James, San Carlos, CA, United States
Gyuris, Jeno, Winchester, MA, United States
Mendez, Michael J., El Granada, CA, United States
Finer, Mitchell H., Woodside, CA, United States

PA GPC Biotech Inc., Waltham, MA, United States (U.S. corporation) Cell Genesys, Inc., Foster City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6521602 B1 20030218

AI US 2000-516065 20000301 (9)

PRAI US 1999-122974P 19990301 (60)

US 1999-128271P 19990408 (60)

US 1999-128515P 19990409 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Priebe, Scott D.

LREP Roylance, Abrams et al.

CLMN Number of Claims: 11

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,10

DRWN 30 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3164

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed is a nucleic acid composition consisting essentially of a first nucleic acid sequence encoding a chimeric CDKi protein and a second nudeic acid sequence encoding an adenovirus E4 protein, wherein the first and second nucleic acid sequences are operably linked to at least one regulatory sequence.

L8 ANSWER 43 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:40533 USPATFULL

TI Methods for the inhibition of epstein-barr virus transmission employing anti-viral peptides capable of abrogating viral fusion and transmission

IN Barney, Shawn O'Lin, Cary, NC, United States Lambert, Dennis Michael, Cary, NC, United States Petteway, Stephen Robert, Cary, NC, United States

PA Trimeris, Inc., Durham, NC, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6518013 B1 20030211

AI US 1995-485546 19950607 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-360107, filed on 20 Dec 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 6017536 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-255208, filed on 7 Jun 1994 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-73028, filed on 7 Jun 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5464933

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Scheiner, Laurie; Assistant Examiner: Parkin, Jeffrey S.

LREP Pennie & Edmonds LLP, Nelson, M. Bud

CLMN Number of Claims: 22

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 84 Drawing Figure(s); 83 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 24700

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Fusion of the viral envelope, or infected cell membranes with uninfected cell membranes, is an essential step in the viral life cycle. Recent studies involving the human immunodeficiency virus type 1(HIV-1) demonstrated that synthetic peptides (designated DP-107 and DP-178) derived from potential helical regions of the transmembrane (TM) protein, gp41, were potent inhibitors of viral fusion and infection. A computerized antiviral searching technology (C.A.S.T.) that detects related structural motifs (e.g., ALLMOTI 5, 107.times.178.times.4, and PLZIP) in other viral proteins was employed to identify similar regions

in the Epstein-Barr virus (EBV). Several conserved heptad repeat domains that are predicted to form coiled-coil structures with antiviral activity were identified in the EBV genome. Synthetic peptides of 16 to 39 amino acids derived from these regions were prepared and their antiviral activities assessed in a suitable in vitro screening assay. These peptides proved to be potent inhibitors of EBV fusion. Based upon their structural and functional equivalence to the known HIV-1 inhibitors DP-107 and DP-178, these peptides should provide a novel approach to the development of targeted therapies for the treatment of EBV infections.

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L8 ANSWER 44 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN
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AN 2003:37603 USPATFULL

TI Human cDNAs and proteins and uses thereof

IN Bejanin, Stephane, Paris, FRANCE

Tanaka, Hiroaki, Antony, FRANCE

PA GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003027248 A1 20030206

AI US 2001-924340 A1 20010806 (9)

PRAI US 2001-305456P 20010713 (60)

US 2001-302277P 20010629 (60)

US 2001-298698P 20010615 (60)

US 2001-293574P 20010525 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP GENSET, JOHN LUCAS, PHD, J.D., 10665 SORRENTO VALLEY RD, SAN DIEGO, CA, 92121

CLMN Number of Claims: 13

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 25650

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention concerns GENSET polynucleotides and polypeptides. Such GENSET products may be used as reagents in forensic analyses, as chromosome markers, as tissue/cell/organelle-specific markers, in the production of expression vectors. In addition, they may be used in screening and diagnosis assays for abnormal GENSET expression and/or biological activity and for screening compounds that may be used in the treatment of GENSET-related disorders.

L8 ANSWER 45 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:37516 USPATFULL

TI Human cDNAs and proteins and uses thereof

IN Bejanin, Stephane, Paris, FRANCE Tanaka, Hiroaki, Antony, FRANCE

PA GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003027161 A1 20030206

AI US 2001-992600 A1 20011113 (9)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2001-924340, filed on 6 Aug 2001, PENDING

PRAI WO 2001-IB1715 20010806

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., GENSET CORP., 10665 Sorrento Valley Road, San Diego, CA, 92121-1609

CLMN Number of Claims: 13

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 25529

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention concerns GENSET polynucleotides and polypeptides. Such GENSET products may be used as reagents in forensic analyses, as chromosome markers, as tissue/cell/organelle-specific markers, in the production of expression vectors. In addition, they may be used in screening and diagnosis assays for abnormal GENSET expression and/or biological activity and for screening compounds that may be used in the treatment of GENSET-related disorders.

L8 ANSWER 46 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:30251 USPATFULL

TI Light-emitting fusion proteins and diagnostic and therapeutic methods therefor

IN Kaelin, William G., JR., Boston, MA, UNITED STATES Livingston, David M., Brookline, MA, UNITED STATES Kim, Tae-You, Seoul, KOREA, REPUBLIC OF

PI US 2003022198 A1 20030130

AI US 2002-101662 A1 20020319 (10)

PRAI US 2001-277425P 20010320 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Ivor R. Elrifi, Ph.D., MINTZ, LEVIN, COHN, FERRIS,, GLOVSKY and POPEO, P.C., One Financial Center, Boston, MA, 02111

CLMN Number of Claims: 65

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 28 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3094

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Light-generating fusion proteins having a ligand binding site and a light-generating polypeptide moiety and their use as diagnostics, in drug screening and discovery, and as therapeutics, are disclosed. The light-generating fusion protein has a feature where the bioluminescence of the polypeptide moiety changes upon binding of a ligand at the ligand binding site. The ligand may be, for example, an enzyme present in an environment only under certain conditions, e.g., ubiquitin ligase in a hypoxic state, such that the light-generating fusion protein is "turned on" only under such conditions.

L8 ANSWER 47 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:29854 USPATFULL

TI Method of enhancing T cell immunity by selection of antigen specific T cells

IN Ignatowicz, Leszek, Evans, GA, UNITED STATES Kraj, Piotr, Augusta, GA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003021796 A1 20030130

AI US 2002-137745 A1 20020502 (10)

PRAI US 2001-288867P 20010504 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Charles P. Landrum, FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI L.L.P., SUITE 2400, 600 CONGRESS AVENUE, AUSTIN, TX, 78701-3271

CLMN Number of Claims: 38

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 17 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 3185

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed is an in vivo system for the development of CD4.sup.+ T cells bearing class II MHC restricted TCR. The cells are induced by the administration of a positively selecting, soluble peptide. Following peptide delivery, double-positive CD4.sup.+CD8.sup.+ cells expressing this TCR differentiate into CD4.sup.+ cells in vivo, or in vitro in thymic organ cultures. This system facilitates the development of antigen-specific functional CD4.sup.+ T cells in a controlled manner, after administration of the peptide. The positively selected CD4.sup.+ T cells remain in the periphery for a prolonged time and respond to the appropriate antigenic challenge.

L8 ANSWER 48 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:23331 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer

IN Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003017167 A1 20030123

AI US 2001-904456 A1 20010711 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-878722, filed on 8 Jun 2001, PENDING

PRAI US 2001-290240P 20010510 (60)

US 2000-256571P 20001218 (60)

US 2000-210821P 20000609 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 8237

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as colon cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more colon tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a colon tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as colon cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a colon tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.

L8 ANSWER 49 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:6894 USPATFULL

TI Compositions containing nucleic acids and ligands for therapeutic treatment

IN Baird, J. Andrew, San Diego, CA, United States Chandler, Lois Ann, Encinitas, CA, United States Sosnowski, Barbara A., Coronado, CA, United States

PA Selective Genetics, Inc., San Diego, CA, United States (U.S.

corporation)

PI US 6503886 B1 20030107

AI US 1999-449249 19991124 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-718904, filed on 24 Sep 1996, now patented, Pat. No. US 6037329, issued on 14 Mar 2000 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-441979, filed on 16 May 1995, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-213446, filed on 15 Mar 1994, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-213447, filed on 15 Mar 1994, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-297961, filed on 29 Aug 1994, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-305771, filed on 13 Sep 1994, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Nguyen, Dave T.

LREP Seed Intellectual Property Law Group PLLC

CLMN Number of Claims: 29

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 41 Drawing Figure(s); 25 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7526

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Preparations of conjugates of a receptor-binding internalized ligand and a cytocide-encoding agent and compositions containing such preparations are provided. The conjugates contain a polypeptide that is reactive with an FGF receptor, such as bFGF, or another heparin-binding growth factor, cytokine, or growth factor coupled to a nucleic acid binding domain. One or more linkers may be used in the conjugation. The linker is selected to increase the specificity, toxicity, solubility, serum stability, or intracellular availability, and promote nucleic acid condensation of the targeted moiety. The conjugates are complexed with a cytocide-encoding agent, such as DNA encoding saporin. Conjugates of a receptor-binding internalized ligand to a nucleic acid molecule are also provided.

L8 ANSWER 50 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN .2002:344628 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the detection, diagnosis and therapy of hematological malignancies

IN Gaiger, Alexander, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES Algate, Paul A., Issaquah, WA, UNITED STATES Mannion, Jane, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002198362 A1 20021226

AI US 2001-796692 A1 20010301 (9)

PRAI US 2000-223378P 20000807 (60)

US 2000-223416P 20000804 (60)

US 2000-222903P 20000803 (60)

US 2000-218950P 20000714 (60)

US 2000-206201P 20000522 (60)

US 2000-202084P 20000504 (60)

US 2000-200999P 20000501 (60)

US 2000-200303P 20000428 (60)

US 2000-200779P 20000428 (60)

US 2000-200545P 20000427 (60)

US 2000-190479P 20000317 (60)

US 2000-186126P 20000301 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

CLMN Number of Claims: 100

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 19014

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are methods and compositions for the detection, diagnosis, prognosis, and therapy of hematological malignancies, and in particular, human leukemias and lymphomas of the follicular, Hodgkin's and B cell and T cll non-Hodgkin's types. Disclosed are compositions, methods and kits for eliciting immune and T cell responses to specific malignancy-related antigenic polypeptides and antigenic polypeptide fragments thereof in an animal. Also disclosed are compositions and methods for use in the identification of cells and biological samples containing one or more hematological malignancy-related compositions, and methods for the detection and diagnosis of such diseases and affected cell types. Also disclosed are diagnostic and therapeutic kits, as well as methods for the diagnosis, therapy and/or prevention of a variety of leukemias and lymphomas.

L8 ANSWER 51 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:337379 USPATFULL

TI Pharmaceuticals and methods for treating hypoxia and screening methods therefor

IN Kaelin, William G., JR., Boston, MA, UNITED STATES Ivan, Mircea, Cambridge, MA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002192737 A1 20021219

AI US 2002-101812 A1 20020319 (10)

PRAI US 2001-277425P 20010320 (60)

US 2001-277431P 20010320 (60)

US 2001-277440P 20010320 (60)

US 2001-332493P 20011109 (60)

US 2001-332334P 20011109 (60)

US 2001-345200P 20011109 (60)

US 2001-345131P 20011220 (60)

US 2001-342598P 20011220 (60)

US 2001-345132P 20011220 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Ivor R. Elrifi, MINTZ, LEVIN, COHN, FERRIS,, GLOVSKY and POPEO, P.C.,

One Financial Center, Boston, MA, 02111

CLMN Number of Claims: 54

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 27 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3858

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Light-generating fusion proteins having a ligand binding site and a light-generating polypeptide moiety and their use as diagnostics, in drug screening and discovery, and as therapeutics, are disclosed. The light-generating fusion protein has a feature where the bioluminescence of the polypeptide moiety changes upon binding of a ligand at the ligand binding site. Tie ligand may be, for example, an enzyme present in an environment only under certain conditions, e.g., ubiquitin ligase in a

hypoxic state, such that the light-generating fusion protein is "turned on" only under such conditions.

L8 ANSWER 52 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:330253 USPATFULL

TI Methods of treating liver disease and liver damage with growth hormone and foxM1B

IN Costa, Robert H., Oak Park, IL, UNITED STATES

Wang, Xinhe, Chicago, IL, UNITED STATES

Adami, Guy, Brookfield, IL, UNITED STATES

Tan, Yongjun, Arlington Heights, IL, UNITED STATES

Krupczak-Hollis, Katherine, Chicago, IL, UNITED STATES

PA Board of Trustees for the University of Illinois (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002187936 A1 20021212

AI US 2002-151587 A1 20020517 (10)

PRAI US 2001-291789P 20010517 (60)

US 2001-305821P 20010716 (60)

US 2001-315484P 20010828 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP MCDONNELL BOEHNEN HULBERT & BERGHOFF, 300 SOUTH WACKER DRIVE, SUITE 3200, CHICAGO, IL, 60606

CLMN Number of Claims: 144

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 23 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2973

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides a method of treating liver damage or disease in a patient by stimulating liver regeneration. Specifically, the invention provides a method of inducing liver cell proliferation comprising contacting liver cells that express FoxM1B protein with growth hormone. The invention also provides methods of screening for compounds that induce FoxM1B protein expression, nuclear localization, or both expression and nuclear localization. The invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising selected compounds and methods of using such compositions.

L8 ANSWER 53 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:329447 USPATFULL

TI Methods for viral oncoapoptosis in cancer therapy

IN Blaho, John A., New York, NY, UNITED STATES Aubert, Martine, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

PA Mount Sinai School of Medicine (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002187126 A1 20021212

AI US 2002-118655 A1 20020408 (10)

PRAI US 2001-282214P 20010406 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP DARBY & DARBY P.C., P. O. BOX 5257, NEW YORK, NY, 10150-5257

CLMN Number of Claims: 40

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 1772

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides an effective approach to inducing

apoptosis of cancer cells, for anti-cancer therapy, using modified herpes viruses (HSV). The modification, deletion of an immediate early gene, results in a replication defective HSV (rdHSV). As a result of deletion of the immediate early gene, specifically ICP27 or ICP4, or both, the modified HSV is unable to complete its replication cycle while inducing apoptosis of the infected tumor cell. A particular advantage of this approach is that induction of apoptosis is specific for tumor cells, but not for normal cells. Moreover, the modified HSV can be engineered to contain a cancer therapeutic gene, i.e., it can act as a cancer therapeutic gene therapy vector, although it has potent anti-tumor activity on its own.

L8 ANSWER 54 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

- AN 2002:314649 USPATFULL
- TI Human rhinovirus assays, and compositions therefrom
- IN Kamb, Carl Alexander, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATESPoritz, Mark Aaron, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATESTeng, David Heng-Fai, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES
- PI US 2002177125 A1 20021128
- AI US 2001-991003 A1 20011116 (9)
- RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-812994, filed on 4 Mar 1997, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5955275 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-259155, filed on 26 Feb 1999, ABANDONED
- PRAI US 2000-253333P 20001127 (60)

US 2001-272026P 20010228 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Joseph A. Williams, Jr. Ph.D., Marshall, Gerstein, & Borun, 6300 Sears Tower, 233 South Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL, 60606-6402

CLMN Number of Claims: 57

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 21 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3734

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Methods for assaying for viral-related activity are disclosed. The assays of the invention provide for the identification of biologically active phenotypic probes and cellular targets and fragments, variants and mimetics thereof.

L8 ANSWER 55 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:310941 USPATFULL

- TI Suppression of cyclin kinase 2 activity for prevention and treatment of DNA viral infections
- IN Albrecht, Thomas, Galveston, TX, United States
 Thompson, Aubrey E., Dickinson, TX, United States
 Bresnahan, Wade, Plainsboro, NJ, United States
 Meijer, Laurent, Roscoff, FRANCE
- PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)
- PI US 6486166 B1 20021126
- AI US 1999-389830 19990903 (9)
- RLI Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1998-US4154, filed on 2 Mar 1998

PRAI US 1997-38126P 19970303 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Webman, Edward J.

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski CLMN Number of Claims: 27 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 30 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1990

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB An important aspect of the present invention is a method for inhibiting proliferation of a DNA virus dependent upon events associated with cell proliferation for replication. The DNA virus includes any of the herpesvirus family, and most particularly human cytomegalovirus. The method involves administering prophylactically or therapeutically effective amount of a cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor to a patient or animal.

L8 ANSWER 56 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:303980 USPATFULL

TI Modification of mutated P53 gene in tumors by retroviral delivery of ribozyme A

IN Roth, Jack A., Houston, TX, United StatesCai, De Wei, Cheltenham, PA, United StatesMukhopadhyay, Tapas, Houston, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6482803 B1 20021119

AI US 1995-523030 19950901 (8)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: LeGuyader, John L.

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski CLMN Number of Claims: 25 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,4

DRWN 12 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2784

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention discloses expression constructs and methods for employing them that result in the modulation of abnormal oncogene and tumor suppressor genes in a novel approach to cancer prevention and therapy. In one embodiment, an expression construct expresses a ribozyme that inactivates mutant p53 and also expresses the functional p53.

L8 ANSWER 57 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:297296 USPATFULL .

TI Methods for inhibition of membrane fusion-associated events, including respiratory syncytial virus transmission

IN Bolognesi, Dani Paul, Durham, NC, United States
 Matthews, Thomas James, Durham, NC, United States
 Wild, Carl T., Durham, NC, United States
 Barney, Shawn O'Lin, Cary, NC, United States
 Lambert, Dennis Michael, Cary, NC, United States
 Petteway, Stephen Robert, Cary, NC, United States
 Langlois, Alphonse J., Durham, NC, United States

PA Trimeris, Inc., Durham, NC, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6479055 B1 20021112

AI US 1995-470896 19950606 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-360107, filed on 20 Dec 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 6017536 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-255208, filed on 7 Jun 1994 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-73028, filed on 7 Jun 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5464933

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Stucker, Jeffrey

LREP Pennie & Edmonds LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 44

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 84 Drawing Figure(s); 83 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 26553

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to peptides which exhibit potent anti-viral activity. In particular, the invention relates to methods of using such peptides as inhibitory of respiratory syncytial virus ("RSV") transmission to uninfected cells. The peptides used in the methods of the invention are homologs of the DP-178 and DP-107 peptides, peptides corresponding to amino acid residues 638 to 673, and to amino acid residues 558 to 595, respectively, of the HIV-1.sub.LAI transmembrane protein (TM) gp41.

L8 ANSWER 58 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:296074 USPATFULL

TI System for regulating in vivo the expression of a transgene by conditional inhibition

IN Scherman, Daniel, Paris, FRANCE Bettan, Michael, Paris, FRANCE Bigey, Pascal, Paris, FRANCE

PI US 2002166132 A1 20021107

AI US 2001-931007 A1 20010817 (9)

PRAI FR 2000-110730 20000818 US 2000-239246P 20001011 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow,, Garrett & Dunner, L.L.P., 1300 I Street, N. W., Washington, DC, 20005-3315

CLMN Number of Claims: 112

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 31 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2992

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel constructs and compositions and to a novel method for regulating the expression of a transgene of interest in vivo by conditional inhibition, and to the uses thereof in experimental, clinical and therapeutic domains or for the production of animals or plants.

For example, the novel regulation method is based on the coexpression of a transgene of interest encoding a transcript of interest and of an inhibitory transgene encoding an inhibitory transcript specific for the transcript of interest, so as to obtain constitutive inhibition of the activity of the transcript of interest, and to be able to ensure effective regulation of the transcript of interest, either by inhibiting its inhibitory transcript, or by activating the transcript of interest,

or alternatively by activating the transcript of interest and concomitantly inhibiting its inhibitory transcript.

L8 ANSWER 59 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:294709 USPATFULL

TI 47508, a novel human ***histone*** deacetylase family member and uses thereof

IN Meyers, Rachel A., Newton, MA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002164752 A1 20021107

AI US 2001-911150 A1 20010723 (9)

PRAI US 2000-220008P 20000721 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP LOUIS MYERS, Fish & Richardson P.C., 225 Franklin Street, Boston, MA, 02110-2804

CLMN Number of Claims: 20

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5104

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides isolated nucleic acids molecules, designated 47508 nucleic acid molecules, which encode novel human ***histone*** deacetylase members. The invention also provides antisense nucleic acid molecules, recombinant expression vectors containing 47508 nucleic acid molecules, host cells into which the expression vectors have been introduced, and nonhuman transgenic animals in which a 47508 gene has been introduced or disrupted. The invention still further provides isolated 47508 proteins, fusion proteins, antigenic peptides and anti-47508 antibodies. Diagnostic methods utilizing compositions of the invention are also provided.

L8 ANSWER 60 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:294599 USPATFULL

TI Method to screen phage display libraries with different ligands

IN Tomlinson, Ian, Cambridge, UNITED KINGDOM Winter, Greg, London, UNITED KINGDOM

PI US 2002164642 A1 20021107

AI US 2001-968561 A1 20011001 (9)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2000-511939, filed on 24 Feb 2000, PENDING

PRAI GB 1997-22131 19971020

WO 1998-GB3135 19981020

US 1997-65428P 19971113 (60)

US 1997-66729P 19971121 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP PALMER & DODGE, LLP, KATHLEEN M. WILLIAMS, 111 HUNTINGTON AVENUE, BOSTON, MA, 02199

CLMN Number of Claims: 16

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2219

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to methods for selecting repertoires of polypeptides using generic and target ligands. In particular, the invention relates to a library comprising a repertoire of polypeptides

of the immunoglobulin superfamily, wherein the members of the repertoire have a known main chain conformation.

L8 ANSWER 61 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:273550 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002151681 A1 20021017

AI US 2001-925300 A1 20010810 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2000-US5988, filed on 8 Mar 2000, UNKNOWN

PRAI US 1999-124270P 19990312 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 23

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 29771

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention relates to newly identified prostate or prostate cancer related polynucleotides, the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides herein collectively referred to as "prostate cancer antigens," and to the complete gene sequences associated therewith and to the expression products thereof, and to antibodies that immunospecifically bind these polypeptides, as well as the use of such prostate cancer polynucleotides, antigens, and antibodies for detection, prevention, prognosis, and treatment of disorders of the reproductive system, particularly disorders of the prostate, including, but not limited to, the presence of prostate cancer and prostate cancer metastases. More specifically, isolated prostate cancer nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel prostate cancer polypeptides. Novel prostate cancer polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human prostate cancer polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to the prostate, including prostate cancer, and therapeutic methods for treating such disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or promoting the production and/or function of the polypeptides of the invention.

L8 ANSWER 62 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:272801 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer

IN Stolk, John A., Bothell, WA, UNITED STATES
 Xu, Jiangchun, Bellevue, WA, UNITED STATES
 Chenault, Ruth A., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
 Meagher, Madeleine Joy, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002150922 A1 20021017

AI US 2001-998598 A1 20011116 (9)

PRAI US 2001-304037P 20010710 (60)

US 2001-279670P 20010328 (60)

US 2001-267011P 20010206 (60)

US 2000-252222P 20001120 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,

SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 9233

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly colon cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more colon tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly colon cancer.

L8 ANSWER 63 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:246789 USPATFULL

TI Method of dynamic retardation of cell cycle kinetics to potentiate cell damage

IN Grimley, Philip M., Potoma, MD, United States

Mehta, Sunil, Rumford, RI, United States

PA The Henry Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine, Rockville, MD, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6455593 B1 20020924

AI US 2001-778892 20010208 (9)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1998-168106, filed on 8 Oct 1998, now patented, Pat. No. US 6274576 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-667543, filed on 21 Jun 1996, now abandoned

PRAI US 1995-546P 19950627 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Chang, Ceila

LREP Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett & Dunner, L.L.P.

CLMN Number of Claims: 10

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 56 Drawing Figure(s); 40 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4358

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to a method of potentiating cell damage in a target cell population by administering a "restraining agent" and concomitantly or subsequently applying a "targeted cytotoxic insult." The restraining agent is administered at a concentration and under conditions sufficient to retard, but not to arrest, the progress of the target cell population through the cell cycle, a concept termed "dynamic retardation." With such a mechanism, all the cells intended for damage by the targeted cytotoxic insult are likely to cycle into the relevant interval of vulnerability (target interval) within the cell cycle,

resulting in a larger number of susceptible cells, and the time period during which those cells are vulnerable to the action of a given targeted cytotoxic insult is increased, resulting in a higher probability and percentage of cell killing.

L8 ANSWER 64 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:243796 USPATFULL

TI Bioengineered vehicles for targeted nucleic acid delivery

IN Huston, James S., Chestnut Hill, MA, UNITED STATES

Wils, Pierre, Paris, FRANCE

Zhu, Quan, Needham, MA, UNITED STATES

Laurent, Oliver, Berkley, CA, UNITED STATES

Marasco, Wayne A., Oakland, CA, UNITED STATES

Scherman, Daniel, Paris, FRANCE

PI US 2002132990 A1 20020919

AI US 2001-888721 A1 20010625 (9)

PRAI US 2000-213653P 20000623 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Patrick J. Kelly, Synnestvedt & Lechner LLP, 2600 Aramark Tower, 1101 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA, 19107

CLMN Number of Claims: 52

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 19 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2019

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB There is disclosed a gene-delivery compound comprising: (A) a single-chain binding polypeptide having at least one effector segment which includes at least one cysteinyl residue; and (B) a nucleic acid-binding moiety which is coupled to the polypeptide via the cysteinyl residue. There is disclosed also a gene-delivery compound comprising: (A) a single-chain, binding polypeptide having at least one effector segment which includes at least one cysteinyl residue; (B) a lipid-associating moiety which is coupled to the polypeptide via the cysteinyl residue. Additionally disclosed are compositions comprising the above-mentioned compounds and a nucleic acid.

L8 ANSWER 65 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:235495 USPATFULL

TI Novel cark protein and nucleic acid molecules and uses therefor

IN Raju, Jeyaseelan, Acton, MA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002127684 A1 20020912

AI US 2001-947199 A1 20010905 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-458457, filed on 10 Dec 1999, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-291839, filed on 14 Apr 1999, PATENTED

PRAI US 1998-111938P 19981211 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP LAHIVE & COCKFIELD, 28 STATE STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02109

CLMN Number of Claims: 26

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 35 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5319

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides isolated nucleic acids molecules, designated CARK nucleic acid molecules. The invention also provides antisense nucleic acid molecules, recombinant expression vectors containing CARK nucleic acid molecules, host cells into which the expression vectors have been introduced, and nonhuman transgenic animals in which a CARK gene has been introduced or disrupted. The invention still further provides isolated CARK proteins, fusion proteins, antigenic peptides and anti-CARK antibodies. Diagnostic methods utilizing compositions of the invention are also provided.

L8 ANSWER 66 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:221018 USPATFULL

TI Antibody conjugate formulations for selectively inhibiting VEGF

IN Thorpe, Philip E., Dallas, TX, UNITED STATES Brekken, Rolf A., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002119153 A1 20020829

AI US 2001-998831 A1 20011130 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-561108, filed on 28 Apr 2000, PATENTED

PRAI US 1999-131432P 19990428 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Shelley P.M. Fussey, WILLIAMS, MORGAN & AMERSON, P.C., Suite 250, 7676 Hillmont, Houston, TX, 77040

CLMN Number of Claims: 47

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10502

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are antibodies that specifically inhibit VEGF binding to only one (VEGFR2) of the two VEGF receptors. The antibodies effectively inhibit angiogenesis and induce tumor regression, and yet have improved safety due to their specificity. The present invention thus provides new antibody-based compositions, methods and combined protocols for treating cancer and other angiogenic diseases. Advantageous immunoconjugate and prodrug compositions and methods using the new VEGF-specific antibodies are also provided.

L8 ANSWER 67 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:206193 USPATFULL

TI Isolated p27 protein and methods for its production and use

IN Massague, Joan, New York, NY, UNITED STATES
Roberts, James M., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
Koff, Andrew, New York, NY, UNITED STATES
Polyak, Kornelia, Baltimore, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002110886 A1 20020815

AI US 2001-865018 A1 20010524 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1997-854039, filed on 9 May 1997, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. US 1997-765702, filed on 28 Apr 1997, PENDING A 371 of International Ser. No. WO 1995-US7361, filed on 7 Jun 1995, UNKNOWN

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP ROPES & GRAY, ONE INTERNATIONAL PLACE, BOSTON, MA, 02110-2624 CLMN Number of Claims: 35

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 32 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2446

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB An isolated protein designated p27 is disclosed. The p27 protein has an apparent molecular weight of about 27 kD, and is capable of binding to and inhibiting the activation of a cyclin E-Cdk2 complex. A nucleic acid sequence encoding p27 protein is disclosed, as well as a method for producing p27 in cultured cells. In vitro assays for discovering agents which affect the activity of p27 are also provided. Methods of diagnosing and treating hypoproliferative disorders are provided.

L8 ANSWER 68 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:191573 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins, and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES Barash, Steven C., Rockville, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002102638 A1 20020801

AI US 2001-764846 A1 20010117 (9)

PRAI US 2000-179065P 20000131 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 24 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings

LN CNT 22014

LN.CNT 22814

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel proteins. More specifically, isolated nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel polypeptides. Novel polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human polynucleotides and/or polypeptides, and antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to these novel polypeptides. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The present invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or enhancing the production and function of the polypeptides of the present invention.

L8 ANSWER 69 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:191539 USPATFULL

TI Full-length human cDNAs encoding potentially secreted proteins

IN Milne Edwards, Jean-Baptiste Dumas, Paris, FRANCE Bougueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND Jobert, Severin, Paris, FRANCE

PI US 2002102604 A1 20020801

AI US 2000-731872 A1 20001207 (9)

PRAI US 1999-169629P 19991208 (60)

US 2000-187470P 20000306 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., Genset Corporation, 10665 Strento Valley Road, San Diego, CA, 92121-1609

CLMN Number of Claims: 29

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 28061

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention concerns GENSET polynucleotides and polypeptides. Such GENSET products may be used as reagents in forensic analyses, as chromosome markers, as tissue/cell/organelle-specific markers, in the production of expression vectors. In addition, they may be used in screening and diagnosis assays for abnormal GENSET expression and/or biological activity and for screening compounds that may be used in the treatment of GENSET-related disorders.

L8 ANSWER 70 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:188220 USPATFULL

TI Detection of conversion to mucoidy in Pseudomonas aeruginosa infecting cystic fibrosis patients

IN Deretic, Vojo, San Antonio, TX, United States Martin, Daniel W., Palo Alto, CA, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6426187 B1 20020730

AI US 2000-609151 20000630 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-505307, filed on 24 Nov 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 6083691, issued on 4 Jul 2000 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-260202, filed on 15 Jun 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 5573910 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-17114, filed on 12 Feb 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5591838

PRAI WO 1994-US2034 19940214

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Myers, Carla J.; Assistant Examiner: Johannsen, Diana

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski L.L.P.

CLMN Number of Claims: 33

ECL Exemplary Claim: 28

DRWN 22 Drawing Figure(s); 16 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3294

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for detecting the conversion to mucoidy in Pseudomonas aeruginosa are disclosed. Chronic respiratory infections with mucoid Pseudomonas aeruginosa are the leading cause of high mortality and morbidity in cystic fibrosis. The initially colonizing strains are nonmucoid but in the cystic fibrosis lung they invariably convert into the mucoid form causing further disease deterioration and poor prognosis. Mucoidy is a critical P. aeruginosa virulence factor in cystic fibrosis that has been associated with biofilm develoment and resistance to phagocytosis. The molecular basis of this conversion to mucoidy is also disclosed. The present invention provides for detecting the switch from nonmucoid to mucoid state as caused by either frameshift deletions and duplications or nonsense changes in the second gene of the cluster, mucA. Inactivation of mucA results in constitutive expression of genes, such as algD, dependent on algU for transcription. Also disclosed is a novel alginate biosynthesis heterologous expression

system for use in screening candidate substances that inhibit conversion to mucoidy.

L8 ANSWER 71 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:167884 USPATFULL

TI Antibody conjugate kits for selectively inhibiting VEGF

IN Thorpe, Philip E., Dallas, TX, United States Brekken, Rolf A., Seattle, WA, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texax System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6416758 B1 20020709

AI US 2000-561526 20000428 (9)

PRAI US 1999-131432P 19990428 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Chan, Christina Y.; Assistant Examiner: Huynh, Phuong

LREP Williams, Morgan and Amerson

CLMN Number of Claims: 50

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 7 Drawing Figure(s); 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10439

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are antibodies that specifically inhibit VEGF binding to only one (VEGFR2) of the two VEGF receptors. The antibodies effectively inhibit angiogenesis and induce tumor regression, and yet have improved safety due to their specificity. The present invention thus provides new antibody-based compositions, methods and combined protocols for treating cancer and other angiogenic diseases. Advantageous immunoconjugate and prodrug compositions.

L8 ANSWER 72 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:166381 USPATFULL

TI Adenosine deaminase deficient transgenic mice and methods for the use thereof

IN Kellems, Rodney E., Houston, TX, UNITED STATES
Datta, Surjit K., Houston, TX, UNITED STATES
Blackburn, Michael R., Pearland, TX, UNITED STATES

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002088017 A1 20020704

AI US 2001-761198 A1 20010116 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-301665, filed on 28 Apr 1999, UNKNOWN

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Stephen M. Hash, Ph.D., FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI L.L.P., Suite 2400, 600 Congress Avenue, Austin, TX, 78701

CLMN Number of Claims: 52

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 7 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7243

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to the production of adenosine deaminase (ADA) deficient mice and the use of such mice as an animal model for dysfunctions associated with elevated adenosine levels. Also, provided by the present invention are methods of treating dysfunctions associated with elevated adenosine levels and methods of screening compounds for

pharmaceutical activity in the treatment of dysfunctions associated with elevated adenosine levels.

L8 ANSWER 73 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:164768 USPATFULL

TI B-catenin assays, and compositions therefrom

IN Kamb, Carl Alexander, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES
 Yoo, Sanghee, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES
 Garcia-Guzman, Miguel, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES
 Pierce, Michael Leslie, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002086386 A1 20020704

AI US 2001-990912 A1 20011116 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-812994, filed on 4 Mar 1997, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5955275

PRAI US 2000-253325P 20001127 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Joseph A. Williams, Jr., MARSHALL, GERSTEIN, MURRAY & BORUN, 6300 Sears Tower, 233 South Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL, 60606-6402

CLMN Number of Claims: 92

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 26 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4004

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Methods for assaying a cellular pathway, and more particularly a .beta.-catenin-related pathway, are disclosed. The assays of the invention utilize particular host cells with desired .beta.-catenin pathway elements, and results in the identification of biologically active phenotypic probes and cellular targets and fragments, variants and mimetics thereof.

L8 ANSWER 74 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:164735 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins, and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATESRuben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATESBarash, Steven C., Rockville, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002086353 A1 20020704

AI US 2001-764856 A1 20010117 (9)

PRAI US 2000-179065P 20000131 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 24

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 23314

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel proteins. More specifically, isolated nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel polypeptides. Novel polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human polynucleotides and/or polypeptides, and antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating,

preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to these novel polypeptides. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The present invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or enhancing the production and function of the polypeptides of the present invention.

L8 ANSWER 75 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:157600 USPATFULL

TI Treatment of inflammation with p20

IN Brigham, Kenneth L., Nashville, TN, UNITED STATES Stecenko, Arlene A., Nashville, TN, UNITED STATES Sealy, Linda, Brentwood, TN, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002082204 A1 20020627

AI US 2001-789836 A1 20010220 (9)

PRAI US 2000-183584P 20000218 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP WADDEY & PATTERSON, 414 UNION STREET, SUITE 2020, BANK OF AMERICA PLAZA, NASHVILLE, TN, 37219

CLMN Number of Claims: 23

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 30 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4639

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides compositions, methods, and kits for treating inflammation and regulating inflammatory responses including cytokine, prostanoid, prostaglandin, and growth factor expression.

L8 ANSWER 76 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:157089 USPATFULL

TI Retinoid pathway assays, and compositions therefrom

IN Kamb, Carl Alexander, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES Richards, Burt Timothy, Midway, UT, UNITED STATES Karpilow, Jon, Boulder, CO, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002081688 A1 20020627

AI US 2001-990747 A1 20011116 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-812994, filed on 4 Mar 1997, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5955275

PRAI US 2000-249468P 20001117 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Joseph A. Williams, Jr., MARSHALL, GERSTEIN, MURRAY & BORUN, 6300 Sears Tower, 233 South Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL, 60606-6402

CLMN Number of Claims: 110

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 33 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3714

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Methods for assaying a cellular pathway, and more particularly a retinoic acid-related pathway, are disclosed. The assays of the invention utilize particular host cells with desired retinoic acid pathway elements, and results in the identification of biologically active phenotypic probes and cellular targets and fragments, variants and mimetics thereof.

L8 ANSWER 77 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:157060 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002081659 A1 20020627

AI US 2001-925297 A1 20010810 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2000-US5989, filed on 8 Mar 2000, UNKNOWN

PRAI US 1999-124270P 19990312 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 23 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 20326

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel pancreatic related polynucleotides, the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides herein collectively referred to as "pancreatic antigens," and antibodies that immunospecifically bind these polypeptides, and the use of such pancreatic polynucleotides, antigens, and antibodies for detecting, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders of the pancreas, including, but not limited to, the presence of pancreatic cancer and pancreatic cancer metastases. More specifically, isolated pancreatic nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel pancreatic polypeptides. Novel pancreatic polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human pancreatic polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to the pancreas, including pancreatic cancer, and therapeutic methods for treating such disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or promoting the production and/or function of the polypeptides of the invention.

L8 ANSWER 78 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:144075 USPATFULL

TI Interventions to mimic the effects of calorie restriction

IN Spindler, Stephen R., Riverside, CA, United States

PA The Regents of the University of California, Oakland, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6406853 B1 20020618

AI US 2000-648642 20000825 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-471225, filed on 23 Dec 1999

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Jones, W. Gary; Assistant Examiner: Taylor, Janell E.

LREP Townsend & Townsend & Crew LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 26

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 13 Drawing Figure(s); 13 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2230

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Long term calorie restriction has the benefit of increasing life span. Methods to screen interventions that mimic the effects of calorie restriction are disclosed. Extensive analysis of genes for which expression is statistically different between control and calorie restricted animals has demonstrated that specific genes are preferentially expressed during calorie restriction. Screening for interventions which produce the same expression profile will provide interventions that increase life span. In a further aspect, it has been discovered that test animals on a calorie restricted diet for a relatively short time have a similar gene expression profile to test animals which have been on a long term calorie restricted diet.

L8 ANSWER 79 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:133425 USPATFULL

TI METHODS FOR SELECTING FUNCTIONAL POLYPEPTIDES

IN WINTER, GREG, CAMBRIDGE, UNITED KINGDOM TOMLINSON, IAN, CAMBRIDGE, UNITED KINGDOM

PI US 2002068276 A1 20020606

AI US 1998-192854 A1 19981117 (9)

PRAI GB 1997-22131 19971020

US 1997-65428P 19971113 (60)

US 1997-66729P 19971121 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP KATHLEEN M. WILLIAMS, PH.D., PALMER & DODGE, LLP, 111 HUNTINGTON AVENUE AT THE PRUDENTIAL CENTER, BOSTON, MA, 02199-7613

CLMN Number of Claims: 32

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 3 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2342

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides a method for selecting, from a repertoire of polypeptides, a population of functional polypeptides which bind a target ligand in a first binding site and a generic ligand in a second binding site, which generic ligand is capable of binding functional members of the repertoire regardless of target ligand specificity, comprising the steps of: a) contacting the repertoire with the generic ligand and selecting functional polypeptides bound thereto; and b) contacting the selected functional polypeptides with the target ligand and selecting a population of polypeptides which bind to the target ligand. The invention accordingly provides a method by which a polypeptide repertoire is preselected, according to functionality as determined by the ability to bind the generic ligand, and the subset of polypeptides obtained as a result of such preselection is then employed for further selection according to the ability to bind the target ligand.

L8 ANSWER 80 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:122614 USPATFULL

TI Sensitization of HER-2/neu overexpressing cancer cells to chemotherapy

IN Hung, Mien-Chie, Houston, TX, United States

Ueno, Naoto T., Houston, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6395712 B1 20020528

WO 9735012 19970925

AI US 1997-809021 19970319 (8)

WO 1997-US3830 19970319

19970319 PCT 371 date

PRAI US 1996-13750P 19960320 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Crouch, Deborah

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 42

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 84 Drawing Figure(s); 45 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5197

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to methods for the inhibition, of the gene product of the neu oncogene, p185neu tyrosine kinase. Over-expression of the neu oncogene leads to chemoresistance. The methods disclosed involve the novel use of E1A and/or LT in combination with chemotherapeutic drugs to treat carcinoma. Furthermore, E1A surprisingly potentiates the antineoplastic effects of the chemotherapeutic agents. The inventors propose that E1A sensitizes cancer cells such that they become amenable to treatment by chemotherapeutic drugs.

L8 ANSWER 81 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:119616 USPATFULL

TI Method of identifying ligands of biological target molecules

IN Elling, Christian E., Copenhagen, DENMARK

Holst Lange, Birgitte, Copenhagen, DENMARK

Schwartz, Thue W., Frederiksburg, DENMARK

Gerlach, Lars Ole, Copenhagen, DENMARK

Pedersen, Jan Torleif, Bronshoj, DENMARK

PI US 2002061599 A1 20020523

AI US 2000-752102 A1 20001229 (9)

PRAI DK 1999-1879 19991230

DK 1999-1880 19991230

DK 2000-705 20000428

US 2000-175664P 20000112 (60)

US 2000-175401P 20000111 (60)

US 2000-202990P 20000509 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Dike, Bronstein, Roberty & Cushman, Intellectual Property Practice Group, EDWARDS & ANGELL, LLP, 130 Water Street, Boston, MA, 02109-4280

CLMN Number of Claims: 79

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 29 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3495

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides a molecular approach for rapidly and selectively identifying small organic molecule ligands, i.e. compounds, that are capable of interacting with and binding to specific sites on

biological target molecules. The methods of the present invention are applicable to any biological target molecule that has or can be manipulated to have a metal-ion binding site. Biological target molecules are e.g. proteins, polypeptides, oligopeptides, nucleic acids, carbohydrates, nucleoproteins, glycoproteins, glycolipids, lipoproteins and derivatives thereof. More specifically, the biological target molecules include membrane receptors, signal transduction proteins, scaffolding proteins, nuclear receptors, steroid receptors, intracellular receptors, transcription factors, enzymes, allosteric enzyme regulatory proteins, growth factors, hormones, neuropeptides and immonoglobulins. A very interesting group of biological target molecules are membrane proteins such as, e.g., transmembrane protein (e.g. 7 TMs).

The methods described herein make it possible to construct and screen libraries of compounds specifically directed against predetermined epitopes on the biological target molecules. The compounds are initially constructed to be bi-functional, i.e. having both a metal-ion binding moiety, which conveys them with the ability to bind to either a natural or an artificially constructed metal-ion binding site as well as a variable moiety, which is varied chemically to probe for interactions with specific parts of the biological target molecule located spatially adjacent to the metal-ion binding site. Compounds may subsequently be further modified to bind to the unmodified biological target molecule without help of the bridging metal-ion. The methods according to the invention may be performed easily and quickly and lead to unambiguous results. The compounds identified by the methods described herein may themselves be employed for various applications or may be further derivatised or modified to provide novel compounds.

L8 ANSWER 82 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:108815 USPATFULL

TI Telomerase compositions and methods

IN Gottschling, Daniel E., Chicago, IL, United States Singer, Miriam S., Chicago, IL, United States

PA Arch Development, Chicago, IL, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI · US 6387619 B1 20020514

AI US 1999-345294 19990630 (9)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1997-938534, filed on 26 Sep 1997, now patented, Pat. No. US 5916752 Division of Ser. No. US 1995-431080, filed on 28 Apr 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5698686 Division of Ser. No. US 345294 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-326781, filed on 20 Oct 1994, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Fredman, Jeffrey

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski, LLP CLMN Number of Claims: 10 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 15 Drawing Figure(s); 11 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 6648

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are various methods, compositions and screening assays connected with telomerase, including genes encoding the template RNA of S. cerevisiae telomerase and various telomerase-associated polypeptides.

L8 ANSWER 83 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:102627 USPATFULL

TI Sequence directed DNA binding molecules compositions and methods

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States
Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States
Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States
Turin, Lisa M., Redwood City, CA, United States
Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6384208 B1 20020507

AI US 1999-354947 19990715 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-482080, filed on 7 Jun 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 6010849, issued on 4 Jan 2000 Division of Ser. No. US 1993-171389, filed on 20 Dec 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5578444, issued on 26 Nov 1996 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-123936, filed on 17 Sep 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5726014, issued on 10 Mar 1998 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5693463, issued on 2 Dec 1997 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Schwartzman, Robert A.; Assistant Examiner: Davis, Katharine F.

LREP Fabian, Gary, Thrower, Larry W., Perkins Coie LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 1

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 71 Drawing Figure(s); 47 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5215

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines a DNA: protein-binding assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind DNA test sequences. The assay is versatile in that any number of test sequences can be tested by placing the test sequence adjacent to a defined protein binding screening sequence. Binding of molecules to these test sequence changes the binding characteristics of the protein molecule to its cognate binding sequence. When such a molecule binds the test sequence the equilibrium of the DNA:protein complexes is disturbed, generating changes in the concentration of free DNA probe. Numerous exemplary target test sequences (SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:600) are set forth. The assay of the present invention is also useful to characterize the preferred binding sequences of any selected DNA-binding molecule.

L8 ANSWER 84 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:88268 USPATFULL

TI Peptide-enhanced transfections

IN Hawley-Nelson, Pamela, Silver Spring, MD, United States Lan, Jianqing, Germantown, MD, United States Shih, PoJen, Columbia, MD, United States Jessee, Joel A., Mt. Airy, MD, United States Schifferli, Kevin P., Germantown, MD, United States Gebeyehu, Gulilat, Silver Spring, MD, United States Ciccarone, Valentina C., Gaithersburg, MD, United States

Evans, Krista L., Germantown, MD, United States

PA Life Technologies, Inc., Rockville, MD, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6376248 B1 20020423

AI US 1998-39780 19980316 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-818200, filed on 14 Mar 1997, now patented, Pat. No. US 6051429, issued on 8 Apr 2000

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Brusca, John S.

LREP Greenlee, Winner and Sullivan, P.C.

CLMN Number of Claims: 30

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 12 Drawing Figure(s); 12 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4698

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides compositions useful for transfecting

eukaryotic cells comprising nucleic acid complexes with
peptides, wherein the peptide is optionally covalently coupled to a
nucleic acid-binding group, and cationic lipids or dendrimers as
transfection agents. The invention also provides transfection
compositions in which a peptide is covalently linked to the transfection
agent (lipid, cationic lipid or dendrimer). Inclusion of peptides or
modified-peptides in transfection compositions or covalent attachment of
peptides to transfection agents results in enhanced transfection
efficiency. Methods for the preparation of transfection compositions and
methods of using these transfection compositions as intracellular
delivery agents and extracellular targeting agents are also disclosed.

L8 ANSWER 85 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

- AN 2002:81054 USPATFULL
- TI Senscent cell-derived inhibitors of DNA synthesis
- IN Smith, James R., Houston, TX, United States Drutz, David J., Houston, TX, United States Wilson, Deborah R., Houston, TX, United States Zumstein, Louis A., Houston, TX, United States
- PA Baylor College of Medicine, Houston, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)
- PI US 6372249 B1 20020416
- AI US 1994-327874 19941024 (8)
- RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1994-US9700, filed on 26 Aug 1994 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-274535, filed on 13 Jul 1994, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-229420, filed on 15 Apr 1994, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-203535, filed on 25 Feb 1994, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-153564, filed on 17 Nov 1993, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-113372, filed on 30 Aug 1993, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-970462, filed on 2 Nov 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5302706, issued on 12 Apr 1994 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 327874 Division of Ser. No. US 1994-268439, filed on 30 Jun 1994, now abandoned Division of Ser. No. US 1994-160814, filed on 3 Jan 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 5424400 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-808523, filed on 16 Dec 1991, now abandoned
- DT Utility
- FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Kunz, Gary L.; Assistant Examiner: Gucker, Stephen

LREP Norton, Esq., Gerard P., Clifford Chance Rogers & Wells LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 7

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 11 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5347

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The use of liposomal formulations, particularly formulations of positively charged and neutral lipids facilitates cellular uptake of SDI molecules. The transcription and/or expression of SDI-1-encoding nucleic acid molecules is facilitated by constructs that contain intervening untranslated regions.

L8 ANSWER 86 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:72987 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer

IN Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES

Hepler, William T., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Clapper, Jonathan D., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Wang, Aijun, Issaquah, WA, UNITED STATES

Secrist, Heather, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002040127 A1 20020404

AI US 2001-878722 A1 20010608 (9)

PRAI US 2000-256571P 20001218 (60)

US 2000-210821P 20000609 (60)

US 2001-290240P 20010510 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 8110

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as colon cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more colon tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a colon tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as colon cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a colon tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.

L8 ANSWER 87 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

- AN 2002:72627 USPATFULL
- TI Nucleic, acids, proteins, and antibodies
- IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES
- PI US 2002039764 A1 20020404
- AI US 2001-925298 A1 20010810 (9)
- RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2000-US5881, filed on 8 Mar 2000, UNKNOWN

PRAI US 1999-124270P 19990312 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 23

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 20087

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention relates to novel ovarian cancer and/or breast cancer related polynucleotides, the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides herein collectively referred to as "ovarian and/or breast antigens," and antibodies that immunospecifically bind these polypeptides, and the use of such ovarian and/or breast polynucleotides, antigens, and antibodies for detecting, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders of the reproductive system, particularly disorders of the ovaries and/or breast, including, but not limited to, the presence of ovarian and/or breast cancer and ovarian and/or breast cancer metastases. More specifically, isolated ovarian and/or breast nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel ovarian and/or breast polypeptides. Novel ovarian and/or breast polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human ovarian and/or breast polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to the ovaries and/or breast, including ovarian and/or breast cancer, and therapeutic methods for treating such disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or promoting the production and/or function of the polypeptides of the invention.

L8 ANSWER 88 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:66885 USPATFULL

TI Compositions, kits, and methods for identification, assessment, prevention, and therapy of psoriasis

IN Trepicchio, William L., Andover, MA, UNITED STATES Oestreicher, Judith L., Portsmouth, NH, UNITED STATES Dorner, Andrew J., Lexington, MA, UNITED STATES Krueger, James G., New York, NY, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002037538 A1 20020328

AI US 2001-852400 A1 20010509 (9)

PRAI US 2000-203087P 20000509 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP LAHIVE & COCKFIELD, 28 STATE STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02109

CLMN Number of Claims: 47 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 12 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 6087

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to compositions, kits, and methods for detecting, characterizing, preventing, and treating psoriasis. A variety of markers

are provided, wherein changes in the levels of expression of one or more of the markers is correlated with the presence of psoriasis.

L8 ANSWER 89 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:51093 USPATFULL

TI Isolated p27 protein

IN Massague, Joan, New York, NY, United States Roberts, James M., Seattle, WA, United States Koff, Andrew, New York, NY, United States Polyak, Kornelia, Baltimore, MD, United States

PA Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center, Seattle, WA, United States (U.S. corporation)

Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, New York, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6355774 B1 20020312

AI US 1997-854039 19970509 (8)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 765702 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-275983, filed on 15 Jul 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 5688665 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-179045, filed on 7 Jan 1994, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Kunz, Gary L.; Assistant Examiner: Hayes, Robert C.

LREP Ropes & Gray, Vincent, Matthew P., Halstead, David P.

CLMN Number of Claims: 4

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 41 Drawing Figure(s); 30 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2691

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB An isolated protein designated p27 is disclosed. The p27 protein has an apparent molecular weight of about 27 kD, and is capable of binding to and inhibiting the activation of a cyclin E-Cdk2 complex. A nucleic acid sequence encoding p27 protein is disclosed, as well as a method for producing p27 in cultured cells. In vitro assays for discovering agents which affect the activity of p27 are also provided. Methods of diagnosing and treating hypoproliferative disorders are provided.

L8 ANSWER 90 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:48623 USPATFULL

TI Novel multicyclic compounds and the use thereof

IN Ator, Mark A., Paoli, PA, UNITED STATES
Bihovsky, Ron, Wynnewood, PA, UNITED STATES
Chatterjee, Sankar, Wynnewood, PA, UNITED STATES
Dunn, Derek, Thorndale, PA, UNITED STATES
Hudkins, Robert L., Chester Springs, PA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002028815 A1 20020307

AI US 2001-850858 A1 20010508 (9)

PRAI US 2000-202947P 20000509 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Robert T. Hrubiec, Cephalon, Inc., 145 Brandywine Parkway, West Chester, PA, 19380

CLMN Number of Claims: 34

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 6638

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention is directed to novel multicyclic molecules that mediate enzymatic activity. In particular, the compounds may be effective in the treatment of diseases or disease states related to the activity of PARP, VEGFR2, and MLK3 enzymes, including, for example, neurodegenerative diseases, inflammation, ischemia, and cancer.

L8 ANSWER 91 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:37305 USPATFULL

TI Method of regulating transcription in a cell

IN Emerson, Beverly M., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

PA Salk Institute for Biological Studies (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002022021 A1 20020221

AI US 2001-781592 A1 20010212 (9)

PRAI US 2000-181864P 20000211 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SCHWEGMAN, LUNDBERG, WOESSNER & KLUTH, P.A., P.O. Box 2938, Minneapolis, MN, 55402

CLMN Number of Claims: 37

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 6 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1462

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides methods and compounds for altering remodeling of chromatin in a cell.

L8 ANSWER 92 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:19060 USPATFULL

TI Antibody conjugate compositions for selectively inhibiting VEGF

IN Thorpe, Philip E., Dallas, TX, United States Brekken, Rolf A., Seattle, WA, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6342221 B1 20020129

AI US 2000-561108 20000428 (9)

PRAI US 1999-131432P 19990428 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Chan, Christina Y.; Assistant Examiner: Huynh, Phuong

N.

LREP Williams, Morgan and Amerson

CLMN Number of Claims: 68

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 7 Drawing Figure(s); 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10492

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are antibodies that specifically inhibit VEGF binding to only one (VEGFR2) of the two VEGF receptors. The antibodies effectively inhibit angiogenesis and induce tumor regression, and yet have improved safety due to their specificity. The present invention thus provides new antibody-based compositions, methods and combined protocols for treating cancer and other angiogenic diseases. Advantageous immunoconjugate and prodrug compositions and methods using the new VEGF-specific antibodies

are also provided.

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L8 ANSWER 93 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:19058 USPATFULL
TI Antibody compositions for selectively inhibiting VEGF
    Thorpe, Philip E., Dallas, TX, United States
   Brekken, Rolf A., Seattle, WA, United States
PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United
   States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6342219
                    B1 20020129
AI US 2000-561500
                        20000428 (9)
PRAI US 1999-131432P
                        19990428 (60)
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Chan, Christina Y.; Assistant Examiner: Huynh, Phuong
LREP Williams, Morgan and Amerson
CLMN Number of Claims: 50
ECL Exemplary Claim: 20
DRWN 7 Drawing Figure(s); 4 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 10403
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB Disclosed are antibodies that specifically inhibit VEGF binding to only
   one (VEGFR2) of the two VEGF receptors. The antibodies effectively
   inhibit angiogenesis and induce tumor regression, and yet have improved
   safety due to their specificity. The present invention thus provides new
   antibody-based compositions, methods and combined protocols for treating
   cancer and other angiogenic diseases. Advantageous immunoconjugate and
   prodrug compositions and methods using the new VEGF-specific antibodies
   are also provided.
L8 ANSWER 94 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2001:218486 USPATFULL
     ***ANTIMICROBIAL*** ***HISTONE***
                                                 ***H1*** COMPOSITIONS.
ΤI
   KITS, AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF
IN CLASS, REINER J. W., DREXEL HILL, PA, United States
   HAND, CHRISTOPHER M., WAYNE, PA, United States
PI US 2001046976
                     A1 20011129
   US 6565854
                   B2 20030520
AI US 1999-372500 A1 19990811 (9)
PRAI US 1998-96382P 19980813 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP AKIN, GUMP, STRAUSS, HAUER & FELD, L.L.P., ONE COMMERCE SQUARE, 2005
   MARKET STREET, SUITE 2200, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 20
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 9 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1443
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     The invention includes antibiotic pharmaceutical compositions comprising
     ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein and methods of
   using ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein to
   kill or to inhibit the growth of microorganisms, including, but not
   limited to, human pathogenic bacteria. The invention further includes a
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eukaryotic ***histone*** ***H1*** -containing animal feed and methods of improving growth of an animal by supplying the feed to the animal. The invention still further includes a kit comprising a ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** -containing antibiotic pharmaceutical composition and an instructional material which describes the use of the composition. In addition, the invention includes a vaccine comprising a ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein and a method of vaccinating an animal using the vaccine.

L8 ANSWER 95 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:202398 USPATFULL

Tl Methods for determining isolated p27 protein levels and uses thereof

IN Roberts, James M., Seattle, WA, United States
Porter, Peggy L., Seattle, WA, United States
Polyak, Kornelia, Roslindale, MA, United States
Massague, Joan, New York, NY, United States
Koff, Andrew, Westbury, NY, United States

PA Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center, New York, United States (U.S. corporation)

Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center, Seattle, WA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6316208 B1 20011113

AI US 1997-794002 19970203 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1995-US7361, filed on 7 Jun 1995 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-275983, filed on 15 Jul 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 5688665 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-179045, filed on 7 Jan 1994, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Chan, Christina Y.; Assistant Examiner: Hayes, Robert C.

LREP Foley, Hoag & Eliot, LLP, Vincent, Matthew P., Halstead, David P.

CLMN Number of Claims: 13

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 48 Drawing Figure(s); 32 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2961

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The subject invention is directed to the discovery of a protein involved in regulation of cell-cycle progression, and includes reagents and methods related thereto.

L8 ANSWER 96 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:131291 USPATFULL

TI Method of dynamic retardation of cell cycle kinetics to potentiate cell damage

IN Grimley, Philip M., Potomac, MD, United States Mehta, Sunil, Rumford, RI, United States

PA The Henry Jackson Foundation for the Advancement of Military Medicine, Rockville, MD, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6274576 B1 20010814

AI US 1998-168106 19981008 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-667543, filed on 21 Jun 1996, now abandoned

PRAI US 1995-546P 19950627 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Chang, Ceila

LREP Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett & Dunner, L.L.P.

CLMN Number of Claims: 15 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 56 Drawing Figure(s); 40 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4031

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to a method of potentiating cell damage in a target cell population by administering a "restraining agent" and concomitantly or subsequently applying a "targeted cytotoxic insult." The restraining agent is administered at a concentration and under conditions sufficient to retard, but not to arrest, the progress of the target cell population through the cell cycle, a concept termed "dynamic retardation." With such a mechanism, all the cells intended for damage by the targeted cytotoxic insult are likely to cycle into the relevant interval of vulnerability (target interval) within the cell cycle, resulting in a larger number of susceptible cells, and the time period during which those cells are vulnerable to the action of a given targeted cytotoxic insult is increased, resulting in a higher probability and percentage of cell killing.

L8 ANSWER 97 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:123570 USPATFULL

TI DNA fragmentation factor involved in apoptosis

IN Wang, Xiaodong, Dallas, TX, United States Liu, Xueson, Dallas, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2001011078 A1 20010802

AI US 2000-748451 A1 20001222 (9)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1998-61702, filed on 16 Apr 1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6165737

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Gina N. Shishima, Esq., FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI, 600 Congress Avenue, Suite 1900, Austin, TX, 78701

CLMN Number of Claims: 100

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 1 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5190

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides methods and compositions relating to DNA Fragmentation Factor (DFF) polypeptides and related nucleic acids. More particularly, the present invention provides the sequence for the active subunit of DFF. The polypeptides may be produced recombinantly from host cells transformed from the disclosed DFF encoding nucleic acids or purified from human cells. The invention provides isolated DFF hybridization probes and primers capable of specifically hybridization with the disclosed DFF genes, DFF-specific binding agents such as specific antibodies, and methods of making and using the subject compositions.

L8 ANSWER 98 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:109885 USPATFULL

TI NOVEL PROPERTY EFFECTING AND/OR PROPERTY EXHIBITING COMPOSITIONS FOR

THERAPEUTIC AND DIAGNOSTIC USES

IN RABBANI, ELAZAR, NEW YORK, NY, United States STAVRIANOPOULOS, JANNIS G., BAY SHORE, NY, United States DONEGAN, JAMES J., LONG BEACH, NY, United States LIU, DAKAI, BETHPAGE, NY, United States KELKER, NORMAN E., NEW YORK, NY, United States

ENGLEHARDT, DEAN L., NEW YORK, NY, United States

A1 20010712 PI US 2001007767

AI US 1997-978632 A1 19971125 (8)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-574443, filed on 15 Dec 1995, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP RONALD C FEDUS, ENZO BIOCHEMICAL INC., 527 MADISON AVENUE, 9TH FLOOR, NEW YORK, NY, 10022

CLMN Number of Claims: 244

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 51 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4848

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention provides an array of compositions useful for effecting and/or exhibiting changes in biological functioning and processing within cells and in biological systems containing such cells. In effect, these compositions combine chemical modifications and/or ligand additions with biological functions. The chemical modifications and/or ligand additions provide additional characteristics to the compositions without interfering substantially with their biological function. Such additional characteristics include nuclease resistance, targeting specific cells or specific cell receptors localizing to specific sites within cells and augmenting interactions between the compositions and target cells of interest as well as decreasing such interactions when desired. Also provided by the present invention are processes and kits.

L8 ANSWER 99 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:105197 USPATFULL

TI NOVEL PROPERTY EFFECTING AND/OR PROPERTY EXHIBITING COMPOSITIONS FOR THERAPEUTIC AND DIAGNOSTIC USES

IN RABBANI, ELAZAR, NEW YORK, NY, United States

STAVRIANOPOULOS, JANNIS G., BAY SHORE, NY, United States

DONEGAN, JAMES J., LONG BEACH, NY, United States

LIU, DAKAI, BETHPAGE, NY, United States

KELKER, NORMAN E., NEW YORK, NY, United States

ENGELHARDT, DEAN L., NEW YORK, NY, United States

PI US 2001006816 A1 20010705

AI US 1997-978637 A1 19971125 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1995-574443, filed on 15 Dec 1995, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP RONALD C FEDUS, ENZO DIAGNOSTICS INC, ENZO BIOCHEM INC, 527 MADISON AVENUE 9TH FLOOR, NEW YORK, NY, 10022

CLMN Number of Claims: 244

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 51 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4831

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention provides an array of compositions useful for effecting and/or exhibiting changes in biological functioning and processing within cells and in biological systems containing such cells. In effect, these compositions combine chemical modifications and/or ligand additions with biological functions. The chemical modifications and/or ligand additions provide additional characteristics to the compositions without interfering substantially with their biological function. Such additional characteristics include nuclease resistance, targeting specific cells or specific cell receptors localizing to specific sites within cells and augmenting interactions between the compositions and target cells of interest as well as decreasing such interactions when desired. Also provided by the present invention are processes and kits.

L8 ANSWER 100 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:105196 USPATFULL

TI NOVEL PROPERTY EFFECTING AND/OR PROPERTY EXHIBITING COMPOSITIONS FOR THERAPEUTIC AND DIAGNOSTIC USES

IN RABBANI, ELAZAR, NEW YORK, NY, United States STAVRIANOPOULOS, JANNIS G., BAY SHORE, NY, United States DONEGAN, JAMES J., LONG BEACH, NY, United States LIU, DAKAI, BETHPAGE, NY, United States KELKER, NORMAN E., NEW YORK, NY, United States ENGELHARDT, DEAN L., NEW YORK, NY, United States

US 2001006815 A1 20010705

AI US 1997-978634 A1 19971125 (8)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-574443, filed on 15 Dec 1995, ABANDONED

Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP RONALD C FEDUS, ENZO DIAGNOSTICS INC, 527 MADISON AVENUE, 9TH FLOOR, NEW YORK, NY, 10022

CLMN Number of Claims: 244

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 51 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4845

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention provides an array of compositions useful for effecting and/or exhibiting changes in biological functioning and processing within cells and in biological systems containing such cells. In effect, these compositions combine chemical modifications and/or ligand additions with biological functions. The chemical modifications and/or ligand additions provide additional characteristics to the compositions without interfering substantially with their biological function. Such additional characteristics include nuclease resistance, targeting specific cells or specific cell receptors localizing to specific sites within cells and augmenting interactions between the compositions and target cells of interest as well as decreasing such interactions when desired. Also provided by the present invention are processes and kits.

L8 ANSWER 101 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

2001:105195 USPATFULL

TI NOVEL PROPERTY EFFECTING AND/ OR PROPERTY EXHIBITING COMPOSITIONS FOR THERAPEUTIC AND DIAGNOSTIC USES

IN RABBANI, ELAZAR, NEW YORK, NY, United States

STAVRIANOPOULOS, JANNIS G., BAY SHORE, NY, United States DONEGAN, JAMES J., LONG BEACH, NY, United States LIU, DAKAI, BETHPAGE, NY, United States KELKER, NORMAN E., NEW YORK, NY, United States ENGELHARDT, DEAN L., NEW YORK, NY, United States

PI US 2001006814 A1 20010705

Al US 1997-978633 A1 19971125 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1995-574443, filed on 15 Dec 1995, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP RONALD C. FEDUS, ENZO DIAGNOSTICS, INC, C/O ENZO BIOCHEM, INC, 527 MADISON AVENUE (9TH FLOOR), NEW YORK, NY, 10022

CLMN Number of Claims: 244

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 51 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4847

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides an array of compositions useful for effecting and/or exhibiting changes in biological functioning and processing within cells and in biological systems containing such cells. In effect, these compositions combine chemical modifications and/or ligand additions with biological functions. The chemical modifications and/or ligand additions provide additional characteristics to the compositions without interfering substantially with their biological function. Such additional characteristics include nuclease resistance, targeting specific cells or specific cell receptors localizing to specific sites within cells and augmenting interactions between the compositions and target cells of interest as well as decreasing such interactions when desired. Also provided by the present invention are processes and kits.

L8 ANSWER 102 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:82900 USPATFULL

TI Antibodies for detecting p27 protein

IN Massague, Joan, New York, NY, United States Roberts, James M., Seattle, WA, United States Koff, Andrew, New York, NY, United States Polyak, Kornelia, Baltimore, MD, United States

PA Fred Hutchinson Institute for Cancer Research, Seattle, WA, United States (U.S. corporation)
Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, New York, NY, United

Stoan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, New York, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6242575 B1 20010605

AI US 1997-822936 19970221 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 765702 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-275983, filed on 15 Jul 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 5688665 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-179045, filed on 7 Jan 1994, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Johnson, Nancy A

LREP Foley Hoag & Eliot CLMN Number of Claims: 17 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 41 Drawing Figure(s); 30 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2437

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The subject invention provides an isolated protein having an apparent molecular weight of about 27 kD and capable of binding to and inhibiting the activation of a cyclin E-Cdk2 complex. The subject invention further provides an isolated antibody and a purified preparation of polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies which are specifically immunoreactive with a p27 protein. The subject invention further provides a kit for detecting a p27 protein.

L8 ANSWER 103 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:67794 USPATFULL

TI Human respiratory syncytial virus peptides with antifusogenic and antiviral activities

IN Barney, Shawn O'Lin, Cary, NC, United States Lambert, Dennis Michael, Cary, NC, United States Petteway, Stephen Robert, Cary, NC, United States

PA Trimeris, Inc., Durham, NC, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6228983 B1 20010508

AI US 1995-485264 19950607 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1995-470896, filed on 6 Jun 1995
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-360107, filed on 20 Dec 1994
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-255208, filed on 7 Jun 1994
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-73028, filed on 7 Jun 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5464933

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Scheiner, Laurie; Assistant Examiner: Parkin, Jeffrey S.

LREP Pennie & Edmonds LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 62

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 84 Drawing Figure(s); 83 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 32166

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to peptides which exhibit antifusogenic and antiviral activities. The peptides of the invention consist of a 16 to 39 amino acid region of a human respiratory syncytial virus protein. These regions were identified through computer algorithms capable of recognizing the ALLMOTIS, 107x178x4, or PLZIP amino acid motifs. These motifs are associated with the antifusogenic and antiviral activities of the claimed peptides.

L8 ANSWER 104 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:44433 USPATFULL

TI Adenosine deaminase deficient transgenic mice and methods for the use thereof

IN Kellems, Rodney E., Houston, TX, United States Datta, Surjit K., Houston, TX, United States Blackburn, Michael R., Pearland, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6207876 B1 20010327

AI US 1999-301665 19990428 (9)

PRAI US 1998-83408P 19980429 (60)

US 1998-83370P 19980428 (60)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: LeGuyader, John L.; Assistant Examiner: Kaushal, Sumesh

LREP Fulbright Jaworski, LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 15

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 19 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 6595

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to the production of adenosine deaminase (ADA) deficient mice and the use of such mice as an animal model for dysfunctions associated with elevated adenosine levels. Also, provided by the present invention are methods of treating dysfunctions associated with elevated adenosine levels and methods of screening compounds for pharmaceutical activity in the treatment of dysfunctions associated with elevated adenosine levels.

L8 ANSWER 105 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:29329 USPATFULL

TI Recombinant expression of proteins from secretory cell lines

IN Newgard, Christopher B., Dallas, TX, United States

Halban, Philippe, Geneva, Switzerland

Normington, Karl D., Dallas, TX, United States

Clark, Samuel A., Rockwell, TX, United States

Thigpen, Anice E., Dallas, TX, United States

Quaade, Christian, Dallas, TX, United States

Kruse, Fred, Dallas, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

Betagene, Inc., Dallas, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6194176 B1 20010227

AI US 1997-785271 19970117 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-589028, filed on 19 Jan 1996

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Campbell, Eggerton A.

LREP Arnold, White & Durkee CLMN Number of Claims: 59

CLIVIN Number of Claims.

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 35 Drawing Figure(s); 29 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7541

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention a provides methods for production of heterologous polypeptides using a variety recombinantly engineered secretory cell lines. The common feature of these cell lines is the absence of expression of at least one endogenous polypeptide. The host cell machinery normally used to produce the endogenous polypeptide is then usurped for the purpose of making the heterologous polypeptide. Also described are methods engineering cells for high level expression, methods of large scale protein production, and methods for treatment of disease in vivo using viral delivery systems and recombinant cell lines.

AN 2000:174366 USPATFULL

TI DNA fragmentation factor involved in apoptosis

IN Wang, Xiaodong, Dallas, TX, United States

Liu, Xuesong, Dallas, TX, United States

PA The University of Texas System Board of Regents, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6165737

20001226

AI US 1998-61702

19980416 (9)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Achutamurthy, Ponnathapu; Assistant Examiner: Moore, William W.

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski L.L.P.

CLMN Number of Claims: 20

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5176

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides methods and compositions relating to DNA Fragmentation Factor (DFF) polypeptides and related nucleic acids. More particularly, the present invention provides the sequence for the active subunit of DFF. The polylpeptides may be produced recombinantly from host cells transformed from the disclosed DFF encoding nucleic acids or purified from human cells. The invention provides isolated DFF hybridization probes and primers capable of specifically hybridization with the disclosed DFF genes, DFF-specific binding agents such as specific antibodies, and methods of making and using the subject compositions.

L8 ANSWER 107 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:113735 USPATFULL

TI Recombinant expression of proteins from secretory cell lines

IN Newgard, Christopher B., Dallas, TX, United States

Halban, Philippe, Geneva, Switzerland

Normington, Karl D., Dallas, TX, United States

Clark, Samuel A., Rockwall, TX, United States

Thigpen, Anice E., Dallas, TX, United States

Quaade, Christian, Dallas, TX, United States

Kruse, Fred, Dallas, TX, United States

McGarry, Dennis, Dallas, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

Betagene, Inc., Dallas, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6110707

20000829

AI US 1997-784582 19970117 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-589028, filed on 19 Jan 1996

PRAI US 1996-28279P 19961011 (60)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Campbell, Eggerton A.

LREP Arnold, White & Durkee

CLMN Number of Claims: 41

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 39 Drawing Figure(s); 31 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10089

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention a provides methods for production of heterologous polypeptides, for example amylin, using recombinantly engineered cell lines. Also described are methods engineering cells for high level expression, methods of large scale heterologous protein production, methods for treatment of disease in vivo using viral delivery systems and recombinant cell lines, and methods for isolating novel amylin receptors.

L8 ANSWER 108 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:87959 USPATFULL

TI Recombinant expression of proteins from secretory cell lines

IN Newgard, Christopher B., Dallas, TX, United States Normington, Karl D., Dallas, TX, United States Clark, Samuel A., Rockwall, TX, United States Thigpen, Anice E., Dallas, TX, United States Quaade, Christian, Dallas, TX, United States

Kruse, Fred, Dallas, TX, United States

PA Betagene, Inc., Dallas, TX, United States (U.S. corporation) Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

US 6087129

20000711

AI US 1996-589028

19960119 (8)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Campbell, Eggerton A.

LREP Arnold, White & Durkee CLMN Number of Claims: 26 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 16 Drawing Figure(s); 17 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 6238

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention a provides methods for production of heterologous polypeptides using a variety recombinantly engineered secretory cell lines. The common feature of these cell lines is the absence of expression of at least one endogenous polypeptide. The host cell machinery normally used to produce the endogenous polypeptide is then usurped for the purpose of making the heterologous polypeptide. Also described are methods engineering cells for high level expression, methods of large scale protein production, and methods for treatment of disease in vivo using viral delivery systems and recombinant cell lines.

L8 ANSWER 109 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:84032 USPATFULL

TI Detection of conversion to mucoidy in Pseudomonas aeruginosa infecting cystic fibrosis patients

IN Deretic, Vojo, San Antonio, TX, United States Martin, Daniel W., Palo Alto, CA, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6083691

20000704

AI US 1995-505307

19951124 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-17114, filed on 12 Feb 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5591838

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Houtteman, Scott W.

LREP Arnold, White & Durkee CLMN Number of Claims: 21 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 22 Drawing Figure(s); 16 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3355

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for detecting the conversion to mucoidy in Pseudomonas aeruginosa are disclosed. Chronic respiratory infections with mucoid Pseudomonas aeruginosa are the leading cause of high mortality and morbidity in cystic fibrosis. The initially colonizing strains are nonmucoid but in the cystic fibrosis lung they invariably convert into the mucoid form causing further disease deterioration and poor prognosis. Mucoidy is a critical P. aeruginosa virulence factor in cystic fibrosis that has been associated with biofilm development and resistance to phagocytosis. The molecular basis of this conversion to mucoidy is also disclosed. The present invention provides for detecting the switch from nonmucoid to mucoid state as caused by either frameshift deletions and duplications or nonsense changes in the second gene of the cluster, mucA. Inactivation of mucA results in constitutive expression of genes, such as algD, dependent on algU for transcription. Also disclosed is a novel alginate biosynthesis heterologous expression system for use in screening candidate substances that inhibit conversion to mucoidy.

L8 ANSWER 110 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:31403 USPATFULL

TI Compositions containing nucleic acids and ligands for therapeutic treatment

IN Baird, J. Andrew, San Diego, CA, United States Chandler, Lois Ann, Encinitas, CA, United States Sosnowski, Barbara A., Coronado, CA, United States

PA Selective Genetics, Inc., La Jolla, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6037329 2

29 20000314

AI US 1996-718904 19960924 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-441979, filed on 16 May 1995, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-213446, filed on 15 Mar 1994, now abandoned Ser. No. Ser. No. US 1994-213447, filed on 15 Mar 1994, now abandoned Ser. No. Ser. No. US 1994-297961, filed on 29 Aug 1994, now abandoned And Ser. No. US 1994-305771, filed on 13 Sep 1994, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Priebe, Scott D.; Assistant Examiner: Nguyen, Dave Trong

LREP Seed and Berry LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 35

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 34 Drawing Figure(s); 25 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7163

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Preparations of conjugates of a receptor-binding internalized ligand and a cytocide-encoding agent and compositions containing such preparations are provided. The conjugates contain a polypeptide that is reactive with

an FGF receptor, such as bFGF, or another heparin-binding growth factor, cytokine, or growth factor coupled to a nucleic acid binding domain. One or more linkers may be used in the conjugation. The linker is selected to increase the specificity, toxicity, solubility, serum stability, or intracellular availability, and promote nucleic acid condensation of the targeted moiety. The conjugates are complexed with a cytocide-encoding agent, such as DNA encoding saporin. Conjugates of a receptor-binding internalized ligand to a nucleic acid molecule are also provided.

L8 ANSWER 111 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:18565 USPATFULL

TI Isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding P57KIP2

IN Massague, Joan, New York, NY, United States Lee, Mong-Hong, New York, NY, United States

PA Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, New York, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6025480

20000215

AI US 1995-415655

19950403 (8)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Fredman, Jeffrey LREP White, John P.Cooper & Dunham LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 18 ECL Exemplary Claim: 3

DRWN 25 Drawing Figure(s); 14 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2164

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention provides an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a mammalian p57.sup.KIP2. This invention also provides vectors comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a mammalian p57.sup.KIP2. This invention further provides a host vector system for the production of a mammalian p57.sup.KIP2. This invention also provides probes for the isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a mammalian p57.sup.KIP2. This invention provides antibodies directed against a mammalian p57.sup.KIP2. This invention also provides transgenic animals comprising isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding a mammalian p57.sup.KIP2. Finally, this invention provides different uses of the mammalian p57.sup.KIP2.

L8 ANSWER 112 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:1692 USPATFULL

TI Sequence-directed DNA binding molecules compositions and methods

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States Turin, Lisa M., Redwood City, CA, United States Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6010849 20000104

AI US 1995-482080 19950607 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1993-171389, filed on 20 Dec 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5578444 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-123936, filed on 17 Sep 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5726014 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5693463 which is a

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Degen, Nancy; Assistant Examiner: Schwartzman, Robert

LREP Fabin, Gary R.Dehlinger & Associates

CLMN Number of Claims: 11 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 48 Drawing Figure(s); 47 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10022

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines a DNA:protein-binding assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind DNA test sequences. The assay is versatile in that any number of test sequences can be tested by placing the test sequence adjacent to a defined protein binding screening sequence. Binding of molecules to these test sequence changes the binding characteristics of the protein molecule to its cognate binding sequence. When such a molecule binds the test sequence the equilibrium of the DNA:protein complexes is disturbed, generating changes in the concentration of free DNA probe. Numerous exemplary target test sequences (SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:600) are set forth. The assay of the present invention is also useful to characterize the preferred binding sequences of any selected DNA-binding molecule.

L8 ANSWER 113 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1999:72446 USPATFULL

TI Telomerase screening methods

IN Gottschling, Daniel E., Chicago, IL, United States Singer, Miriam S., Chicago, IL, United States

PA Arch Development Corporation, Chicago, IL, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5916752 19990629

AI US 1997-938534 19970926 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1995-431080, filed on 28 Apr 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5698686 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-326781, filed on 20 Oct 1994, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Fredman, Jeffrey

LREP Arnold, White & Durkee CLMN Number of Claims: 56

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 15 Drawing Figure(s); 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7780

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are various methods, compositions and screening assays connected with telomerase, including genes encoding the template RNA of S. cerevisiae telomerase and various telomerase-associated polypeptides.

L8 ANSWER 114 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1999:18912 USPATFULL

TI Method of determining DNA sequence preference of a DNA-binding molecule

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States

Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States Turin, Lisa M., Redwood City, CA, United States Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5869241 19990209

AI US 1995-475228 19950607 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1993-171389, filed on 20 Dec 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5578444 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-123936, filed on 17 Sep 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5726014 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5693463 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Zitomer, Stepanie W.; Assistant Examiner: Whisenant, Fthan

LREP Fabian, Gary R., Stratford, Carol A., Dehlinger, Peter J.

CLMN Number of Claims: 11

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 72 Drawing Figure(s); 47 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 9840

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines a DNA:protein-binding assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind DNA test sequences. The assay is versatile in that any number of test sequences can be tested by placing the test sequence adjacent to a defined protein binding screening sequence. Binding of molecules to these test sequence changes the binding characteristics of the protein molecule to its cognate binding sequence. When such a molecule binds the test sequence the equilibrium of the DNA:protein complexes is disturbed, generating changes in the concentration of free DNA probe. Numerous exemplary target test sequences (SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:600) are set forth. The assay of the present invention is also useful to characterize the preferred binding sequences of any selected DNA-binding molecule.

L8 ANSWER 115 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:154291 USPATFULL

TI Use of ciclopirox or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for inhibiting neuronal cell damage or neuronal cell death

IN Greene, Lloyd A., Larchmont, NY, United States Farinelli, Stephen E., New York, NY, United States

PA The Trustees of Columbia University in the City of New York, New York, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5846984

19981208

AI US 1996-588764

19960119 (8)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Criares, Theodore J.

LREP White, John P.Cooper & Dunham LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 12

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 35 Drawing Figure(s); 28 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1212

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB 6-Cyclohexyl-1-hydroxy-4-methyl-2(1H)-pyridinone, also known as ciclopirox, and its salts such as ciclopirox olamine are used to inhibit neuronal cell damage or neuronal cell death.

L8 ANSWER 116 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:44877 USPATFULL

TI Sequence-directed DNA-binding molecules compositions and methods

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States

Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States

Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5744131 19980428

AI US 1995-476876 19950607 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Zitomer, Stephanie W.; Assistant Examiner: Atzel, Amy

LREP Fabian, Gary R., Stratford, Carol A., Dehlinger, Peter J.

CLMN Number of Claims: 3 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 48 Drawing Figure(s); 33 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5113

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines an assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind specific DNA test sequences. The assay is also useful for determining the sequence specificity and relative DNA-binding affinity of DNA-binding molecules for any particular DNA sequence. Also described herein are potential applications of the assay, including: 1) the detection of lead compounds or new drugs via the mass screening of libraries of synthetic or biological compounds (i.e., fermentation broths); 2) the design of sequence-specific DNA-binding drugs comprised of homo- or hetero-meric subunits of molecules for which the sequence specificity was determined using the assay; and 3) the use of molecules for which sequence specificity was determined using the assay as covalently attached moieties to aid in the binding of nucleic acid or other macromolecular polymers to nucleic acid sequences.

L8 ANSWER 117 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:39383 USPATFULL

TI Sequence-directed DNA-binding molecules compositions and methods

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States

Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States

Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5738990 19980414

AI US 1995-475221 19950607 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Guzo, David; Assistant Examiner: Brusca, John S.

LREP Fabian, Gary R., Stratford, Carol A., Dehlinger, Peter J.

CLMN Number of Claims: 5

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 48 Drawing Figure(s); 33 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5040

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines an assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind specific DNA test sequences. The assay is also useful for determining the sequence specificity and relative DNA-binding affinity of DNA-binding molecules for any particular DNA sequence. Also described herein are potential applications of the assay, including: 1) the detection of lead compounds or new drugs via the mass screening of libraries of synthetic or biological compounds (i.e., fermentation broths); 2) the design of sequence-specific DNA-binding drugs comprised of homo- or hetero-meric subunits of molecules for which the sequence specificity was determined using the assay; and 3) the use of molecules for which sequence specificity was determined using the assay as covalently attached moieties to aid in the binding of nucleic acid or other macromolecular polymers to nucleic acid sequences.

L8 ANSWER 118 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:33942 USPATFULL

TI Inhibitors of cyclin dependent kinases

IN Mansuri, Muzammil M., Lexington, MA, United StatesMurthi, Krishna K., Waltham, MA, United StatesPal, Kollol, Needham, MA, United States

PA Mitotix, Inc., Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5733920 19980331

AI US 1995-551031 19951031 (8)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Ivy, C. Warren; Assistant Examiner: Dahlen, Garth M.

LREP Foley, Hoag & Eliot, LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 37

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 3 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1951

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides novel inhibitors of cyclin-dependent kinases, in particular inhibitors of the CDK/cyclin complexes such as CDK4/cyclin D1. The novel compounds are analogs of chromones. These compounds can be used for inhibiting excessive or abnormal cell proliferation. Thus, the novel compounds are useful for treating a subject with a disorder associated with excessive cell proliferation, such as cancer.

L8 ANSWER 119 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:28088 USPATFULL

TI Pharmacologically active pyridine derivatives and processes for the

preparation thereof

IN Zimmermann, Jurg, Wallbach, Switzerland

PA Novartis Corporation, Summit, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5728708

19980317

WO 9509853 19930413

19950531 (8)

AI US 1995-446743 WO 1994-EP3151

19940921

19950531 PCT 371 date

19950531 PCT 102(e) date

PRAI CH 1993-2969

19931001

CH 1994-2281

19940718

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Ford, John M.

LREP Ferraro, Gregory D.

CLMN Number of Claims: 23

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 2107

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

N-phenyl-2-pyrimidineamine derivatives of formula I ##STR1## wherein the substituents are as defined in claim 1 and the derivatives of formula I can be used, for example, in the treatment of tumour diseases.

L8 ANSWER 120 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:25075 USPATFULL

TI Screening assay for the detection of DNA-binding molecules

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States

Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States

Andrews, Beth M., Watertown, MA, United States

Turin, Lisa M., Berkeley, CA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5726014

19980310

AI US 1993-123936

19930917 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Jones, W. Gary; Assistant Examiner: Atzel, Amy

LREP Fabian, Gary R., Stratford, Carol A., Dehlinger, Peter J.

CLMN Number of Claims: 19

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 72 Drawing Figure(s); 47 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5659

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention defines a DNA:protein-binding assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind DNA test sequences. The assay is versatile in that any number of test sequences can be tested by placing the test sequence adjacent to a defined protein binding screening sequence. Binding of molecules to these test sequence changes the binding characteristics of the protein molecule to its cognate binding sequence. When such a molecule binds the test sequence the equilibrium of the DNA:protein

complexes is disturbed, generating changes in the concentration of free DNA probe. Numerous exemplary target test sequences (SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:600) are set forth. The assay of the present invention is also useful to characterize the preferred binding sequences of any selected DNA-binding molecule.

L8 ANSWER 121 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:14634 USPATFULL

Tl Method of constructing sequence-specific DNA-binding molecules

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States Andrews, Beth M., Watertown, MA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5716780 19980210

AI US 1995-484499 19950607 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Jones, W. Gary; Assistant Examiner: Atzel, Amy LREP Fabian, Gary R., Stratford, Carol A., Dehlinger, Peter J.

CLMN Number of Claims: 9

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 48 Drawing Figure(s); 33 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4929

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines an assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind specific DNA test sequences. The assay is also useful for determining the sequence specificity and relative DNA-binding affinity of DNA-binding molecules for any particular DNA sequence. Also described herein are potential applications of the assay, including: 1) the detection of lead compounds or new drugs via the mass screening of libraries of synthetic or biological compounds (i.e., fermentation broths); 2) the design of sequence-specific DNA-binding drugs comprised of homo- or hetero-meric subunits of molecules for which the sequence specificity was determined using the assay; and 3) the use of molecules for which sequence specificity was determined using the assay as covalently attached moieties to aid in the binding of nucleic acid or other macromolecular polymers to nucleic acid sequences.

L8 ANSWER 122 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:1785 USPATFULL

TI Pharmacologically active pyrimidineamine derivatives and processes for the preparation thereof

IN Zimmermann, Jurg, Wallbach, Switzerland

PA Novartis Corporation, Summit, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5705502 19980106

WO 9509851 19950413

AI US 1995-446742 19950531 (8) WO 1994-EP3148 19940921 19950531 PCT 371 date

19950531 PCT 102(e) date

PRAI CH 1993-2968 19931001 19940718

CH 1994-2280

DT Utility FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Ford, John M.

LREP Ferraro, Gregory D.

CLMN Number of Claims: 9

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 1283

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Described are N-phenyl-2-pyrimidineamine derivatives of formula I ##STR1## wherein R.sub.1 is a substituted cyclic radical, the cyclic radical being bonded at a ring carbon atom in each case and being selected from phenyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, thiazolyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl and imidazolyl, and the substituents of the above-mentioned cyclic radical being selected from one or more of the groups halogen, cyano, carbamoyl, --C(.dbd.O)--OR.sub.3, --C(.dbd.O)--R.sub.4, --SO.sub.2 --N(R.sub.5)--R.sub.6, --N(R.sub.7)--R.sub.8, --OR.sub.9 and fluorine-substituted lower alkyl, wherein

R.sub.3, R.sub.4, R.sub.5, R.sub.6, R.sub.7, R.sub.8 and R.sub.9 are each independently of the others hydrogen or lower alkyl that is unsubstituted or substituted by mono- or di-lower alkylamino; and

R.sub.2 is selected from halogen, cyano, carbamoyl, --C(.dbd.O)--OR.sub.10, --C(.dbd.O)--R.sub.11, --SO.sub.2 --N(R.sub.12)--R.sub.13, --N(R.sub.14)--R.sub.15, --OR.sub.16 and fluorine-substituted lower alkyl, wherein

R.sub.10, R.sub.11, R.sub.12, R.sub.13, R.sub.14, R.sub.15 and R.sub.16 are each independently of the others hydrogen or lower alkyl that is unsubstituted or substituted by mono- or di-lower alkylamino. Those compounds can be used, for example, in the treatment of tumour diseases.

L8 ANSWER 123 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 97:118172 USPATFULL

TI Yeast telomerase compositions

IN Gottschling, Daniel E., Chicago, IL, United States Singer, Miriam S., Chicago, IL, United States

PA Arch Development Corporation, Chicago, IL, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5698686

19971216

AI US 1995-431080

19950428 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-326781, filed on 20 Oct 1994, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Jones, W. Gary; Assistant Examiner: Fredman, Jeffrey

LREP Arnold, White & Durkee

CLMN Number of Claims: 71

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 15 Drawing Figure(s); 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7319

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are various methods, compositions and screening assays connected with telomerase, including genes encoding the template RNA of S. cerevisiae telomerase and various telomerase-associated polypeptides.

L8 ANSWER 124 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 97:112300 USPATFULL

TI Method of ordering sequence binding preferences of a DNA-binding molecule

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States4)

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5693463

19971202

AI US 1992-996783

19921223 (7)

DCD 20110426

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Zitomer, Stephanie W.; Assistant Examiner: Atzel, Amy

LREP Fabian, Gary R., Stratford, Carol A., Dehlinger, Peter J.

CLMN Number of Claims: 3

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 48 Drawing Figure(s); 33 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4908

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines an assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind specific DNA test sequences. The assay is also useful for determining the sequence specificity and relative DNA-binding affinity of DNA-binding molecules for any particular DNA sequence. Also described herein are potential applications of the assay, including: 1) the detection of lead compounds or new drugs via the mass screening of libraries of synthetic or biological compounds (i.e., fermentation broths); 2) the design of sequence-specific DNA-binding drugs comprised of homo- or hetero-meric subunits of molecules for which the sequence specificity was determined using the assay; and 3) the use of molecules for which sequence specificity was determined using the assay as covalently attached moieties to aid in the binding of nucleic acid or other macromolecular polymers to nucleic acid sequences.

L8 ANSWER 125 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 97:106954 USPATFULL

TI Isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding the p27 KIP-1 protein

IN Massague, Joan, New York, NY, United States Roberts, James M., Seattle, WA, United States Koff, Andrew, New York, NY, United States Polyak, Kornelia, New York, NY, United States

PA Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center, Seattle, WA, United States (U.S. corporation)

Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, New York, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5688665

19971118

AI US 1994-275983

19940715 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-179045, filed on 7 Jan 1994, now abandoned

DT Utility

Granted FS

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Allen, Marianne P.; Assistant Examiner: Hayes, Robert

LREP Vincent, Matthew P., Arnold, Beth E.Foley, Hoag & Eliot LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 15

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 35 Drawing Figure(s); 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2486

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The subject invention provides an isolated protein having an apparent molecular weight of about 27 kD and capable of binding to and inhibiting the activation of a cyclin E-Cdk2 complex. The subject invention further provides a recombinant nucleic acid molecule which encodes the p27 protein of the subject invention, and related vectors and host vector systems. The subject invention further provides a method for producing the p27 protein of the subject invention using the host vector system. The subject invention further provides methods of determining whether an agent is capable of specifically inhibiting or enhancing the ability of p27 protein to inhibit the activation of cyclin E-Cdk2 complex. Finally, this subject invention provides different uses of the isolated protein, the recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding the isolated protein and the agent capable of inhibiting or enchancing the ability of p27 protein to inhibit the activation of cyclin E-Cdk2 complex.

L8 ANSWER 126 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 97:1557 USPATFULL

TI Detection of conversion to mucoidy in pseudomonas aeruginosa infecting cystic fibrosis patients

IN Deretic, Vojo, San Antonio, TX, United States Martin, Daniel W., San Antonio, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5591838

19970107

AI US 1993-17114

19930212 (8)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Parr, Margaret; Assistant Examiner: Houttem, Scott

LREP Arnold, White & Durkee

CLMN Number of Claims: 9

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 28 Drawing Figure(s); 25 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2225

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Compositions and methods for detecting the conversion to mucoidy in Pseudomonas aeruginosa are disclosed. Chronic respiratory infections with mucoid Pseudomonas aeruginosa are the leading cause of high mortality and morbidity in cystic fibrosis. The initially colonizing strains are nonmucoid but in the cystic fibrosis lung they invariably convert into the mucoid form causing further disease deterioration and poor prognosis. The molecular basis of this conversion to mucoidy is

also disclosed. The algU gene encodes a protein homologous to an alternative sigma factor regulating sporulation and other developmental processes in Bacillus, and along with the negative regulators mucA and mucB comprises the gene cluster controlling conversion to mucoidy. The switch from nonmucoid to mucoid state is caused by frameshift deletions and duplications in the second gene of the cluster, mucA. Inactivation of mucA results in constitutive expression of genes, such as algD, dependent on algU for transcription. Insertional inactivation of mucB on the chromosome of the standard genetic strain PAO also resulted in mucoid phenotype, and in a strong transcriptional activation of algD. Activation of algD results in increased synthesis of the exopolysaccharide alginate rendering P. aeruginosaa mucoid.

L8 ANSWER 127 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 96:108816 USPATFULL

TI Sequence-directed DNA-binding molecules compositions and methods

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States
Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States
Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States
Turin, Lisa M., Redwood City, CA, United States
Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5578444 19961126

AI US 1993-171389 19931220 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-123936, filed on 17 Sep 1993 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Zitomer, Stephanie W.; Assistant Examiner: Atzel, Amy

LREP Fabian, Gary R., Brookes, Allen A., Stratford, Carol A.

CLMN Number of Claims: 15

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 71 Drawing Figure(s); 48 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5845

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines a DNA:protein-binding assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind DNA test sequences. The assay is versatile in that any number of test sequences can be tested by placing the test sequence adjacent to a defined protein binding screening sequence. Binding of molecules to these test sequence changes the binding characteristics of the protein molecule to its cognate binding sequence. When such a molecule binds the test sequence the equilibrium of the DNA:protein complexes is disturbed, generating changes in the concentration of free DNA probe. Numerous exemplary target test sequences (SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:600) are set forth. The assay of the present invention is also useful to characterize the preferred binding sequences of any selected DNA-binding molecule.

L8 ANSWER 128 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 96:103875 USPATFULL

TI Detection of conversion to mucoidy in Pseudomonas aeruginosa infecting

cystic fibrosis patients involving the algu gene

IN Deretic, Vojo, San Antonio, TX, United States Martin, Daniel W., San Antonio, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5573910

19961112

AI US 1994-260202

19940615 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-17114, filed on 12 Feb 1993

DT Utility

Granted FS

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Zitomer, Stephanie W.; Assistant Examiner: Rees, Dianne

LREP Arnold White & Durkee

CLMN Number of Claims: 27

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 22 Drawing Figure(s); 16 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3374

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for detecting the conversion to mucoidy in Pseudomonas aeruginosa are disclosed. Mucoidy is a critical P. aeruginosa virulence factor in cystic fibrosis that has been associated with biofilm develoment and resistance to phagocytosis. The present invention provides for detecting the switch from nonmucoid to mucoid state as caused by the interaction of the algU gene product, algU, with RNA polymerase. Inactivation of algU results in a loss of expression of genes, such as algD, dependent on algU for transcription. Also disclosed is a novel alginate biosynthesis heterologous expression system for use in screening candidate substances that inhibit conversion to mucoidy by inhibiting the interaction of algU with the RNA polymerase holoenzyme.

L8 ANSWER 129 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 96:87509 USPATFULL

TI Protein serine kinase, SRPK1

IN Gui, Jian-Fang, San Diego, CA, United States Fu, Xiang-Dong, San Diego, CA, United States

PA The Regents of the University of California, Oakland, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5559019

19960924

AI US 1994-264002

19940622 (8)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Patterson, Jr., Charles L.; Assistant Examiner: Bugaisky, G. E.

LREP Fish & Richardson P.C.

CLMN Number of Claims: 5

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 44 Drawing Figure(s); 13 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1952

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A novel serine protein kinase, SRPK1, having a molecular weight of about 92 kD and phosphorylating the SR family of splicing factors in a cell-cycle regulated manner is described. Polynucleotide and polypeptide sequences for SRPK1 are provided as well as methods for modulating splicing and alternative splicing of precursor mRNAs.

L8 ANSWER 130 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 96:70558 USPATFULL

TI Pyrimidine derivatives

IN Zimmermann, Jurg, Wallbach, Switzerland

PA Ciba-Geigy Corporation, Tarrytown, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5543520

19960806

AI US 1994-306333

19940915 (8)

PRAI CH 1993-2966

19931001

CH 1994-2278

19940718

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Ford, John M.

LREP Mathias, Marla J., Kaiser, Karen G., Fishman, Irving M.

CLMN Number of Claims: 7

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 602

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

There are disclosed N-(fluoroalkoxyphenyl)-2-pyrimidine-amine derivatives of formula I ##STR1## wherein R.sub.1 is isoquinolinyl, thienyl or 1H-pyrrolyl, and R.sub.2 is fluoro-substituted alkoxy containing up to 2 carbon atoms. These compounds can be used, inter alia, for the therapy of tumoral diseases.

L8 ANSWER 131 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 88:26041 USPATFULL

TI Biologically functional molecular chimeras

IN Cohen, Stanley N., Menlo Park, CA, United States Boyer, Herbert W., Mill Valley, CA, United States

PA The Board of Trustees of the Leland Stanford, Jr. University, Stanford, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 4740470

19880426

AI US 1984-602294

19840420 (6)

DCD 19971202

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1978-959288, filed on 9 Nov 1978, now patented, Pat. No. US 4468464 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1976-687430, filed on 17 May 1976, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1974-520691, filed on 4 Nov 1974, now abandoned

DT Utility

Granted FS

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Tanenholtz, Alvin E.

LREP Rowland, Bertram I.

CLMN Number of Claims: 23

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 982

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Method and compositions are provided for replication and expression of exogenous genes in microorganisms. Plasmids or virus DNA are cleaved to provide linear DNA having ligatable termini, which are bound to a gene having complementary termini, to provide a biologically functional replicon with a desired phenotypical property. The replicon is inserted into a microorganism cell by transformation. Isolation of the transformants provides cells for replication and expression of the DNA

molecules present in the modified plasmid. The method provides a convenient and efficient way to introduce genetic capability into microorganisms for the production of nucleic acids and proteins, such as medically or commercially useful enzymes, which may have direct usefulness, or may find expression in the production of drugs, such as hormones, antibiotics, or the like, fixation of nitrogen, fermentation, utilization of specific feedstocks, or the like.

The invention was supported by generous grants of NIH, NSF and the American Cancer Society.

L8 ANSWER 132 OF 132 USPATFULL on STN

AN 80:60508 USPATFULL

TI Process for producing biologically functional molecular chimeras

IN Cohen, Stanley N., Portola Valley, CA, United States Boyer, Herbert W., Mill Valley, CA, United States

PA Board of Trustees of the Leland Stanford Jr. University, Stanford, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 4237224

19801202

AI US 1979-1021

19790104 (6)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1978-959288, filed on 9 Nov 1978, now Defensive Publication No. which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1976-687430, filed on 17 May 1976, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1974-520691, filed on 4 Nov 1974, now Defensive Publication No.

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Tanenholtz, Alvin E.

LREP Rowland, Bertram I. CLMN Number of Claims: 14 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 983

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Method and compositions are provided for replication and expression of exogenous genes in microorganisms. Plasmids or virus DNA are cleaved to provide linear DNA having ligatable termini to which is inserted a gene having complementary termini, to provide a biologically functional replicon with a desired phenotypical property. The replicon is inserted into a microorganism cell by transformation. Isolation of the transformants provides cells for replication and expression of the DNA molecules present in the modified plasmid. The method provides a convenient and efficient way to introduce genetic capability into microorganisms for the production of nucleic acids and proteins, such as medically or commercially useful enzymes, which may have direct usefulness, or may find expression in the production of drugs, such as hormones, antibiotics, or the like, fixation of nitrogen, fermentation, utilization of specific feedstocks, or the like.

```
=> s 18 and (animal feed)
       3 L8 AND (ANIMAL FEED)
L9
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 3 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y
L9 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 2001:115183 CAPLUS
DN 134:168376
TI ***Antimicrobial*** ***histone*** ***H1*** compositions, kits,
  and methods of use thereof
IN Class, Reiner; Zeppezauer, Michael
PA Symbiotec Gm.b.H., Germany; Philadelphia Health and Education Corp.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.
  CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
  PATENT NO.
                  KIND DATE
                                    APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 2001010901 A2 20010215
                                     WO 2000-US21747 20000809
  WO 2001010901 A3 20010809
  WO 2001010901 C2 20020912
    W: CA, JP, US
    RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
  US 2001046976 A1 20011129
                                   US 1999-372500 19990811
  US 6565854
                 B2 20030520
  EP 1200463
                 A2 20020502
                                 EP 2000-957347 20000809
    R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
      IE, FI, CY
PRAI US 1999-372500 A 19990811
  US 1998-96382P P 19980813
  WO 2000-US21747 W 20000809
AB The invention includes antibiotic pharmaceutical compns. comprising
   ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein and methods of
  using ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein to kill
  or to inhibit the growth of microorganisms, including, but not limited to,
  human pathogenic bacteria. The invention further includes a
   ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** -contg. ***animal***
   ***feed*** and methods of improving growth of an animal by supplying the
  feed to the animal. The invention still further includes a kit comprising
  a ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** -contg. antibiotic
  pharmaceutical compn. and an instructional material which describes the
  use of the compn. In addn., the invention includes a vaccine comprising a
   ***eukaryotic*** ***histone***
                                   ***H1*** protein and a method of
  vaccinating an animal using the vaccine.
L9 ANSWER 2 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:180284 USPATFULL
     ***Antimicrobial*** agent
ΤI
IN Rothman, Ulf, St. Peter Port, UNITED KINGDOM
PI
    US 2003124111 A1 20030703
AI US 2002-231400 A1 20020829 (10)
PRAI SE 2001-2864
                      20010829
DT Utility
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FS APPLICATION LREP JAMES RAY & ASSOCIATES, 2640 Pitcairn Road, Monroeville, PA, 15146 CLMN Number of Claims: 32 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings **LN.CNT 692** CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. AB The present invention relates to the use of a proteineous component isolated from plant chromatin, after dissociation of the same, as an ***antimicrobial*** agent, the proteineous component having an apparent molecular weight between 10 and 20 kD. The proteineous plant component is produced by means of a method comprising the steps of homogenizing a plant material in order to expose its plant chromatin, dissociating the plant chromatin with a dissociating agent under hydrophobic conditions, and separating the dissociated plant chromatin into individual fractions, one comprising the proteineous plant component, by means of a hydrophobic interaction separation procedure. L9 ANSWER 3 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN AN 2001:218486 USPATFULL ***ANTIMICROBIAL*** ***HISTONE*** ***H1*** COMPOSITIONS. KITS, AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF IN CLASS, REINER J. W., DREXEL HILL, PA, United States HAND, CHRISTOPHER M., WAYNE, PA, United States A1 20011129 PI US 2001046976 US 6565854 B2 20030520 AI US 1999-372500 A1 19990811 (9) PRAI US 1998-96382P 19980813 (60) DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP AKIN, GUMP, STRAUSS, HAUER & FELD, L.L.P., ONE COMMERCE SQUARE, 2005 MARKET STREET, SUITE 2200, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103 CLMN Number of Claims: 20 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 9 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 1443 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT: The invention includes antibiotic pharmaceutical compositions comprising ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein and methods of using ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein to kill or to inhibit the growth of microorganisms, including, but not limited to, human pathogenic bacteria. The invention further includes a ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** -containing ***animal*** ***feed*** and methods of improving growth of an animal by supplying the feed to the animal. The invention still further includes a kit comprising a ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** -containing antibiotic pharmaceutical composition and an instructional material which describes the use of the composition. In

addition, the invention includes a vaccine comprising a

of vaccinating an animal using the vaccine.

eukaryotic ***histone*** ***H1*** protein and a method

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=> s 18 and (food?)
        48 L8 AND (FOOD?)
L10
=> s 18 and (foodstuff)
        3 L8 AND (FOODSTUFF)
=> d 110 bib ab 1-
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 48 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y
L10 ANSWER 1 OF 48 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 2001:115183 CAPLUS
DN 134:168376
TI ***Antimicrobial*** ***histone*** ***H1*** compositions, kits,
   and methods of use thereof
IN Class, Reiner; Zeppezauer, Michael
PA Symbiotec Gm.b.H., Germany; Philadelphia Health and Education Corp.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.
   CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
  PATENT NO. KIND DATE
                                     APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 2001010901 A2 20010215
                                      WO 2000-US21747 20000809
   WO 2001010901 A3 20010809
   WO 2001010901 C2 20020912
     W: CA, JP, US
    RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
       PT, SE
  US 2001046976 A1 20011129
                                    US 1999-372500 19990811
   US 6565854
                 B2 20030520
   EP 1200463
                 A2 20020502
                                  EP 2000-957347 20000809
    R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
       IE, FI, CY
PRAI US 1999-372500 A 19990811
   US 1998-96382P P 19980813
   WO 2000-US21747 W 20000809
AB The invention includes antibiotic pharmaceutical compns. comprising
    ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein and methods of
   using ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein to kill
   or to inhibit the growth of microorganisms, including, but not limited to,
  human pathogenic bacteria. The invention further includes a
    ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** -contg. animal feed and
  methods of improving growth of an animal by supplying the feed to the
   animal. The invention still further includes a kit comprising a
    ***eukaryotic***
                    ***histone*** ***H1*** -contg. antibiotic
   pharmaceutical compn. and an instructional material which describes the
   use of the compn. In addn., the invention includes a vaccine comprising a
    ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein and a method of
   vaccinating an animal using the vaccine.
L10 ANSWER 2 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:200457 USPATFULL
TI Multimeric proteins and methods of making and using same
IN Fang, Fang, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
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Luo, Guang-Xiang, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Kohlstaedt, Lori Allison, La Jolla, CA, UNITED STATES Charles, Catherine Helen, Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003138440 A1 20030724

AI US 2002-199957 A1 20020719 (10)

PRAI US 2001-306746P 20010719 (60)

US 2001-335425P 20011130 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Pillsbury Winthrop LLP, Intellectual Property Group, P.O. Box 10500,

McLean, VA, 22102

CLMN Number of Claims: 112

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 9 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3098

AB The invention provides multimerization polypeptides capable of conferring formation of multimers when the multimerization polypeptide is linked to a molecule, such as a heterologous polypeptide sequence.

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:180711 USPATFULL

TI Interventions to mimic the effects of calorie restriction

IN Spindler, Stephen R., Riverside, CA, UNITED STATES

PA The Regents of the University of California (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003124540 A1 20030703

AI US 2002-56749 A1 20020122 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-648642, filed on 25 Aug 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6406853

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

CLMN Number of Claims: 28

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 13 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2446

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Long term calorie restriction has the benefit of increasing life span. Methods to screen interventions that mimic the effects of calorie restriction are disclosed. Extensive analysis of genes for which expression is statistically different between control and calorie restricted animals has demonstrated that specific genes are preferentially expressed during calorie restriction. Screening for interventions which produce the same expression profile will provide interventions that increase life span. In a further aspect, it has been discovered that test animals on a calorie restricted diet for a relatively short time have a similar gene expression profile to test animals which have been on a long term calorie restricted diet.

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:180701 USPATFULL

TI Sequence-directed DNA-binding molecules compositons and methods

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, UNITED STATES Cantor, Charles R., Del Mar, CA, UNITED STATES Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, UNITED STATES

Turin, Lisa M., Redwood City, CA, UNITED STATES Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003124530 A1 20030703

AI US 2001-993346 A1 20011113 (9)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1999-354947, filed on 15 Jul 1999, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6384208 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-482080, filed on 7 Jun 1995, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6010849 Division of Ser. No. US 1993-171389, filed on 20 Dec 1993, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5578444 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-123936, filed on 17 Sep 1993, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5726014 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5693463 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP PERKINS COIE LLP, P.O. BOX 2168, MENLO PARK, CA, 94026

CLMN Number of Claims: 33

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 47 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10851

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines a DNA: protein-binding assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind DNA test sequences. The assay is versatile in that any number of test sequences can be tested by placing the test sequence adjacent to a defined protein binding screening sequence. Binding of molecules to these test sequence changes the binding characteristics of the protein molecule to its cognate binding sequence. When such a molecule binds the test sequence the equilibrium of the DNA:protein complexes is disturbed, generating changes in the concentration of free DNA probe. Numerous exemplary target test sequences (SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:600) are set forth. The assay of the present invention is also useful to characterize the preferred binding sequences of any selected DNA-binding molecule.

L10 ANSWER 5 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:180284 USPATFULL

TI ***Antimicrobial*** agent

IN Rothman, Ulf, St. Peter Port, UNITED KINGDOM

PI US 2003124111 A1 20030703

AI US 2002-231400 A1 20020829 (10)

PRAI SE 2001-2864 20010829

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP JAMES RAY & ASSOCIATES, 2640 Pitcairn Road, Monroeville, PA, 15146

CLMN Number of Claims: 32

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 692

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to the use of a proteineous component isolated from plant chromatin, after dissociation of the same, as an

antimicrobial agent, the proteineous component having an apparent molecular weight between 10 and 20 kD. The proteineous plant component is produced by means of a method comprising the steps of

homogenizing a plant material in order to expose its plant chromatin, dissociating the plant chromatin with a dissociating agent under hydrophobic conditions, and separating the dissociated plant chromatin into individual fractions, one comprising the proteineous plant component, by means of a hydrophobic interaction separation procedure.

L10 ANSWER 6 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:172748 USPATFULL

TI Binding domain-immunoglobulin fusion proteins

IN Ledbetter, Jeffrey A., Shoreline, WA, UNITED STATES Hayden-Ledbetter, Martha S., Shoreline, WA, UNITED STATES Thompson, Peter A., Danville, CA, UNITED STATES

PA Genecraft, Inc., Shoreline, WA (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003118592 A1 20030626

AI US 2002-207655 A1 20020725 (10)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-53530, filed on 17 Jan 2002, PENDING

PRAI US 2001-367358P 20010117 (60)

US 2002-385691P 20020603 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 61

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 53 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7939

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to novel binding domain-immunoglobulin fusion proteins that feature a binding domain for a cognate structure such as an antigen, a counterreceptor or the like, a wild-type IgG1, IGA or IgE hinge region polypeptide or a mutant IgG1 hinge region polypeptide having either zero, one or two cysteine residues, and immunoglobulin CH2 and CH3 domains, and that are capable of ADCC and/or CDC while occurring predominantly as polypeptides that are compromised in their ability to form disulfide-linked multimers. The fusion proteins can be recombinantly produced at high expression levels. Also provided are related compositions and methods, including cell surface forms of the fusion proteins and immunotherapeutic applications of the fusion proteins and of polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

L10 ANSWER 7 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:159819 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of kidney cancer

IN Algate, Paul A., Issaquah, WA, UNITED STATES Mannion, Jane, Edmonds, WA, UNITED STATES Gaiger, Alexander, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES Gordon, Brian, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES Harlocker, Susan L., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003109434 A1 20030612

AI US 2002-102524 A1 20020319 (10)

PRAI US 2001-343340P 20011221 (60)

US 2001-277245P 20010319 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 8067

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly kidney cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more kidney tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly kidney cancer.

L10 ANSWER 8 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:152696 USPATFULL

TI CELL-CYCLE REGULATORY PROTEINS FROM HUMAN PATHOGENS, AND USES RELATED THERETO

IN COTTAREL, GUILLAUME, ARLINGTON, MA, UNITED STATES DAMAGNEZ, VERONIQUE, CAMBRIDGE, MA, UNITED STATES DRAETTA, GIULIO, OPERA, ITALY

PI US 2003104362 A1 20030605

AI US 1998-72994 A1 19980505 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-463090, filed on 5 Jun 1995, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5801015

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP ROPES & GRAY, ONE INTERNATIONAL PLACE, BOSTON, MA, 02110-2624

CLMN Number of Claims: 36 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 2 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2903

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to the discovery of novel cell cycle regulatory proteins from the human pathogen Candida.

L10 ANSWER 9 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:140406 USPATFULL

TI Human cDNAs and proteins and uses thereof

IN Bejanin, Stephane, Paris, FRANCE Tanaka, Hiroaki, Antony, FRANCE

PA GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003096247 A1 20030522

AI US 2001-986 A1 20011114 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2001-924340, filed on 6 Aug 2001, PENDING

PRAI WO 2001-IB1715 20010806

US 2001-305456P 20010713 (60)

US 2001-302277P 20010629 (60)

US 2001-298698P 20010615 (60)

US 2001-293574P 20010525 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., GENSET CORP., 10665 Sorrento Valley Road, San Diego, CA, 92121-1609

CLMN Number of Claims: 13

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 25656

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention concerns GENSET polynucleotides and polypeptides. Such GENSET products may be used as reagents in forensic analyses, as chromosome markers, as tissue/cell/organelle-specific markers, in the production of expression vectors. In addition, they may be used in screening and diagnosis assays for abnormal GENSET expression and/or biological activity and for screening compounds that may be used in the treatment of GENSET-related disorders.

L10 ANSWER 10 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:133926 USPATFULL

TI Human cDNAs and proteins and uses thereof

IN Bejanin, Stephane, Paris, FRANCE Tanaka, Hiroaki, Antony, FRANCE

PA GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003092011 A1 20030515

AI US 2001-489 A1 20011114 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2001-924340, filed on 6 Aug 2001, PENDING

PRAI WO 2001-IB1715 20010806

US 2001-305456P 20010713 (60)

US 2001-302277P 20010629 (60)

US 2001-298698P 20010615 (60)

US 2001-293574P 20010525 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., GENSET CORP., 10665 Sorrento Valley Road, San Diego, CA, 92121-1609

CLMN Number of Claims: 13

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 25607

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention concerns GENSET polynucleotides and polypeptides. Such GENSET products may be used as reagents in forensic analyses, as chromosome markers, as tissue/cell/organelle-specific markers, in the production of expression vectors. In addition, they may be used in screening and diagnosis assays for abnormal GENSET expression and/or biological activity and for screening compounds that may be used in the treatment of GENSET-related disorders.

L10 ANSWER 11 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:113075 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins, and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES Barash, Steven C., Rockville, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003077808 A1 20030424

AI US 2001-764891 A1 20010117 (9)

PRAI US 2000-179065P 20000131 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 24

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 59131

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel reproductive system related polynucleotides and the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides herein collectively known as "reproductive system related antigens," and the use of such reproductive system related antigens for detecting disorders of the reproductive system, particularly the presence of cancers and cancer metastases. More specifically, isolated reproductive system associated nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel reproductive system associated polypeptides. Novel reproductive system related polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human reproductive system associated polynucleotides and/or polypeptides. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to the reproductive system, including reproductive system cancers, and therapeutic methods for treating such disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The present invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting the production and function of the polypeptides of the present invention.

L10 ANSWER 12 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:106233 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of pancreatic cancer

IN Benson, Darin R., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Kalos, Michael D., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Lodes, Michael J., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Persing, David H., Redmond, WA, UNITED STATES

Hepler, William T., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003073144 A1 20030417

AI US 2002-60036 A1 20020130 (10)

PRAI US 2001-333626P 20011127 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 14253

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly pancreatic cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more pancreatic tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions

thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly pancreatic cancer.

L10 ANSWER 13 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:81623 USPATFULL

TI BCR-ABL directed compositions and uses for inhibiting Philadelphia chromesome stimulated cell growth

IN Arlinghaus, Ralph B., Bellaire, TX, United States

Liu, Jiaxin, Bellaire, TX, United States

Lopez-Berestein, Gabriel, Bellaire, TX, United States

Lu, Dai, Pearland, TX, United States

Wu, Yun, Houston, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas Systems, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6537804 B1 20030325

WO 9625520 19960822

AI US 1999-101059 19990621 (9)

WO 1996-US2091 19960216

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-390353, filed on 16 Feb 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 6107457

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: McGarry, Sean

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski CLMN Number of Claims: 22 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 33 Drawing Figure(s); 29 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3281

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides methods for detecting and quantitating BCR-ABL gene products and other abnormal ABL gene products of Ph.sup.1-positive leukemic cells. The invention further provides methods for determining the relative number of leukemic cells compared with normal ABL cells to assess the tumor burden of a patient. In another aspect, the methods of the present invention can be used to determine a specific phase of leukemia, particularly chronic-phase CML.

L10 ANSWER 14 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:78457 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins, and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES Barash, Steven C., Rockville, MD, UNITED STATES

PA Human Genome Sciences, Inc., Rockville, MD (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003054377 A1 20030320

AI US 2002-102627 A1 20020322 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-764856, filed on 17 Jan 2001, PENDING

PRAI US 2000-179065P 20000131 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 24

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 18653

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel proteins. More specifically, isolated nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel polypeptides. Novel polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human polynucleotides and/or polypeptides, and antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to these novel polypeptides. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The present invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or enhancing the production and function of the polypeptides of the present invention.

L10 ANSWER 15 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:71365 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins, and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATESRuben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATESBarash, Steven C., Rockville, MD, UNITED STATES

PA Human Genome Sciences, Inc., Rockville, MD (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003049650 A1 20030313

AI US 2002-91483 A1 20020307 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-764846, filed on 17 Jan 2001, ABANDONED

PRAI US 2000-179065P 20000131 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 24 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 22593

AB The present invention relates to novel proteins. More specifically, isolated nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel polypeptides. Novel polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human polynucleotides and/or polypeptides, and antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to these novel polypeptides. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The present invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or enhancing the production and function of the polypeptides of the present invention.

L10 ANSWER 16 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:37603 USPATFULL

TI Human cDNAs and proteins and uses thereof

IN Bejanin, Stephane, Paris, FRANCE Tanaka, Hiroaki, Antony, FRANCE

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PA GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation)
                      A1 20030206
PI US 2003027248
AI US 2001-924340 A1 20010806 (9)
PRAI US 2001-305456P 20010713 (60)
   US 2001-302277P 20010629 (60)
   US 2001-298698P
                      20010615 (60)
   US 2001-293574P
                      20010525 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP GENSET, JOHN LUCAS, PHD, J.D., 10665 SORRENTO VALLEY RD, SAN DIEGO, CA,
   92121
CLMN Number of Claims: 13
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 25650
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
    The invention concerns GENSET polynucleotides and polypeptides. Such
   GENSET products may be used as reagents in forensic analyses, as
   chromosome markers, as tissue/cell/organelle-specific markers, in the
   production of expression vectors. In addition, they may be used in
   screening and diagnosis assays for abnormal GENSET expression and/or
   biological activity and for screening compounds that may be used in the
   treatment of GENSET-related disorders.
L10 ANSWER 17 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:37516 USPATFULL
TI Human cDNAs and proteins and uses thereof
IN Bejanin, Stephane, Paris, FRANCE
   Tanaka, Hiroaki, Antony, FRANCE
PA GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation)
PI US 2003027161 A1 20030206
AI US 2001-992600 A1 20011113 (9)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2001-924340, filed on 6 Aug 2001, PENDING
PRAI WO 2001-IB1715
                         20010806
   US 2001-305456P 20010713 (60)
   US 2001-302277P
                      20010629 (60)
   US 2001-298698P
                      20010615 (60)
   US 2001-293574P
                      20010525 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., GENSET CORP., 10665 Sorrento Valley Road, San
   Diego, CA, 92121-1609
CLMN Number of Claims: 13
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 25529
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     The invention concerns GENSET polynucleotides and polypeptides. Such
   GENSET products may be used as reagents in forensic analyses, as
   chromosome markers, as tissue/cell/organelle-specific markers, in the
   production of expression vectors. In addition, they may be used in
   screening and diagnosis assays for abnormal GENSET expression and/or
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biological activity and for screening compounds that may be used in the

treatment of GENSET-related disorders.

L10 ANSWER 18 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:23331 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer

IN Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003017167 A1 20030123

AI US 2001-904456 A1 20010711 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-878722, filed on 8 Jun 2001,

PENDING

PRAI US 2001-290240P 20010510 (60)

US 2000-256571P 20001218 (60)

US 2000-210821P 20000609 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 8237

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as colon cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more colon tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a colon tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as colon cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a colon tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.

L10 ANSWER 19 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:344628 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the detection, diagnosis and therapy of hematological malignancies

IN Gaiger, Alexander, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Algate, Paul A., Issaquah, WA, UNITED STATES Mannion, Jane, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002198362 A1 20021226

AI US 2001-796692 A1 20010301 (9)

PRAI US 2000-223378P 20000807 (60)

FS APPLICATION

LREP TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

CLMN Number of Claims: 100

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 19014

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed are methods and compositions for the detection, diagnosis, prognosis, and therapy of hematological malignancies, and in particular, human leukemias and lymphomas of the follicular, Hodgkin's and B cell and T cll non-Hodgkin's types. Disclosed are compositions, methods and kits for eliciting immune and T cell responses to specific

malignancy-related antigenic polypeptides and antigenic polypeptide fragments thereof in an animal. Also disclosed are compositions and methods for use in the identification of cells and biological samples containing one or more hematological malignancy-related compositions, and methods for the detection and diagnosis of such diseases and affected cell types. Also disclosed are diagnostic and therapeutic kits, as well as methods for the diagnosis, therapy and/or prevention of a variety of leukemias and lymphomas.

L10 ANSWER 20 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:310941 USPATFULL

TI Suppression of cyclin kinase 2 activity for prevention and treatment of DNA viral infections

IN Albrecht, Thomas, Galveston, TX, United States
 Thompson, Aubrey E., Dickinson, TX, United States
 Bresnahan, Wade, Plainsboro, NJ, United States
 Meijer, Laurent, Roscoff, FRANCE

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6486166 B1 20021126

AI US 1999-389830 19990903 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1998-US4154, filed on 2 Mar 1998

PRAI US 1997-38126P 19970303 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Webman, Edward J.

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski CLMN Number of Claims: 27 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 30 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1990

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB An important aspect of the present invention is a method for inhibiting proliferation of a DNA virus dependent upon events associated with cell proliferation for replication. The DNA virus includes any of the herpesvirus family, and most particularly human cytomegalovirus. The method involves administering prophylactically or therapeutically effective amount of a cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor to a patient or animal.

L10 ANSWER 21 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:303980 USPATFULL

TI Modification of mutated P53 gene in tumors by retroviral delivery of ribozyme A

IN Roth, Jack A., Houston, TX, United States
 Cai, De Wei, Cheltenham, PA, United States
 Mukhopadhyay, Tapas, Houston, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6482803 B1 20021119

AI US 1995-523030 19950901 (8)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: LeGuyader, John L.

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski

CLMN Number of Claims: 25 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,4

DRWN 12 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2784

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention discloses expression constructs and methods for employing them that result in the modulation of abnormal oncogene and tumor suppressor genes in a novel approach to cancer prevention and therapy. In one embodiment, an expression construct expresses a ribozyme that inactivates mutant p53 and also expresses the functional p53.

L10 ANSWER 22 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:273550 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002151681 A1 20021017

AI US 2001-925300 A1 20010810 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2000-US5988, filed on 8 Mar 2000, UNKNOWN

PRAI US 1999-124270P 19990312 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 23 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 29771

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention relates to newly identified prostate or prostate cancer related polynucleotides, the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides herein collectively referred to as "prostate cancer antigens," and to the complete gene sequences associated therewith and to the expression products thereof, and to antibodies that immunospecifically bind these polypeptides, as well as the use of such prostate cancer polynucleotides, antigens, and antibodies for detection, prevention, prognosis, and treatment of disorders of the reproductive system, particularly disorders of the prostate, including, but not limited to, the presence of prostate cancer and prostate cancer metastases. More specifically, isolated prostate cancer nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel prostate cancer polypeptides. Novel prostate cancer polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human prostate cancer polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to the prostate, including prostate cancer, and therapeutic methods for treating such disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or promoting the production and/or function of the polypeptides of the invention.

L10 ANSWER 23 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:272801 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer

IN Stolk, John A., Bothell, WA, UNITED STATES

Xu, Jiangchun, Bellevue, WA, UNITED STATES

Chenault, Ruth A., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Meagher, Madeleine Joy, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002150922 A1 20021017

AI US 2001-998598 A1 20011116 (9)

PRAI US 2001-304037P 20010710 (60)

US 2001-279670P 20010328 (60)

US 2001-267011P 20010206 (60)

US 2000-252222P 20001120 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,

SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 9233

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly colon cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more colon tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly colon cancer.

L10 ANSWER 24 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:191573 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins, and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES Barash, Steven C., Rockville, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002102638 A1 20020801

AI US 2001-764846 A1 20010117 (9)

PRAI US 2000-179065P 20000131 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 24

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 22814

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel proteins. More specifically, isolated nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel polypeptides. Novel polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human polynucleotides and/or polypeptides, and antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating,

preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to these novel polypeptides. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The present invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or enhancing the production and function of the polypeptides of the present invention.

L10 ANSWER 25 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:191539 USPATFULL

TI Full-length human cDNAs encoding potentially secreted proteins

IN Milne Edwards, Jean-Baptiste Dumas, Paris, FRANCE Bougueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND Jobert, Severin, Paris, FRANCE

PI US 2002102604 A1 20020801

AI US 2000-731872 A1 20001207 (9)

PRAI US 1999-169629P 19991208 (60)

US 2000-187470P 20000306 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., Genset Corporation, 10665 Srrento Valley Road, San Diego, CA, 92121-1609

CLMN Number of Claims: 29

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 28061

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention concerns GENSET polynucleotides and polypeptides. Such GENSET products may be used as reagents in forensic analyses, as chromosome markers, as tissue/cell/organelle-specific markers, in the production of expression vectors. In addition, they may be used in screening and diagnosis assays for abnormal GENSET expression and/or biological activity and for screening compounds that may be used in the treatment of GENSET-related disorders.

L10 ANSWER 26 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:166381 USPATFULL

TI Adenosine deaminase deficient transgenic mice and methods for the use thereof

IN Kellems, Rodney E., Houston, TX, UNITED STATES
Datta, Surjit K., Houston, TX, UNITED STATES
Blackburn, Michael R., Pearland, TX, UNITED STATES

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002088017 A1 20020704

AI US 2001-761198 A1 20010116 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-301665, filed on 28 Apr 1999, UNKNOWN

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Stephen M. Hash, Ph.D., FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI L.L.P., Suite 2400, 600 Congress Avenue, Austin, TX, 78701

CLMN Number of Claims: 52

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 7 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7243

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to the production of adenosine deaminase

(ADA) deficient mice and the use of such mice as an animal model for dysfunctions associated with elevated adenosine levels. Also, provided by the present invention are methods of treating dysfunctions associated with elevated adenosine levels and methods of screening compounds for pharmaceutical activity in the treatment of dysfunctions associated with elevated adenosine levels.

L10 ANSWER 27 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:164735 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins, and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES Barash, Steven C., Rockville, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002086353 A1 20020704

AI US 2001-764856 A1 20010117 (9)

PRAI US 2000-179065P 20000131 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 24 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 23314

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel proteins. More specifically, isolated nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel polypeptides. Novel polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human polynucleotides and/or polypeptides, and antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to these novel polypeptides. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The present invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or enhancing the production and function of the polypeptides of the present invention.

L10 ANSWER 28 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:157060 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids, proteins and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002081659 A1 20020627

AI US 2001-925297 A1 20010810 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2000-US5989, filed on 8 Mar 2000, UNKNOWN

PRAI US 1999-124270P 19990312 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 23 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 20326

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel pancreatic related polynucleotides, the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides herein collectively referred to as "pancreatic antigens," and antibodies that immunospecifically bind these polypeptides, and the use of such pancreatic polynucleotides, antigens, and antibodies for detecting, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders of the pancreas, including, but not limited to, the presence of pancreatic cancer and pancreatic cancer metastases. More specifically, isolated pancreatic nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel pancreatic polypeptides. Novel pancreatic polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human pancreatic polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to the pancreas, including pancreatic cancer, and therapeutic methods for treating such disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or promoting the production and/or function of the polypeptides of the invention.

L10 ANSWER 29 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

- AN 2002:144075 USPATFULL
- TI Interventions to mimic the effects of calorie restriction
- IN Spindler, Stephen R., Riverside, CA, United States
- PA The Regents of the University of California, Oakland, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
- PI US 6406853 E
- B1 20020618
- AI US 2000-648642
- 20000825 (9)
- RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-471225, filed on 23 Dec 1999
- DT Utility
- FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Jones, W. Gary; Assistant Examiner: Taylor, Janell E.

LREP Townsend & Townsend & Crew LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 26 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 13 Drawing Figure(s); 13 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2230

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Long term calorie restriction has the benefit of increasing life span. Methods to screen interventions that mimic the effects of calorie restriction are disclosed. Extensive analysis of genes for which expression is statistically different between control and calorie restricted animals has demonstrated that specific genes are preferentially expressed during calorie restriction. Screening for interventions which produce the same expression profile will provide interventions that increase life span. In a further aspect, it has been discovered that test animals on a calorie restricted diet for a relatively short time have a similar gene expression profile to test animals which have been on a long term calorie restricted diet.

L10 ANSWER 30 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN AN 2002:102627 USPATFULL

- TI Sequence directed DNA binding molecules compositions and methods
- IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States
 Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States
 Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States
 Turin, Lisa M., Redwood City, CA, United States
 Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States
- PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
- PI US 6384208 B1 20020507
- AI US 1999-354947 19990715 (9)
- RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-482080, filed on 7 Jun 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 6010849, issued on 4 Jan 2000 Division of Ser. No. US 1993-171389, filed on 20 Dec 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5578444, issued on 26 Nov 1996 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-123936, filed on 17 Sep 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5726014, issued on 10 Mar 1998 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5693463, issued on 2 Dec 1997 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Schwartzman, Robert A.; Assistant Examiner: Davis, Katharine F.

LREP Fabian, Gary, Thrower, Larry W., Perkins Coie LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 1

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 71 Drawing Figure(s); 47 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5215

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines a DNA: protein-binding assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind DNA test sequences. The assay is versatile in that any number of test sequences can be tested by placing the test sequence adjacent to a defined protein binding screening sequence. Binding of molecules to these test sequence changes the binding characteristics of the protein molecule to its cognate binding sequence. When such a molecule binds the test sequence the equilibrium of the DNA:protein complexes is disturbed, generating changes in the concentration of free DNA probe. Numerous exemplary target test sequences (SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:600) are set forth. The assay of the present invention is also useful to characterize the preferred binding sequences of any selected DNA-binding molecule.

L10 ANSWER 31 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:72987 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer

IN Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES
 Hepler, William T., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
 Clapper, Jonathan D., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
 Wang, Aijun, Issaquah, WA, UNITED STATES
 Secrist, Heather, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002040127 A1 20020404

AI US 2001-878722 A1 20010608 (9)

PRAI US 2000-256571P 20001218 (60)

US 2000-210821P 20000609 (60)

US 2001-290240P 20010510 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 8110

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as colon cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more colon tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a colon tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as colon cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a colon tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.

L10 ANSWER 32 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:72627 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic, acids, proteins, and antibodies

IN Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002039764 A1 20020404

AI US 2001-925298 A1 20010810 (9)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2000-US5881, filed on 8 Mar 2000, UNKNOWN

PRAI US 1999-124270P 19990312 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 23

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 20087

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention relates to novel ovarian cancer and/or breast cancer related polynucleotides, the polypeptides encoded by these polynucleotides herein collectively referred to as "ovarian and/or breast antigens," and antibodies that immunospecifically bind these polypeptides, and the use of such ovarian and/or breast polynucleotides. antigens, and antibodies for detecting, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders of the reproductive system, particularly disorders of the ovaries and/or breast, including, but not limited to, the presence of ovarian and/or breast cancer and ovarian and/or breast cancer metastases. More specifically, isolated ovarian and/or breast nucleic acid molecules are provided encoding novel ovarian and/or breast polypeptides. Novel ovarian and/or breast polypeptides and antibodies that bind to these polypeptides are provided. Also provided are vectors, host cells, and recombinant and synthetic methods for producing human ovarian and/or breast polynucleotides, polypeptides, and/or antibodies. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods

useful for diagnosing, treating, preventing and/or prognosing disorders related to the ovaries and/or breast, including ovarian and/or breast cancer, and therapeutic methods for treating such disorders. The invention further relates to screening methods for identifying agonists and antagonists of polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. The invention further relates to methods and/or compositions for inhibiting or promoting the production and/or function of the polypeptides of the invention.

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L10 ANSWER 33 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:37305 USPATFULL
TI Method of regulating transcription in a cell
IN Emerson, Beverly M., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
PA Salk Institute for Biological Studies (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2002022021
                   A1 20020221
AI US 2001-781592 A1 20010212 (9)
PRAI US 2000-181864P 20000211 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP SCHWEGMAN, LUNDBERG, WOESSNER & KLUTH, P.A., P.O. Box 2938, Minneapolis,
   MN, 55402
CLMN Number of Claims: 37
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 6 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1462
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB The present invention provides methods and compounds for altering
   remodeling of chromatin in a cell.
L10 ANSWER 34 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2001:218486 USPATFULL
     ***ANTIMICROBIAL*** ***HISTONE***
                                              ***H1*** COMPOSITIONS,
   KITS, AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF
IN CLASS, REINER J. W., DREXEL HILL, PA, United States
   HAND, CHRISTOPHER M., WAYNE, PA, United States
PI US 2001046976
                    A1 20011129
   US 6565854
                  B2 20030520
AI US 1999-372500 A1 19990811 (9)
PRAI US 1998-96382P 19980813 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP AKIN, GUMP, STRAUSS, HAUER & FELD, L.L.P., ONE COMMERCE SQUARE, 2005
   MARKET STREET, SUITE 2200, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 20
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 9 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1443
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
    The invention includes antibiotic pharmaceutical compositions comprising
    ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein and methods of
   using ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1*** protein to
   kill or to inhibit the growth of microorganisms, including, but not
   limited to, human pathogenic bacteria. The invention further includes a
                                   ***H1*** -containing animal feed
    ***eukaryotic***
                    ***histone***
   and methods of improving growth of an animal by supplying the feed to
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the animal. The invention still further includes a kit comprising a

eukaryotic ***histone*** ***H1*** -containing antibiotic
pharmaceutical composition and an instructional material which describes
the use of the composition. In addition, the invention includes a
vaccine comprising a ***eukaryotic*** ***histone*** ***H1***
protein and a method of vaccinating an animal using the vaccine.

L10 ANSWER 35 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:123570 USPATFULL

TI DNA fragmentation factor involved in apoptosis

IN Wang, Xiaodong, Dallas, TX, United States Liu, Xueson, Dallas, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2001011078 A1 20010802

AI US 2000-748451 A1 20001222 (9)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1998-61702, filed on 16 Apr 1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6165737

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Gina N. Shishima, Esq., FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI, 600 Congress Avenue, Suite 1900, Austin, TX, 78701

CLMN Number of Claims: 100

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 1 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5190

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides methods and compositions relating to DNA Fragmentation Factor (DFF) polypeptides and related nucleic acids. More particularly, the present invention provides the sequence for the active subunit of DFF. The polypeptides may be produced recombinantly from host cells transformed from the disclosed DFF encoding nucleic acids or purified from human cells. The invention provides isolated DFF hybridization probes and primers capable of specifically hybridization with the disclosed DFF genes, DFF-specific binding agents such as specific antibodies, and methods of making and using the subject compositions.

L10 ANSWER 36 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:44433 USPATFULL

TI Adenosine deaminase deficient transgenic mice and methods for the use thereof

IN Kellems, Rodney E., Houston, TX, United States Datta, Surjit K., Houston, TX, United States Blackburn, Michael R., Pearland, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6207876 B1 20010327

AI US 1999-301665 19990428 (9)

PRAI US 1998-83408P 19980429 (60)

US 1998-83370P 19980428 (60)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: LeGuyader, John L.; Assistant Examiner: Kaushal, Sumesh

LREP Fulbright Jaworski, LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 15 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 19 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 6595

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to the production of adenosine deaminase (ADA) deficient mice and the use of such mice as an animal model for dysfunctions associated with elevated adenosine levels. Also, provided by the present invention are methods of treating dysfunctions associated with elevated adenosine levels and methods of screening compounds for pharmaceutical activity in the treatment of dysfunctions associated with elevated adenosine levels.

L10 ANSWER 37 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:29329 USPATFULL

TI Recombinant expression of proteins from secretory cell lines

IN Newgard, Christopher B., Dallas, TX, United States

Halban, Philippe, Geneva, Switzerland

Normington, Karl D., Dallas, TX, United States

Clark, Samuel A., Rockwell, TX, United States

Thigpen, Anice E., Dallas, TX, United States

Quaade, Christian, Dallas, TX, United States

Kruse, Fred, Dallas, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

Betagene, Inc., Dallas, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6194176 B1 20010227

AI US 1997-785271 19970117 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-589028, filed on 19 Jan 1996

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Campbell, Eggerton A.

LREP Arnold, White & Durkee

CLMN Number of Claims: 59

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 35 Drawing Figure(s); 29 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7541

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention a provides methods for production of heterologous polypeptides using a variety recombinantly engineered secretory cell lines. The common feature of these cell lines is the absence of expression of at least one endogenous polypeptide. The host cell machinery normally used to produce the endogenous polypeptide is then usurped for the purpose of making the heterologous polypeptide. Also described are methods engineering cells for high level expression, methods of large scale protein production, and methods for treatment of disease in vivo using viral delivery systems and recombinant cell lines.

L10 ANSWER 38 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:174366 USPATFULL

TI DNA fragmentation factor involved in apoptosis

IN Wang, Xiaodong, Dallas, TX, United States Liu, Xuesong, Dallas, TX, United States

PA The University of Texas System Board of Regents, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6165737

20001226

AI US 1998-61702

19980416 (9)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Achutamurthy, Ponnathapu; Assistant Examiner: Moore, William W.

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski L.L.P.

CLMN Number of Claims: 20

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5176

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides methods and compositions relating to DNA Fragmentation Factor (DFF) polypeptides and related nucleic acids. More particularly, the present invention provides the sequence for the active subunit of DFF. The polylpeptides may be produced recombinantly from host cells transformed from the disclosed DFF encoding nucleic acids or purified from human cells. The invention provides isolated DFF hybridization probes and primers capable of specifically hybridization with the disclosed DFF genes, DFF-specific binding agents such as specific antibodies, and methods of making and using the subject compositions.

L10 ANSWER 39 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:113735 USPATFULL

TI Recombinant expression of proteins from secretory cell lines

IN Newgard, Christopher B., Dallas, TX, United States

Halban, Philippe, Geneva, Switzerland

Normington, Karl D., Dallas, TX, United States

Clark, Samuel A., Rockwall, TX, United States

Thigpen, Anice E., Dallas, TX, United States

Quaade, Christian, Dallas, TX, United States

Kruse, Fred, Dallas, TX, United States

McGarry, Dennis, Dallas, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

Betagene, Inc., Dallas, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6110707

20000829

AI US 1997-784582

19970117 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-589028, filed on 19 Jan 1996

PRAI US 1996-28279P 19961011 (60)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Campbell, Eggerton A.

LREP Arnold, White & Durkee

CLMN Number of Claims: 41

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 39 Drawing Figure(s); 31 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10089

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention a provides methods for production of heterologous polypeptides, for example amylin, using recombinantly engineered cell lines. Also described are methods engineering cells for high level expression, methods of large scale heterologous protein production, methods for treatment of disease in vivo using viral delivery systems

and recombinant cell lines, and methods for isolating novel amylin receptors.

L10 ANSWER 40 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:1692 USPATFULL

TI Sequence-directed DNA binding molecules compositions and methods

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States Turin, Lisa M., Redwood City, CA, United States

Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6010849

20000104

AI US 1995-482080

19950607 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1993-171389, filed on 20 Dec 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5578444 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-123936, filed on 17 Sep 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5726014 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5693463 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Degen, Nancy; Assistant Examiner: Schwartzman, Robert

LREP Fabin, Gary R.Dehlinger & Associates

CLMN Number of Claims: 11 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 48 Drawing Figure(s); 47 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10022

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines a DNA:protein-binding assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind DNA test sequences. The assay is versatile in that any number of test sequences can be tested by placing the test sequence adjacent to a defined protein binding screening sequence. Binding of molecules to these test sequence changes the binding characteristics of the protein molecule to its cognate binding sequence. When such a molecule binds the test sequence the equilibrium of the DNA:protein complexes is disturbed, generating changes in the concentration of free DNA probe. Numerous exemplary target test sequences (SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:600) are set forth. The assay of the present invention is also useful to characterize the preferred binding sequences of any selected DNA-binding molecule.

L10 ANSWER 41 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1999:18912 USPATFULL

TI Method of determining DNA sequence preference of a DNA-binding molecule

Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States
 Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States
 Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States
 Turin, Lisa M., Redwood City, CA, United States
 Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5869241 19990209

AI US 1995-475228 19950607 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1993-171389, filed on 20 Dec 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5578444 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-123936, filed on 17 Sep 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5726014 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5693463 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Zitomer, Stepanie W.; Assistant Examiner: Whisenant, Ethan

LREP Fabian, Gary R., Stratford, Carol A., Dehlinger, Peter J.

CLMN Number of Claims: 11

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 72 Drawing Figure(s); 47 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 9840

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines a DNA:protein-binding assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind DNA test sequences. The assay is versatile in that any number of test sequences can be tested by placing the test sequence adjacent to a defined protein binding screening sequence. Binding of molecules to these test sequence changes the binding characteristics of the protein molecule to its cognate binding sequence. When such a molecule binds the test sequence the equilibrium of the DNA:protein complexes is disturbed, generating changes in the concentration of free DNA probe. Numerous exemplary target test sequences (SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:600) are set forth. The assay of the present invention is also useful to characterize the preferred binding sequences of any selected DNA-binding molecule.

L10 ANSWER 42 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:44877 USPATFULL

TI Sequence-directed DNA-binding molecules compositions and methods

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United StatesFry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United StatesCantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States

Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5744131 19980428

AI US 1995-476876 19950607 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Zitomer, Stephanie W.; Assistant Examiner: Atzel, Amy

LREP Fabian, Gary R., Stratford, Carol A., Dehlinger, Peter J.

CLMN Number of Claims: 3

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 48 Drawing Figure(s); 33 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5113

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines an assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind specific DNA test sequences. The assay is also useful for determining the sequence specificity and relative DNA-binding affinity of DNA-binding molecules for any particular DNA sequence. Also described herein are potential applications of the assay, including: 1) the detection of lead compounds or new drugs via the mass screening of libraries of synthetic or biological compounds (i.e., fermentation broths); 2) the design of sequence-specific DNA-binding drugs comprised of homo- or hetero-meric subunits of molecules for which the sequence specificity was determined using the assay; and 3) the use of molecules for which sequence specificity was determined using the assay as covalently attached moieties to aid in the binding of nucleic acid or other macromolecular polymers to nucleic acid sequences.

L10 ANSWER 43 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:39383 USPATFULL

TI Sequence-directed DNA-binding molecules compositions and methods

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States
Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States
Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States
Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5738990

19980414

AI US 1995-475221

19950607 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Guzo, David; Assistant Examiner: Brusca, John S.

LREP Fabian, Gary R., Stratford, Carol A., Dehlinger, Peter J.

CLMN Number of Claims: 5

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 48 Drawing Figure(s); 33 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5040

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines an assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind specific DNA test sequences. The assay is also useful for determining the sequence specificity and relative DNA-binding affinity of DNA-binding molecules for any particular DNA sequence. Also described herein are potential applications of the assay, including: 1) the detection of lead compounds or new drugs via the mass screening of libraries of synthetic or biological compounds (i.e., fermentation broths); 2) the design of sequence-specific DNA-binding drugs comprised of homo- or hetero-meric subunits of molecules for which the sequence specificity was determined using the assay; and 3) the use of molecules for which sequence specificity was determined using the assay as covalently attached moieties to aid in the binding of nucleic acid or other macromolecular polymers to nucleic acid sequences.

AN 1998:33942 USPATFULL

TI Inhibitors of cyclin dependent kinases

IN Mansuri, Muzammil M., Lexington, MA, United StatesMurthi, Krishna K., Waltham, MA, United StatesPal, Kollol, Needham, MA, United States

PA Mitotix, Inc., Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5733920

19980331

AI US 1995-551031

19951031 (8)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Ivy, C. Warren; Assistant Examiner: Dahlen, Garth M.

LREP Foley, Hoag & Eliot, LLP CLMN Number of Claims: 37 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 3 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1951

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides novel inhibitors of cyclin-dependent kinases, in particular inhibitors of the CDK/cyclin complexes such as CDK4/cyclin D1. The novel compounds are analogs of chromones. These compounds can be used for inhibiting excessive or abnormal cell proliferation. Thus, the novel compounds are useful for treating a subject with a disorder associated with excessive cell proliferation, such as cancer.

L10 ANSWER 45 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:25075 USPATFULL

TI Screening assay for the detection of DNA-binding molecules

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States Andrews, Beth M., Watertown, MA, United States Turin, Lisa M., Berkeley, CA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5726014

19980310

AI US 1993-123936

19930917 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Jones, W. Gary; Assistant Examiner: Atzel, Amy

LREP Fabian, Gary R., Stratford, Carol A., Dehlinger, Peter J.

CLMN Number of Claims: 19

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 72 Drawing Figure(s); 47 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5659

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines a DNA:protein-binding assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind DNA test sequences. The assay is versatile in that any number of test sequences can be tested by placing the test sequence adjacent to a defined protein binding screening sequence. Binding of molecules to these test sequence changes the binding characteristics of the protein molecule to its cognate binding sequence. When such a molecule binds the test sequence the equilibrium of the DNA:protein

complexes is disturbed, generating changes in the concentration of free DNA probe. Numerous exemplary target test sequences (SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:600) are set forth. The assay of the present invention is also useful to characterize the preferred binding sequences of any selected DNA-binding molecule.

L10 ANSWER 46 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:14634 USPATFULL

TI Method of constructing sequence-specific DNA-binding molecules

Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States
 Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States
 Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States
 Andrews, Beth M., Watertown, MA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

DI LIC 571670

PI US 5716780

19980210

AI US 1995-484499

19950607 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Jones, W. Gary; Assistant Examiner: Atzel, Amy LREP Fabian, Gary R., Stratford, Carol A., Dehlinger, Peter J.

CLMN Number of Claims: 9

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 48 Drawing Figure(s); 33 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4929

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines an assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind specific DNA test sequences. The assay is also useful for determining the sequence specificity and relative DNA-binding affinity of DNA-binding molecules for any particular DNA sequence. Also described herein are potential applications of the assay, including: 1) the detection of lead compounds or new drugs via the mass screening of libraries of synthetic or biological compounds (i.e., fermentation broths); 2) the design of sequence-specific DNA-binding drugs comprised of homo- or hetero-meric subunits of molecules for which the sequence specificity was determined using the assay; and 3) the use of molecules for which sequence specificity was determined using the assay as covalently attached moieties to aid in the binding of nucleic acid or other macromolecular polymers to nucleic acid sequences.

L10 ANSWER 47 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 97:112300 USPATFULL

TI Method of ordering sequence binding preferences of a DNA-binding molecule

IN Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States4)

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5693463

19971202

AI US 1992-996783

19921223 (7)

DCD 20110426

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Zitomer, Stephanie W.; Assistant Examiner: Atzel, Amy

LREP Fabian, Gary R., Stratford, Carol A., Dehlinger, Peter J.

CLMN Number of Claims: 3 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 48 Drawing Figure(s); 33 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4908

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines an assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their ability to bind specific DNA test sequences. The assay is also useful for determining the sequence specificity and relative DNA-binding affinity of DNA-binding molecules for any particular DNA sequence. Also described herein are potential applications of the assay, including: 1) the detection of lead compounds or new drugs via the mass screening of libraries of synthetic or biological compounds (i.e., fermentation broths); 2) the design of sequence-specific DNA-binding drugs comprised of homo- or hetero-meric subunits of molecules for which the sequence specificity was determined using the assay; and 3) the use of molecules for which sequence specificity was determined using the assay as covalently attached moieties to aid in the binding of nucleic acid or other macromolecular polymers to nucleic acid sequences.

L10 ANSWER 48 OF 48 USPATFULL on STN

AN 96:108816 USPATFULL

TI Sequence-directed DNA-binding molecules compositions and methods

Edwards, Cynthia A., Menlo Park, CA, United States
 Cantor, Charles R., Boston, MA, United States
 Andrews, Beth M., Maynard, MA, United States
 Turin, Lisa M., Redwood City, CA, United States
 Fry, Kirk E., Palo Alto, CA, United States

PA Genelabs Technologies, Inc., Redwood City, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5578444

19961126

AI US 1993-171389

19931220 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-123936, filed on 17 Sep 1993 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-996783, filed on 23 Dec 1992 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-723618, filed on 27 Jun 1991, now abandoned

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Zitomer, Stephanie W.; Assistant Examiner: Atzel, Amy

LREP Fabian, Gary R., Brookes, Allen A., Stratford, Carol A.

CLMN Number of Claims: 15

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 71 Drawing Figure(s); 48 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5845

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention defines a DNA:protein-binding assay useful for screening libraries of synthetic or biological compounds for their

ability to bind DNA test sequences. The assay is versatile in that any number of test sequences can be tested by placing the test sequence adjacent to a defined protein binding screening sequence. Binding of molecules to these test sequence changes the binding characteristics of the protein molecule to its cognate binding sequence. When such a molecule binds the test sequence the equilibrium of the DNA:protein complexes is disturbed, generating changes in the concentration of free DNA probe. Numerous exemplary target test sequences (SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:600) are set forth. The assay of the present invention is also useful to characterize the preferred binding sequences of any selected DNA-binding molecule.

```
=> s l8 and (personal care?)
L12
        0 L8 AND (PERSONAL CARE?)
=> s 18 and (cream or lotion or deodorant or lipstick or toothpaste or floss or mouthwash or tampon or insole)
       36 L8 AND (CREAM OR LOTION OR DEODORANT OR LIPSTICK OR TOOTHPASTE
       OR FLOSS OR MOUTHWASH OR TAMPON OR INSOLE)
=> d bib 1-
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 36 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y
L13 ANSWER 1 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN 2001:115183 CAPLUS
DN 134:168376
TI ***Antimicrobial***
                        ***histone***
                                      ***H1*** compositions, kits,
  and methods of use thereof
IN Class, Reiner; Zeppezauer, Michael
PA Symbiotec Gm.b.H., Germany; Philadelphia Health and Education Corp.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.
  CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
                                   APPLICATION NO. DATE
  PATENT NO.
                 KIND DATE
PI WO 2001010901 A2 20010215
                                   WO 2000-US21747 20000809
  WO 2001010901 A3 20010809
  WO 2001010901 C2 20020912
    W: CA, JP, US
    RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
  US 2001046976 A1 20011129
                                  US 1999-372500 19990811
  US 6565854
                B2 20030520
  EP 1200463
                A2 20020502
                                EP 2000-957347 20000809
    R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
      IE, FI, CY
PRAI US 1999-372500 A 19990811
  US 1998-96382P P 19980813
  WO 2000-US21747 W 20000809
L13 ANSWER 2 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:215360 USPATFULL
TI Transgenic animals expressing light-emitting fusion proteins and
   diagnostic and therapeutic methods therefor
IN Kaelin, William G., JR., Boston, MA, UNITED STATES
   Livingston, David M., Brookline, MA, UNITED STATES
   Kim, Tae-You, Seoul, KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
PI US 2003150005
                    A1 20030807
AI US 2002-287670 A1 20021104 (10)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-101662, filed on 19 Mar 2002,
   PENDING
PRAI US 2001-277425P 20010320 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP MINTZ, LEVIN, COHN, FERRIS, GLOVSKY, AND POPEO, P.C., ONE FINANCIAL
   CENTER, BOSTON, MA, 02111
CLMN Number of Claims: 18
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
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DRWN 30 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 3741

L13 ANSWER 3 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:207194 USPATFULL

TI Novel compositions and methods for the identification, assessment, prevention and therapy of human cancers

IN Clark, Edwin, Ashland, MA, UNITED STATES

Grenfell-Lee, Tallessyn, Cambridge, MA, UNITED STATES

Lu, Karen, Houston, TX, UNITED STATES

Hartmann, Lynn, Rochester, MN, UNITED STATES

Brown, Jeffrey L., Arlington, MA, UNITED STATES

PA Millennium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Cambridge, MA, UNITED STATES, 02139 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003143552 A1 20030731

AI US 2002-71510 A1 20020208 (10)

PRAI US 2001-267276P 20010208 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP LAHIVE & COCKFIELD, 28 STATE STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02109

CLMN Number of Claims: 69

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 4574

L13 ANSWER 4 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:159828 USPATFULL

TI Diagnosing, treating, and preventing cancer using cables

IN Rueda, Bo R., Windham, NH, UNITED STATES

Zukerberg, Lawrence R., Newton, MA, UNITED STATES

Wu, Chin-Lee, Newton, MA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003109443 A1 20030612

AI US 2002-262480 A1 20021001 (10)

PRAI US 2001-326465P 20011001 (60)

US 2002-356685P 20020214 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP CLARK & ELBING LLP, 101 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02110

CLMN Number of Claims: 54

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 32 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2685

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 5 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:159819 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of kidney cancer

IN Algate, Paul A., Issaquah, WA, UNITED STATES

Mannion, Jane, Edmonds, WA, UNITED STATES

Gaiger, Alexander, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Gordon, Brian, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Harlocker, Susan L., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003109434 A1 20030612

AI US 2002-102524 A1 20020319 (10)

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20011221 (60)
PRAI US 2001-343340P
   US 2001-277245P
                     20010319 (60)
DT
    Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,
   SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092
CLMN Number of Claims: 17
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 8067
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L13 ANSWER 6 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:146199 USPATFULL
TI Combination therapy involving drugs which target cellular proteins and
   drugs which target pathogen-encoded proteins
IN Schaffer, Priscilla A., Boston, MA, UNITED STATES
   Schang, Luis M., Edmonton, CANADA
PI US 2003099944
                    A1 20030529
AI US 2000-905687
                    A1 20001206 (9)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-951058, filed on 12 Sep 2000,
   PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-656592, filed on 7 Sep.
   2000, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1999-US16252, filed on 16 Jul
   1999, PENDING
PRAI US 1998-94805P
                       19980731 (60)
   US 1999-131264P
                     19990427 (60)
   US 1999-140926P
                     19990624 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA,
   19103-2921
CLMN Number of Claims: 20
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 38 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 4046
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L13 ANSWER 7 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:140406 USPATFULL
TI Human cDNAs and proteins and uses thereof
   Bejanin, Stephane, Paris, FRANCE
   Tanaka, Hiroaki, Antony, FRANCE
PA GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation)
PI US 2003096247
                    A1 20030522
AI US 2001-986
                   A1 20011114 (10)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2001-924340, filed on 6 Aug 2001, PENDING
PRAI WO 2001-IB1715
                        20010806
   US 2001-305456P 20010713 (60)
   US 2001-302277P
                     20010629 (60)
   US 2001-298698P
                     20010615 (60)
   US 2001-293574P
                     20010525 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., GENSET CORP., 10665 Sorrento Valley Road, San
   Diego, CA, 92121-1609
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CLMN Number of Claims: 13 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 25656

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 8 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:133926 USPATFULL

TI Human cDNAs and proteins and uses thereof

IN Bejanin, Stephane, Paris, FRANCE Tanaka, Hiroaki, Antony, FRANCE

PA GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003092011 A1 20030515

AI US 2001-489 A1 20011114 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2001-924340, filed on 6 Aug 2001, PENDING

PRAI WO 2001-IB1715 20010806

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., GENSET CORP., 10665 Sorrento Valley Road, San Diego, CA, 92121-1609

CLMN Number of Claims: 13

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 25607

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 9 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:106233 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of pancreatic cancer

IN Benson, Darin R., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Kalos, Michael D., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Lodes, Michael J., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Persing, David H., Redmond, WA, UNITED STATES

Hepler, William T., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003073144 A1 20030417

AI US 2002-60036 A1 20020130 (10)

PRAI US 2001-333626P 20011127 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 14253

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 10 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:86849 USPATFULL

TI Cellular proteins as targets for the treatment of pathogens resistant to drugs that target pathogen-encoded proteins

IN Schaffer, Priscilla A., Boston, MA, UNITED STATES

Schang, Luis M., Edmonton, CANADA PI US 2003060457 A1 20030327 AI US 2000-905695 A1 20001206 (9) RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-951058, filed on 12 Sep 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-656592, filed on 7 Sep. 2000, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1999-US16252, filed on 16 Jul 1999, PENDING PRAI US 1998-94805P 19980731 (60) US 1999-131264P 19990427 (60) US 1999-140926P 19990624 (60) DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921 CLMN Number of Claims: 16 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 38 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 3979 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L13 ANSWER 11 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN AN 2003:71317 USPATFULL TI Inhibitors of microbial gene expression replication and pathogenesis Schaffer, Priscilla A., Boston, MA, UNITED STATES Schang, Luis M., Edmonton, CANADA Jordan, Robert, Erdenheim, PA, UNITED STATES PI US 2003049602 A1 20030313 AI US 2000-905689 A1 20001206 (9) RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-951058, filed on 12 Sep 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-656592, filed on 7 Sep. 2000, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1999-US16252, filed on 16 Jul 1999, PENDING PRAI US 1998-94805P 19980731 (60) US 1999-131264P 19990427 (60) US 1999-140926P 19990624 (60) DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921 CLMN Number of Claims: 73 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 37 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 4213 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L13 ANSWER 12 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN AN 2003:37603 USPATFULL TI Human cDNAs and proteins and uses thereof IN Bejanin, Stephane, Paris, FRANCE Tanaka, Hiroaki, Antony, FRANCE PA GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation) PI US 2003027248 A1 20030206 AI US 2001-924340 A1 20010806 (9) PRAI US 2001-305456P 20010713 (60) US 2001-302277P 20010629 (60)

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US 2001-298698P
                     20010615 (60)
   US 2001-293574P
                    20010525 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP GENSET, JOHN LUCAS, PHD, J.D., 10665 SORRENTO VALLEY RD, SAN DIEGO, CA,
CLMN Number of Claims: 13
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 25650
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L13 ANSWER 13 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:37516 USPATFULL
TI Human cDNAs and proteins and uses thereof
IN Bejanin, Stephane, Paris, FRANCE
   Tanaka, Hiroaki, Antony, FRANCE
PA GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation)
PI US 2003027161 A1 20030206
AI US 2001-992600 A1 20011113 (9)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2001-924340, filed on 6 Aug 2001, PENDING
PRAI WO 2001-IB1715 20010806
   US 2001-305456P 20010713 (60)
   US 2001-302277P 20010629 (60)
   US 2001-298698P
                    20010615 (60)
   US 2001-293574P
                    20010525 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., GENSET CORP., 10665 Sorrento Valley Road, San
   Diego, CA, 92121-1609
CLMN Number of Claims: 13
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 25529
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L13 ANSWER 14 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:30251 USPATFULL
TI Light-emitting fusion proteins and diagnostic and therapeutic methods
IN Kaelin, William G., JR., Boston, MA, UNITED STATES
   Livingston, David M., Brookline, MA, UNITED STATES
   Kim, Tae-You, Seoul, KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
PI US 2003022198
                   A1 20030130
AI US 2002-101662 A1 20020319 (10)
PRAI US 2001-277425P 20010320 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP Ivor R. Elrifi, Ph.D., MINTZ, LEVIN, COHN, FERRIS,, GLOVSKY and POPEO,
   P.C., One Financial Center, Boston, MA, 02111
CLMN Number of Claims: 65
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 28 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3094
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
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L13 ANSWER 15 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN AN 2003:23331 USPATFULL TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer IN Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation) PI US 2003017167 A1 20030123 AI US 2001-904456 A1 20010711 (9) RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-878722, filed on 8 Jun 2001, **PENDING** PRAI US 2001-290240P 20010510 (60) US 2000-256571P 20001218 (60) US 2000-210821P 20000609 (60) DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092 CLMN Number of Claims: 17 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 8237 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L13 ANSWER 16 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN AN 2002:344628 USPATFULL TI Compositions and methods for the detection, diagnosis and therapy of hematological malignancies IN Gaiger, Alexander, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES Algate, Paul A., Issaquah, WA, UNITED STATES Mannion, Jane, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES PI US 2002198362 A1 20021226 AI US 2001-796692 A1 20010301 (9) PRAI US 2000-223378P 20000807 (60) DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834 CLMN Number of Claims: 100 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 19014 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L13 ANSWER 17 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN AN 2002:337379 USPATFULL TI Pharmaceuticals and methods for treating hypoxia and screening methods therefor IN Kaelin, William G., JR., Boston, MA, UNITED STATES Ivan, Mircea, Cambridge, MA, UNITED STATES PI US 2002192737 A1 20021219 AI US 2002-101812 A1 20020319 (10) PRAI US 2001-277425P 20010320 (60) DT Utility FS APPLICATION

LREP Ivor R. Elrifi, MINTZ, LEVIN, COHN, FERRIS,, GLOVSKY and POPEO, P.C.,

One Financial Center, Boston, MA, 02111

CLMN Number of Claims: 54

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 27 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3858

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 18 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:329447 USPATFULL

TI Methods for viral oncoapoptosis in cancer therapy

IN Blaho, John A., New York, NY, UNITED STATES Aubert, Martine, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

PA Mount Sinai School of Medicine (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002187126 A1 20021212

AI US 2002-118655 A1 20020408 (10)

PRAI US 2001-282214P 20010406 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP DARBY & DARBY P.C., P. O. BOX 5257, NEW YORK, NY, 10150-5257

CLMN Number of Claims: 40

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 1772

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 19 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:310941 USPATFULL

TI Suppression of cyclin kinase 2 activity for prevention and treatment of DNA viral infections

IN Albrecht, Thomas, Galveston, TX, United States

Thompson, Aubrey E., Dickinson, TX, United States

Bresnahan, Wade, Plainsboro, NJ, United States

Meijer, Laurent, Roscoff, FRANCE

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6486166 B1 20021126

AI US 1999-389830 19990903 (9)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. WO 1998-US4154, filed on 2 Mar 1998

PRAI US 1997-38126P 19970303 (60)

DT Utility

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Webman, Edward J.

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski

CLMN Number of Claims: 27

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 30 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1990

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 20 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:294709 USPATFULL

TI 47508, a novel human ***histone*** deacetylase family member and uses thereof

IN Meyers, Rachel A., Newton, MA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002164752 A1 20021107

AI US 2001-911150 A1 20010723 (9) PRAI US 2000-220008P 20000721 (60) DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP LOUIS MYERS, Fish & Richardson P.C., 225 Franklin Street, Boston, MA, 02110-2804 CLMN Number of Claims: 20 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 4 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 5104 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L13 ANSWER 21 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN AN 2002:272801 USPATFULL TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer IN Stolk, John A., Bothell, WA, UNITED STATES Xu, Jiangchun, Bellevue, WA, UNITED STATES Chenault, Ruth A., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES Meagher, Madeleine Joy, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation) PI US 2002150922 A1 20021017 AI US 2001-998598 A1 20011116 (9) PRAI US 2001-304037P 20010710 (60) US 2001-279670P 20010328 (60) US 2001-267011P 20010206 (60) US 2000-252222P 20001120 (60) DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092 CLMN Number of Claims: 17 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 9233 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L13 ANSWER 22 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN AN 2002:235495 USPATFULL TI Novel cark protein and nucleic acid molecules and uses therefor IN Raju, Jeyaseelan, Acton, MA, UNITED STATES PI US 2002127684 A1 20020912 AI US 2001-947199 A1 20010905 (9) RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-458457, filed on 10 Dec 1999, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-291839, filed on 14 Apr 1999, PATENTED PRAI US 1998-111938P 19981211 (60) DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP LAHIVE & COCKFIELD, 28 STATE STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02109 CLMN Number of Claims: 26 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 35 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 5319 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 23 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN AN 2002:191539 USPATFULL TI Full-length human cDNAs encoding potentially secreted proteins IN Milne Edwards, Jean-Baptiste Dumas, Paris, FRANCE Bougueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND Jobert, Severin, Paris, FRANCE PI US 2002102604 A1 20020801 AI US 2000-731872 A1 20001207 (9) PRAI US 1999-169629P 19991208 (60) US 2000-187470P 20000306 (60) DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., Genset Corporation, 10665 Srrento Valley Road, San Diego, CA, 92121-1609 CLMN Number of Claims: 29 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 28061 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L13 ANSWER 24 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN AN 2002:157600 USPATFULL TI Treatment of inflammation with p20 Brigham, Kenneth L., Nashville, TN, UNITED STATES Stecenko, Arlene A., Nashville, TN, UNITED STATES Sealy, Linda, Brentwood, TN, UNITED STATES PI US 2002082204 A1 20020627 AI US 2001-789836 A1 20010220 (9) PRAI US 2000-183584P 20000218 (60) DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP WADDEY & PATTERSON, 414 UNION STREET, SUITE 2020, BANK OF AMERICA PLAZA, NASHVILLE, TN, 37219 CLMN Number of Claims: 23 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 30 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 4639 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L13 ANSWER 25 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN AN 2002:122614 USPATFULL Sensitization of HER-2/neu overexpressing cancer cells to chemotherapy IN Hung, Mien-Chie, Houston, TX, United States Ueno, Naoto T., Houston, TX, United States PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation) PI US 6395712 B1 20020528 WO 9735012 19970925 AI US 1997-809021 19970319 (8) WO 1997-US3830 19970319 19970319 PCT 371 date PRAI US 1996-13750P 19960320 (60) DT Utility FS **GRANTED** EXNAM Primary Examiner: Crouch, Deborah

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 42
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 84 Drawing Figure(s); 45 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 5197
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 26 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:72987 USPATFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer

IN Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES

Hepler, William T., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Clapper, Jonathan D., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Wang, Aijun, Issaquah, WA, UNITED STATES

Secrist, Heather, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002040127 A1 20020404

AI US 2001-878722 A1 20010608 (9)

PRAI US 2000-256571P 20001218 (60)

US 2000-210821P 20000609 (60)

US 2001-290240P 20010510 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 8110

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 27 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:66885 USPATFULL

TI Compositions, kits, and methods for identification, assessment, prevention, and therapy of psoriasis

IN Trepicchio, William L., Andover, MA, UNITED STATES

Oestreicher, Judith L., Portsmouth, NH, UNITED STATES

Dorner, Andrew J., Lexington, MA, UNITED STATES

Krueger, James G., New York, NY, UNITED STATES

PI US 2002037538 A1 20020328

AI US 2001-852400 A1 20010509 (9)

PRAI US 2000-203087P 20000509 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP LAHIVE & COCKFIELD, 28 STATE STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02109

CLMN Number of Claims: 47

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 12 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 6087

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

- L13 ANSWER 28 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN
- AN 2002:37305 USPATFULL
- TI Method of regulating transcription in a cell
- IN Emerson, Beverly M., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
- PA Salk Institute for Biological Studies (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2002022021 A1 20020221 AI US 2001-781592 A1 20010212 (9) PRAI US 2000-181864P 20000211 (60) DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP SCHWEGMAN, LUNDBERG, WOESSNER & KLUTH, P.A., P.O. Box 2938, Minneapolis, MN, 55402 CLMN Number of Claims: 37 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 6 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 1462 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L13 ANSWER 29 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN AN 2001:218486 USPATFULL ***H1*** COMPOSITIONS, ***ANTIMICROBIAL*** ***HISTONE*** KITS, AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF IN CLASS, REINER J. W., DREXEL HILL, PA, United States HAND, CHRISTOPHER M., WAYNE, PA, United States PI US 2001046976 A1 20011129 US 6565854 B2 20030520 AI US 1999-372500 A1 19990811 (9) PRAI US 1998-96382P 19980813 (60) DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP AKIN, GUMP, STRAUSS, HAUER & FELD, L.L.P., ONE COMMERCE SQUARE, 2005 MARKET STREET, SUITE 2200, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103 CLMN Number of Claims: 20 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 9 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 1443 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. L13 ANSWER 30 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN AN 2001:123570 USPATFULL TI DNA fragmentation factor involved in apoptosis IN Wang, Xiaodong, Dallas, TX, United States Liu, Xueson, Dallas, TX, United States PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System (U.S. corporation) PI US 2001011078 A1 20010802 AI US 2000-748451 A1 20001222 (9) RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1998-61702, filed on 16 Apr 1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6165737 DT Utility FS APPLICATION LREP Gina N. Shishima, Esq., FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI, 600 Congress Avenue, Suite 1900, Austin, TX, 78701 CLMN Number of Claims: 100 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 1 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 5190 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 31 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2001:29329 USPATFULL

TI Recombinant expression of proteins from secretory cell lines

IN Newgard, Christopher B., Dallas, TX, United States

Halban, Philippe, Geneva, Switzerland

Normington, Karl D., Dallas, TX, United States

Clark, Samuel A., Rockwell, TX, United States

Thigpen, Anice E., Dallas, TX, United States

Quaade, Christian, Dallas, TX, United States

Kruse, Fred, Dallas, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

Betagene, Inc., Dallas, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6194176 B1 20010227

AI US 1997-785271

19970117 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-589028, filed on 19 Jan 1996

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Campbell, Eggerton A.

LREP Arnold, White & Durkee CLMN Number of Claims: 59

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 35 Drawing Figure(s); 29 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7541

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 32 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:174366 USPATFULL

TI DNA fragmentation factor involved in apoptosis

IN Wang, Xiaodong, Dallas, TX, United States Liu, Xuesong, Dallas, TX, United States

PA The University of Texas System Board of Regents, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6165737

20001226

AI US 1998-61702

19980416 (9)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Achutamurthy, Ponnathapu; Assistant Examiner: Moore, William W.

LREP Fulbright & Jaworski L.L.P.

CLMN Number of Claims: 20

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 5176

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 33 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:113735 USPATFULL

TI Recombinant expression of proteins from secretory cell lines

IN Newgard, Christopher B., Dallas, TX, United States

Halban, Philippe, Geneva, Switzerland

Normington, Karl D., Dallas, TX, United States

Clark, Samuel A., Rockwall, TX, United States

Thigpen, Anice E., Dallas, TX, United States

Quaade, Christian, Dallas, TX, United States

Kruse, Fred, Dallas, TX, United States

McGarry, Dennis, Dallas, TX, United States

PA Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

Betagene, Inc., Dallas, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6110707

20000829

AI US 1997-784582

19970117 (8)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-589028, filed on 19 Jan 1996

PRAI US 1996-28279P 19961011 (60)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Campbell, Eggerton A.

LREP Arnold, White & Durkee CLMN Number of Claims: 41

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 39 Drawing Figure(s); 31 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10089

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 34 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2000:87959 USPATFULL

TI Recombinant expression of proteins from secretory cell lines

IN Newgard, Christopher B., Dallas, TX, United States

Normington, Karl D., Dallas, TX, United States

Clark, Samuel A., Rockwall, TX, United States

Thigpen, Anice E., Dallas, TX, United States

Quaade, Christian, Dallas, TX, United States

Kruse, Fred, Dallas, TX, United States

PA Betagene, Inc., Dallas, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 6087129

20000711

AI US 1996-589028

19960119 (8)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Campbell, Eggerton A.

LREP Arnold, White & Durkee CLMN Number of Claims: 26

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 16 Drawing Figure(s); 17 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 6238

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 35 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:154291 USPATFULL

TI Use of ciclopirox or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for inhibiting neuronal cell damage or neuronal cell death

IN Greene, Lloyd A., Larchmont, NY, United States Farinelli, Stephen E., New York, NY, United States

PA The Trustees of Columbia University in the City of New York, New York, NY, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5846984

19981208

AI US 1996-588764

19960119 (8)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Criares, Theodore J.

LREP White, John P.Cooper & Dunham LLP

CLMN Number of Claims: 12 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 35 Drawing Figure(s); 28 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1212

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L13 ANSWER 36 OF 36 USPATFULL on STN

AN 1998:33942 USPATFULL

TI Inhibitors of cyclin dependent kinases

IN Mansuri, Muzammil M., Lexington, MA, United StatesMurthi, Krishna K., Waltham, MA, United StatesPal, Kollol, Needham, MA, United States

PA Mitotix, Inc., Cambridge, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5733920

19980331

AI US 1995-551031

19951031 (8)

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Ivy, C. Warren; Assistant Examiner: Dahlen, Garth M.

LREP Foley, Hoag & Eliot, LLP CLMN Number of Claims: 37

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 3 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1951

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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=> s 18 and (coating a medical)
L14
        0 L8 AND (COATING A MEDICAL)
\Rightarrow s 18 and ((coat?)(3w)(device?))
        1 L8 AND ((COAT?)(3W)(DEVICE?))
=> d bib
L15 ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN
    2003:106233 USPATFULL
    Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of pancreatic
   cancer
IN
    Benson, Darin R., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
   Kalos, Michael D., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
   Lodes, Michael J., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
   Persing, David H., Redmond, WA, UNITED STATES
   Hepler, William T., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
   Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES
PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2003073144
                     A1 20030417
AI US 2002-60036
                     A1 20020130 (10)
PRAI US 2001-333626P
                        20011127 (60)
   US 2001-305484P 20010712 (60)
   US 2001-265305P
                     20010130 (60)
   US 2001-267568P
                     20010209 (60)
   US 2001-313999P
                     20010820 (60)
   US 2001-291631P
                     20010516 (60)
   US 2001-287112P
                     20010428 (60)
   US 2001-278651P
                     20010321 (60)
   US 2001-265682P
                     20010131 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,
   SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092
CLMN Number of Claims: 17
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 14253
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
=> d kwic
L15 ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN
SUMM [2043] SEQ ID ***NO*** :2003 is ***the*** determined cDNA
   sequence of clone 61496359
DETD . . . chromodomain helicase DNA binding protein 1-
                     like (CHD1L)
441
        PNCM-324
                               Hu. accessory proteins BAP31/BAP29,
                        77165
   6C6-
                     Ag, CDM
442
        PNCM-326
                       77167 Hu. ***eukaryotic*** translation
   initiation factor 2, subunit
                     2 (beta, 38kD) (EIF2S2)
443
        PNCM-329
                       77169
                               Hu. uveal autoantigen
444
        PNCM-331
                       77171
                               Hu. Prosaposin
445
        PNCM-332
                       77172. . .
DETD . . . 4.34 0.163
                       0.037 8
                                    39
                                          Human Kreisler
```

maf-related leucine zipper homolog

- 4393 p0151r09c08 R0584 B4 4.44 0.393 0.089 107 40 Human ***histone*** acetyltransferase
- 4394 p0150r16c09 R0581 G5 3.55 0.238 0.067 95 41 Human coronin, actin-binding protein 1C
- 4395 p0150r14c11 R0581 C6 3.99 0.096 0.024. . . 103 43 Human X-prolyl aminopeptidase-like
- 4397 p0150r12c23 R0580 G12 4.06 0.14 0.034 75 44 Clone RP4-758N20 on chromosome 1p31.3-32
- 4398 p0150r16c02 R0581 ***H1*** 3.09 0.093 0.03 98 45 KIAA1228 protein
- 4399 p0155r10c08 R0600 D4 3.07 0.245 0.08 121 46 cDNA DKFZp586I1419
- 4400 p0150r02c05 R0578 C3. . . chromosome 19, cosmid F21856
- 4449 p0150r09c21 R0580 A11 3.49 0.169 0.048 51 96 Human false p73 target protein gene
- 4450 p0150r12c02 R0580 ***H1*** 3.31 0.173 0.052 76 97 cDNA FLJ12946 fis, clone NT2RP2005254
- 4451 p0150r03c17 R0578 E9 4.16 0.212 0.051 20 98 cDNA DKFZp434L1715

4453. . .